	INDEX OF APPLICATIONS BEING CONSIDERED							
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	Application No:	Page:		Officer:	Recomm	endation:	<u>Site:</u>	
Α	APPLICATIONS:	S REF	ERRI	ED BA	ск то	СОММІТТ	EE FOR APPROPRIATE	
					NO	ONE		
В		APPLICATIONS WHICH THE DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY SERVICES RECOMMENDS FOR APPROVAL:						
	3/2018/0143	1		SK	AC		The Barn, Shaw House Fm Clitheroe Road, Whalley	
	3/2018/0380	8		JM	AC		St Peter's Church Clayton-le-Dale	
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С	APPLICATIONS WHICH THE DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY SERVICES RECOMMENDS FOR REFUSAL:							
	3/2018/0488	29		SK		R	Land off Sheepfold Crescent Barrow	
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D	APPLICATIONS UPON WHICH COMMITTEE DEFER THEIR APPROVAL SUBJECT TO WORK DELEGATED TO DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY SERVICES BEING SATISFACTORILY COMPLETED							
	3/2018/0008	52		JM	DE	FER	30 Peel Park Avenue Clitheroe	
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Е	APPLICATIONS IN 'OTHER' CATEGORIES:							
					NO	ONE		

LEGEND AC App Approved Conditionally

Refused M/A Minded to Approve AB Adam Birkett AD Adrian Dowd HM Harriet McCartney JM John Macholc

RB Rebecca Bowers RM Robert Major SK Stephen Kilmartin

**DECISION** 

# RIBBLE VALLEY BOROUGH COUNCIL REPORT TO PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

Agenda Item No

meeting date: THURSDAY, 6 SEPTEMBER 2018

title: PLANNING APPLICATIONS

submitted by: DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY SERVICES

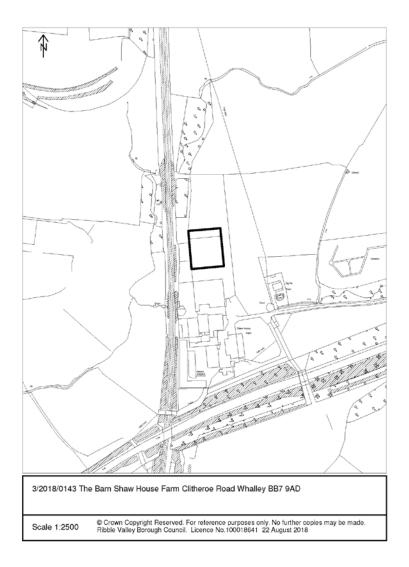
#### PLANNING APPLICATIONS UNDER THE TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990:

**APPLICATION REF: 3/2018/0143** 

GRID REF: SD 373128 437134

# **DEVELOPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

CHANGE OF USE FROM AGRICULTURAL TO B8 STORAGE AND DISTRIBUTION AT THE BARN, SHAW HOUSE FARM, CLITHEROE ROAD, WHALLEY BB7 9AD



#### **CONSULTEE RESPONSES/ REPRESENTATIONS MADE:**

#### WHALLEY PARISH COUNCIL:

Whalley Parish Council have raised no objection to the proposal.

# **ENVIRONMENT DIRECTORATE (COUNTY SURVEYOR):**

The Highways Development Control Section have raised no objection to the proposal subject to the imposition of conditions.

#### **UNITED UTILITIES:**

No objections.

#### ADDITIONAL REPRESENTATIONS:

One letter of representation has been received objecting on the following grounds:

- Additional traffic impacts
- Inadequate access point
- Immediate highway network is inadequate to accommodate large vehicles
- Noise and pollution

# 1. Site Description and Surrounding Area

- 1.1 The application relates to an existing agricultural building located to the west of Clitheroe Road Barrow. The building forms part of a grouping of agricultural buildings associated with Shaw House Farm, being located at the northern extents of the complex. Vehicular access is provided off Clitheroe Road by an existing formally surfaced track serving the farm.
- 1.2 The site is bounded to the south by the A59 and by greenfield agricultural land to the north and east with the Clitheroe rail-line being located to the west. The site is located within the defined open countryside being located approximately 420m to the south-west of the defined settlement boundary of Barrow.
- 1.3 Three dwellings lie to the southern extents of the farm-building complex two of which are named Shaw House Farm with the other being named Paddock Bungalow.

# 2. Proposed Development for which consent is sought

- 2.1 Consent is sought for the change of use of an existing building from agricultural use to that of B8 storage and distribution. The building occupies a footprint of approximately 2091Sqm being largely open-fronted and being of a typical agricultural appearance partially clad in vertical timber cladding and sheet metal.
- 2.2 It is proposed that the building will be divided into three elements to serve three different operators as follows:
  - Building 01 Storage of Plants
  - Building 02 Storage of Scaffolding
  - Building 03 Storage of small scale building materials

The submitted details state that there will be no direct sales from site or manufacturing undertaken on the premises. No alterations to the existing building are proposed, with the storage proposed largely being informal in nature.

2.3 It is proposed that two vehicular passing places will be provided on the existing access track both measuring 10m x 3m, with one being located at the western extents of the track and the other being located mid-way down the track. Ten new parking spaces will be created within the site directly to the east of the proposed storage building with a vehicular turning head also being created adjacent the northern extents of the building to enable vehicular manoeuvring within the site.

# 3. Relevant Planning History

**3/2016/0404 -** Retention of unauthorised use of former agricultural building as stables for personal and livery use, and associated horse turnout area. (Approved)

**3/2003/0225 -** Proposed agricultural building extension. (Approved)

# 4. Relevant Policies

Ribble Valley Core Strategy

Key Statement DS1 – Development Strategy

Key Statement DS2 – Sustainable Development

Key Statement DMI2 – Transport Considerations

Key Statement EC1 – Business and Employment Development

Policy DMG1 – General Considerations

Policy DMG2 – Strategic Considerations

Policy DMG3 – Transport & Mobility

Policy DMB1 – Supporting Business Growth

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)

National Planning Practice Guidance (NPPG)

# 5. Assessment of Proposed Development

#### 5.1 Principle of Development:

- 5.1.1 Key Statement EC1 states that 'in considering the development of land for economic development and in determining where this land will be located, priority will be given to the use of appropriate Brownfield sites to deliver employment-generating uses including a preference for the re-use of existing employment sites before alternatives are considered. It is accepted that the current land, although developed, would not be considered as 'previously developed land' (as defined within the National Planning Policy Framework (July 2018), however Policy DMB1 states that proposals that are intended to support business growth and the local economy will be supported in principle.
- 5.1.2 The submitted details do not propose that the B8 use will create any additional employment, largely by virtue of the storage being associated with existing off-site businesses or businesses that operate on a mobile basis. The B8 use proposed is likely to therefore be largely utilitarian in nature with the distribution

- element, where applicable, likely to be restricted to that of the distribution of plants/Christmas Trees.
- 5.1.3 In this respect I can find no direct conflict with the aims and objectives of the adopted development plan insofar that the proposal aims to support existing businesses whom operate within the Borough and may also play a role in assisting their future expansion.

# 5.2 Impact upon Residential Amenity:

- 5.2.1 Three dwellings are located approximately 100m to the south of the building to which the application relates, consisting of two dwellings named Shaw House farm with the other being Paddock Bungalow. Whilst it is accepted that there may be an increase in vehicular movements associated with the B8 use it is not considered that they would be of such a frequency, over and above that of the working farm, that would result in any measurable level of detriment to residential amenity.
- 5.2.2 The remaining on-going day to day functions/operations associated with the B8 use are likely to cause little disruption or have little impact upon residential amenity given the nature of the storage uses proposed and that any distribution from the site will be restricted to that of normal working hours.
- 5.2.3 Taking account of the above matters it is not considered that the proposed change of use and associated works will be of detriment to existing or future residential amenity.

#### 5.3 Matters of Design/Visual Amenity:

- 5.3.1 The submitted details do not propose any alterations to the existing building. It is proposed that ten car-parking spaces will be created on site including a new vehicular turning head. These are likely to have limited visual impact given the parking areas are located on an area that is currently used for vehicular movements associated with the farm.
- 5.3.2 The proposed turning head will also be accommodated on the aforementioned area with the extents of the manoeuvring area extending 7m into an adjacent field. However, this encroachment is likely to be read in context with the larger farm complex and as a result be of minimal visual impact.
- 5.3.3 Two vehicular passing places are to be located on the southern side of the existing access track which will partially encroach upon existing greenfield land, however in the context of the larger operational farm these are unlikely to result in a visual impact of any measurable significance. It is for the above reasons that it is considered the proposal will not be of detriment to the character or visual amenities of the area or wider landscape.

#### 5.4 Highway Safety and Accessibility:

5.4.1 The Highways Development Control section have made representations during the course of the application which has led to the submission of revised/additional information. Subsequently LCC Highways have raised no objection to the proposal stating the following:

In response to the previous email dealing with my queries regarding the application, the additional information is acceptable and would provide adequate facilities for the proposed development. The indicated uses are small scale and there is no direct service delivery to the customers with confirmation that the proposals will be for storage distribution. On this basis I would raise no objection to the proposal. In one of your responses you mentioned whether or not the access will be resurfaced. The response was that nothing was planned. Whilst I would have no issue with this I would require the proposed passing places (both the 2 new plus the existing) to be appropriated surfaced following construction to ensure that the passing places provided remain useable.

5.4.2 The Highways Development Control section further recommend that should consent be granted that conditions are imposed regarding the surfacing of the vehicular passing place and parking area including a condition that would preclude the external storage of goods or materials.

# 5.5 <u>Landscape/Ecology:</u>

5.5.1 No direct implications resultant from the proposed change of use or associated operations/functions.

# 6. Observations/Consideration of Matters Raised/Conclusion

- 6.1 The Highways development Control Section have stated that it will be necessary for a condition to be imposed that requires the passing places to be made available for use and surfaced prior to the use first becoming operative. It is also required that the proposed parking bays also be surfaced, marked out and made available for use prior to the B8 use(s) becoming operative.
- 6.2 Given the wide remit of potential storage/distribution functions that could be undertaken from the site it is considered appropriate that a condition be imposed that limits the B8 storage uses to that of which is shown on the submitted details (building materials, Christmas trees and scaffolding). This is to ensure that more intensive storage or distribution operations could not be undertaken from site without allowing for further consideration relating to highways matters or other matters relating to development management considerations.
- 6.3 For the reasons outlined above the proposed development is considered to be in broad accordance with the aims and objectives of the adopted development plan insofar that it would assist exist business operators within the borough and do not consider that there are any reasons that would warrant the refusal to grant planning permission.

RECOMMENDATION: That the application be APPROVED subject to the following conditions:

1. The development must be begun no later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date of this permission.

REASON: Required to be imposed pursuant to Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

2. Unless explicitly required by condition within this consent, the development hereby permitted shall be carried out in complete accordance with the proposals as detailed within the submitted information and drawings:

5563-02 Proposed Elevations (Including floorplans)

5563-04 Proposed Site Entrance

5563-05 Proposed Entrance and Passing Points

5536-06 Proposed Parking provision and Site Manoeuvring Area

REASON: For the avoidance of doubt and to clarify which plans are relevant to the consent hereby approved.

3. Unless Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987 (as amended or re-enacted) and the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development)(England) Order 2015 (as amended or re-enacted) and the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) (Amendment) Order 2016 (as amended or re-enacted) the development hereby approved shall only be used for the purposes of storage and distribution and for no other purpose, including any other purpose within Use Class B8.

REASON: For the avoidance of doubt and to ensure that the development remains compatible with the character of the area in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

4. The B8 storage/distribution use(s) hereby approved shall be limited to those as indicated on drawing 5563-06 and in the email dated 03rd of April 2018. For the avoidance of doubt the storage/distribution operations on site, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local planning Authority, shall be limited as follows:

Building 01 – Storage of plants/trees

Building 02 – Storage of scaffolding and associated equipment

Building 03 – Storage of building materials

REASON: To clarify the nature of the consent hereby approved, to ensure the proposals compatibility with the area and to ensure the proposal does not result in an unacceptable highways impact in accordance with in accordance with Key Statement DMI2 and Policies DMG1 and DMG3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

5. The hours of operations within the premises shall be restricted to the period from 0800 to 1800 hours on Mondays to Fridays and 0900 to 1300 on Saturdays only. No operations associated with the B8 use hereby approved shall take place in the buildings on Sundays, Bank or Public Holidays.

REASON: In order to protect the amenities of the area and to ensure the use(s) hereby approved are not of detriment to residential amenity in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

6. There shall be no deliveries or collections to/from the B8 use(s) hereby approved other than between 09:00-18:00 Monday to Friday, between 00:00-13:00 Saturday and not at all on Sunday and bank Holidays.

REASON: In order to protect the amenities of the area and to ensure the use(s) hereby approved are not of detriment to residential amenity in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

7. The car parking, passing places and manoeuvring areas as indicated on drawings(s) 5563-04, 5563-05 and 5563-06 shall be formally surfaced and marked out in accordance with a scheme that shall have first been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning authority prior to the B8 use hereby approved being first brought into use. The approved vehicular manoeuvring area and car-parking bays shall thereafter be permanently maintained thereafter clear of any obstruction that would preclude the parking or manoeuvring of motor-vehicles.

REASON: To allow for the safe and effective use of the parking areas in the interest of highway safety in accordance with Key Statement DMI2 and Policy DMG3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

- 8. No goods, plant or materials associated with the B8 use(s) hereby approved shall be deposited or stored externally on site or around/adjacent the building to which the application relates.
  - REASON: To ensure a satisfactory appearance of the site in the interests of the character and visual amenities of the area in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.
- 9. There shall be no sales undertaken from the site and no customers shall visit the site in association with the B8 use(s) hereby approved.

REASON: To clarify the nature of the consent hereby approved and to ensure the proposals compatibility with the area in accordance with in accordance with Key Statement DMI2 and Policies DMG1 and DMG3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

#### **BACKGROUND PAPERS**

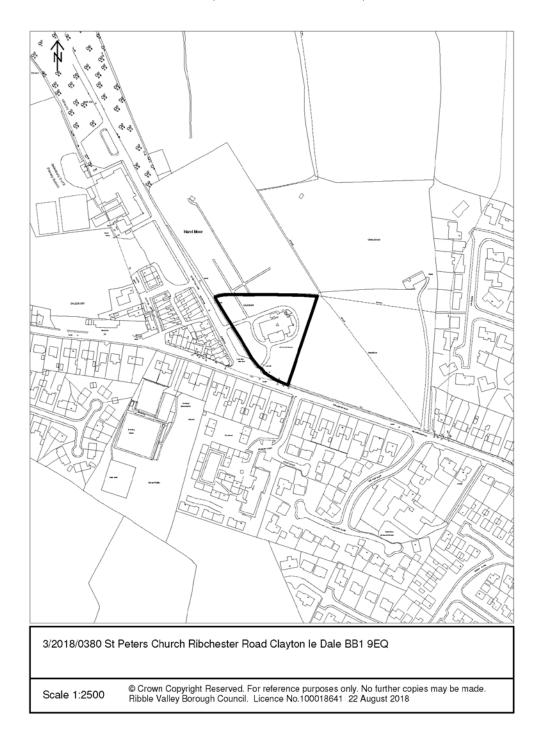
https://www.ribblevalley.gov.uk/site/scripts/planx\_details.php?appNumber=3%2F2018%2F0143

# **APPLICATION REF: 3/2018/0380**

GRID REF: SD 368134 432869

# **DEVELOPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

PROPOSED EXTENSION TO THE CHURCH TO INCORPORATE NEW CAR PARKING FACILITY AT ST PETERS CHURCH, RIBCHESTER ROAD, CLAYTON LE DALE BB1 9EQ



#### **CONSULTEE RESPONSES/ REPRESENTATIONS MADE:**

#### **PARISH COUNCIL:**

Clayton le Dale: Object to the development as the extension would detract from the beauty of the building and established graveyard.

Wilpshire: Happy with the appearance but have concerns about the economic impact on the nearby facilities at Salesbury Memorial Hall and Wilpshire Methodist Church. Also concerns about the parking.

Salesbury: No observations received.

# **ENVIRONMENT DIRECTORATE (COUNTY SURVEYOR):**

The proposal raises no highway concerns and I would therefore raise no objection to the proposal on highway grounds but should your council be minded to approve this application then I would request that the following condition be attached to any permission that may be granted to manage and minimise any disruption during the construction phase.

 For the full period of construction, facilities shall be available on site for the cleaning of the wheels of vehicles leaving the site and such equipment shall be used as necessary to prevent mud and stones being carried onto the highway. The roads adjacent to the site shall be mechanically swept as required during the full construction period.

REASON: To prevent stones and mud being carried onto the public highway to the detriment of road safety.

- No development shall take place, including any works of demolition, until a construction method statement has been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The approved statement shall be adhered to throughout the construction period. It shall provide for:
  - The parking of vehicles of site operatives and visitors
  - The loading and unloading of plant and materials
  - The storage of plant and materials used in constructing the development
  - The erection and maintenance of security hoarding
  - Details of working hours
  - HGV delivery times and routeing to / from the site
  - Contact details for the site manager

#### LAAS (LANCASHIRE ARCHAEOLOGICAL ADVISORY SERVICE)

The only strictly archaeological issue with the proposed development is with regard to the existence of burials within the development footprint, as no earlier remains are considered likely to exist here.

The 1807 chapel of ease at Salesbury and the present parish church are noted on the Lancashire Historic Environment Record as PRN 6717. The earlier chapel was located c.130m to the north of the present building (the latter erected as a replacement in 1887) and is shown with an associated surrounding graveyard on the OS 1:10,560 sheet of 1848 (sheet Lancashire 62, surveyed 1844-6, reproduced as Figure 7 of the Heritage Statement (HS, C J O'Flaherty,

2018)). The 1893 OS 1:2,500 mapping showing the present church (sheet Lancashire 62.04, surveyed 1892) has the words 'Grave Yard' written just to the north of the church within the triangular development plot. There is, however, no boundary between this area and the older graveyard site to the north, so the label may denote an intention to extend the burial area rather than denoting where burials had actually occurred.

The HS does not consider archaeological deposits or burials, although it does note that "...To the north there is a large graveyard ..." (section 2.2). The Design and Access Statement (DAS, Byrom Clark Roberts, 2017) also does not consider potential remains, although it does state that "... All the burials are in the cemetery on the north side of the footpath..." (section 1.1), with "the footpath" presumably meaning the path at the north side of the proposed development plot. This would seem to be supported by digital aerial photographic coverage held by LCC, which show the older graveyard being gradually extended to the east towards the cricket ground, rather than south into the proposed development plot. It would be sensible, however, to ask for a specific confirmation from the applicants that they have checked the relevant burial records and that no known burials exist within the proposed development area.

With regard to the design of the proposed new structures themselves, we note that there has been significant pre-application discussion with the council, including the drawing up of a (rejected) draft scheme. We also note that the proposed scheme only requires the removal of the 1968 choir vestry and the conversion of a single window to a doorway (extant tracery and leaded light to be re-used in the new fanlight). The detail of the junction between the present building and the new extension has not been provided, but there seems to be no reason to suppose that this will be particularly difficult or damaging to the older structure. As such we are content to leave comment on the architectural merits and potential impact on the existing church and its setting to your Conservation.

LAAS have raised no objection to the proposal.

#### **ADDITIONAL REPRESENTATIONS:**

12 letters of objection have been received as well as a petition with 129 signatures and separate letters attached to the petition. The issues raised in the petition include highway safety, overbearing design, visual amenity and the usage of the building.

The points raised in the objection letters include the following:

- Highway safety issues as a result of lack of off-street parking would cause congestion to the local highway network which is predominantly residential and also reduces the capability of emergency vehicles on the highway network.
- Loss of trees and green open space would cause visual harm.
- Visual impact of the building and that it is an inappropriate design.
- Adequate facilities already exist in the locality.
- The design of the extension would have an adverse impact on the relationship with the local church to the visual detriment.
- Would lead to loss of community cohesion due to the weakening of links between the church and the school and in the memorial hall.
- Pollution and noise issues as a result of the activity.
- The proposal does not comply with the remit of the parochial church Council of St Peter's.
- Loss of privacy caused by visual intrusion and parking issues.

# 1. <u>Site Description and Surrounding Area</u>

1.1 The proposal is on the edge of the settlement boundary of Wilpshire but within the Parish of Salesbury. It is within the defined Green Belt. Access to the site is from Lovely Hall Lane. The site itself is bounded to the north by a graveyard. Residential properties are adjacent to the site on the opposite side of Lovely Hall Lane.

# 2. Proposed Development for which consent is sought

- 2.1 Consent is sought for an extension to the existing church to create a church lounge and 11 parking spaces. The extension is single storey and located to the north of the existing church building and is attached to the building with direct access to the main church by a doorway being created by extending and altering one of the existing 3 paned stone tracery windows as well as the existing doorway from the choir vestry.
- 2.2 The total new floor space created is approximately 400m<sup>2</sup> with a projection northwards from the church towards the graveyard by 22m. The extension is staggered with a minimum set back of 4m from the main church building where it fronts towards Lovely Hall lane. The flat roof link has a maximum height of 4m with highest point of the stone fronted mono pitch building being 6.5m and the glazed lean to building being approximately 5m.
- 2.2 The proposed extension is attached to the main church building by a flat roofed glass link which itself is then attached to a mono pitched stone building and to the north of this element is a predominantly glazed structure. The materials as a consequence of the design are glass and stone with the roof constructed of glass and.....
- 2.3 The proposed parking area has access from Lovely Hall lane and includes 11 spaces. The trees fronting the site are to be retained but there will be some trees removed to accommodate the extension.

#### 3. Relevant Planning History

The site has no planning history that is directly relevant to the determination of the current application.

# 4. Relevant Policies

# **Ribble Valley Core Strategy**

Key Statement DS1 – Development Strategy

Key Statement EN1 - Greenbelt.

Key Statement DS2 – Presumption in Favour of Sustainable Development

Key Statement DMI2 - Transport Considerations

Key Statement EN5 – Heritage Assets

Policy DMG1 – General Considerations

Policy DMG2 – Strategic Considerations

Policy DMG3 – Transport and Mobility

Policy DME4 – Protecting Heritage Assets

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)

National Planning Practice Guidance (NPPG)

Technical Guidance to National Planning Policy Framework

#### 5. **Assessment of Proposed Development**

# 5.1 Principle of Development:

5.1.1 The proposal is located in the defined Green Belt and as such it is appropriate to have regard Green Belt policies in assessing the principle. Paragraph 145 bullet point C accepts the extension and alteration of a building provided it does not result in disproportionate additions over and above the size of the original building. I am of the opinion that although the footprint of the extension is in the region of 400m<sup>2</sup> I consider that given its single storey nature it is still subservient to the main church building and as such would comply with the NPPF.

# 5.2 <u>Impact upon Residential Amenity</u>:

- 5.2.1 I note the concerns raised in the objection letters regarding amenity issues but I consider that given the existing use and although recognising that this proposal may lead to more activities resulting from the new lounge I do not consider that any noise as a result of the extension would be significant to warrant refusal. The extension itself is approximately 50 m from the nearest dwelling. I do not consider that the proposal would lead to any significant privacy issues resulting from the development due to the separation distance between the extension and the windows of the nearest properties.
- 5.2.2 In relation to parking issues and the associated amenity concerns this proposal offers some off street parking which is currently unavailable so may actually reduce the need to park on the adjacent highway. Taking account of the above and the non-objection from the Highway authority I am satisfied that the proposal would not lead to a significant adverse impact on the residential amenity of the neighbouring dwellings.

# 5.3 Matters of design/Visual Amenity:

- 5.3.1 The application has been subject to pre-application discussion and significant engagement during the course of the application with various design options considered. As a result the proposal has been modified and is a combination of a traditional language and contemporary language with a mixture of materials including stone and glass as the dominant material. The extension despite its footprint given its single storey nature remains subservient and does not compete with the architectural language of the main church.
- 5.3.2 The fenestrational language of the new building is contemporary with elements of asymmetry and integrated. I am satisfied that that the proposal would not have an adverse impact on the visual amenity of the locality or character of the existing building but accept that the car park and the building would result in a built development in what is current an open space.

# 5.4 Heritage Issues

5.4.1 The building itself is not statutorily listed the building must be considered as anon designated heritage asset. It is therefore important that any proposal seeks tom ensure that significance of the Church is conserved.

- 5.4.2 The proposed extension is on the northern side of the building which has already been altered by the addition of a choir vestry which in my opinion detracts from the aesthetic and visual of the building. The choir vestry is to be demolished as part of the proposal. I consider that the proposal is in the correct location and the extension would not harm the most important elements of the building.
- 5.4.3 In assessing any impact regard must be given to the scale and height of any proposal and its subsequent visibility. As previously indicated the extension has a large footprint but has been designed as low rise with 3 specific sections that assist in reducing the visual impact. The use of materials such as glass allows visual permeability and also allows direct views through the building. I note the concerns expressed regarding its design but I am of the opinion the building conserves the visual dominance of the main church building and does not compete with the existing architectural language.
- 5.4.4 The design of the extension is a modern addition to a historic building and can be interpreted as an addition. However the extension also makes some reference to the architectural style of the church with the design of the lean to central portion which echoes the aisle abutting the church with the introduction of stone and a lean to roof. I am satisfied that the design has a satisfactory relationship to the host building.
- 5.4.5 In relation to the NPPF guidance is given in Section 16 paragraph 197 regarding consideration of proposals on non-designated heritage assets. It advises that a balance judgement should be made having regard to the scale of any harm and the significance of the heritage asset. In this case the only loss to the building would be the removal of the modern choir vestry. I am of the opinion that given the possible benefits associated with the extension to the church and the wider community that any impact on the non-designated heritage asset is not significant to warrant a refusal.

# 5.5 Highway Safety and Accessibility:

5.5.1 I Note the concerns raised by the objectors but is clearly evident from the advice of LCC Highways that they do not have any concerns regarding the proposal.as they Section have raised no objection to the proposal subject to conditions being imposed in relation to construction management.

# 5.6 Landscape/Ecology:

- 5.6.1 The application is accompanied by a Bat Survey that has found no evidence of bats within the buildings affected by the proposal. The report also finds that the location is also considered to provide suitable foraging habitat. The report recommends a follow up survey be carried out.
- 5.6.2 The application has been supported by the submission of an Arboricultural Impact Assessment for the whole site including areas outside of the application site. The proposal results in the removal of 9 small trees located adjacent to an existing internal pathway. I do not consider that the loss of these trees have any significant impact on the landscape or are of any specific arboricultural value. I am of the opinion that the proposal would not have an adverse impact on the local landscape or ecology. A construction management plan which includes details of tree protection and siting for a site compound which is located at off

Lovely Hall Lane where the proposed car park is to be sited. The plan shows the compound outside of the Root Protection Area of the trees with a Herras fence along the perimeter.

5.6.3 The submitted scheme also includes additional planting adjacent to the proposed new car park which itself would have the parking bays as reinforced grass.

#### 6. Observations/Consideration of Matters Raised/Conclusion

6.1 Taking account of the above matters and all material considerations it is considered that the proposal will not have a detrimental impact on the building nor residential amenity and as such is in broad accordance with the aims and objectives of the adopted development plan and NPPF and I do not consider that there are any reasons that would warrant the refusal to grant planning permission.

RECOMMENDATION: That the application be APPROVED subject to the following conditions:

#### Time

1. The development must be begun no later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date of this permission.

REASON: Required to be imposed pursuant to Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

#### Plan related

2. Unless explicitly required by condition within this consent, the development hereby permitted shall be carried out in complete accordance with the proposals as detailed on drawings:

Location plan (drawing ref. 5115-0782 (01)001 2.2)

Existing site plan (drawing ref. 5115-0782 (01)002 2.2)

Existing ground floor plan (drawing ref. 5115-0782 (02)001 2.2)

Existing roof plan (drawing ref. 5115-0782 (02)002\_2.2)

Existing section A-A (drawing ref. 5115-0782 (04)001 2.2)

Proposed site plan (drawing ref. 5115-0782 (06)001 2.2)

Proposed ground floor plan (drawing ref. 5115-0782 (07)001\_2.2)

Proposed roof plan (drawing ref. 5115-0782 (07)002\_2.2)

Proposed elevations (drawing ref. 5115-0782 (08)001\_2.2)

Proposed section A-A (drawing ref. 5115-0782 (09)001 2.2)

MLD 18129 001 RevA – Landscape masterplan

MLD 18129 002 - Planting plan

Construction Management Plan (drawing ref. 51/2015/0782/18)

Proposed new double door (drawing ref. 51/2015/0782/17)

REASON: For the avoidance of doubt and to clarify which plans are relevant to the consent.

#### Materials

3. Precise specifications or samples of all external surfaces, including surfacing materials including details of the glazing, windows/door framing and details of the proposed shopfront(s) of the development hereby approved shall have been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority before their use in the proposed development.

REASON: In order that the Local Planning Authority may ensure that the detailed design of the proposal is appropriate to the locality and to protect the character and appearance of the defined Conservation Area in accordance with Key Statement EN5 and Policies DMG1 and DME4 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

#### Detailing

4. Notwithstanding the submitted details, prior to the commencement of the development section details at a scale of not less than 1:20 of each elevation of the buildings/alterations hereby approved shall have been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority.

For the avoidance of doubt the sections shall clearly detail all eaves, guttering/rain water goods, soffit/overhangs, window/door reveals and the proposed window/door framing profiles and materials including details of all shutters and balustrades/balconies. The development shall be carried out in strict accordance with the approved details.

REASON: In order that the Local Planning Authority may ensure that the detailed design of the proposal is appropriate to the locality and to protect the character and appearance of the defined Conservation Area in accordance with Key Statement EN5 and Policies DMG1 and DME4 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

#### Highways

5. No development shall take place until a Construction Method Statement for the relevant phase has been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. For the avoidance of doubt the submitted statement shall provide details of:

The location of parking of vehicles of site operatives and visitors

The location for the loading and unloading of plant and materials

The location of storage of plant and materials used in constructing the development

The locations of security hoarding

Days and hours of operation for all construction works

Contact details for the site manager

The approved statement shall be adhered to throughout the construction period of the development.

REASON: In the interests of protecting residential amenity from noise and disturbance and to ensure the safe operation of the Highway in accordance with Policies DMG1 and DMG3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

The car parking area shown on the submitted plan Proposed site plan (drawing ref. 5115-0782 (06)001\_2.2) shall be fully implemented to the satisfaction of the LPA before occupation of the new building and there after retained in perpetuity.

REASON: In the interests of protecting residential amenity from noise and disturbance and to ensure the safe operation of the Highway in accordance with Policies DMG1 and DMG3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

#### Landscaping

- 7. The landscaping proposals hereby approved shall be implemented in the first planting season following occupation or use of the development unless otherwise required by the reports above, whether in whole or part and shall be maintained thereafter for a period of not less than 10 years to the satisfaction of the Local Planning Authority. This maintenance shall include the replacement of any tree or shrub which is removed, or dies, or is seriously damaged, or becomes seriously diseased, by a species of similar size to those originally planted.
  - REASON: To ensure the proposal is satisfactorily landscaped and appropriate to the locality in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.
- 8. All tree works/tree protection shall be carried out in strict accordance with the submitted drawing Construction Management Plan received on 17/8/18. The specified tree protection measures shall remain in place throughout the construction phase of the development and the methodology hereby approved shall be adhered to during all site preparation/construction works.
  - REASON: To ensure the adequate protection of trees/hedging of landscape and visual amenity value on and adjacent to the site or those likely to be affected by the proposed development in accordance with and Policies DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

### **BACKGROUND PAPERS**

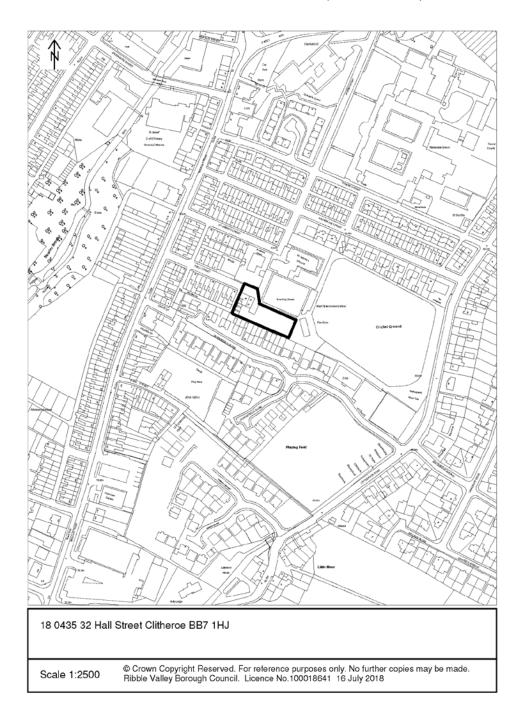
https://www.ribblevalley.gov.uk/site/scripts/planx\_details.php?appNumber=3%2F2018%2F0093

# **APPLICATION REF: 3/2018/0435**

GRID REF: SD 374247 441101

# **DEVELOPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

DEMOLITION OF EXISTING PROPERTY AND ASSOCIATED OUTBUILDINGS AND ERECTION OF SIX DWELLINGS AT 32 HALL STREET, CLITHEROE, BB7 1HJ



#### **CONSULTEE RESPONSES/ REPRESENTATIONS MADE:**

#### **PARISH COUNCIL:**

Clitheroe Town Council objects on the grounds of over-intensive development of the location. Access along Hall Street is already considered difficult. The proposed layout would result in new properties up against the gardens of Copperfield Close and 30 Hall Street could lose access to the garage at the rear of the property.

# **ENVIRONMENT DIRECTORATE (COUNTY SURVEYOR):**

With respect to this application the County Surveyor does not wish to raise any objections. There are however a number of concerns regarding the development. These can be allayed by way of further submissions prior to planning permission being granted or the can be suitably conditioned. There are concerns regarding:-

- The access from Hall Street, this should be widened to allow 2 cars to pass through the opened gate and beyond for a distance of at least two car park space lengths (9.6m).
- There appears to have been no provision made for pedestrians or cyclists to access the development without opening the main gate across the carriageway
- Nor does there appear to be any provision for pedestrians within the development.
- There is no provision for access to the rear of the plot at the gable of 30 Hall Street without passing through the dwelling.
- Nor has there been any indication regarding the provision of any street lighting or surface water drainage.
- A swept path analysis should be undertaken to ensure that a refuse collection vehicle can enter and exit the development in a forward gear.
- With the exception of the plot with the garage, suitable covered and secure storage should be provided for at least 2 cycles per dwelling.

#### LEAD LOCAL FLOOD AUTHORITY:

No comments.

#### **CLITHEROE CIVIC SOCIETY:**

Though somewhat outside the general remit of our Society, we do have concerns about the implications of further residential development within the Civil Parish of Clitheroe. The proposed redevelopment of 32 Hall Street, with six new dwellings, is above and beyond the most recent approved targets for residential development in accordance with the conditions of the Adopted Core Strategy.

Further residential development approval beyond that approved in the adopted Core Strategy and its revised targets, and the potential for 12 additional vehicles which could be associated with the development, will inevitably have further adverse effects on the historic town centre and the conservation areas which it contains. For this reason this application should be refused in our opinion.

#### **ADDITIONAL REPRESENTATIONS:**

Letters of objection have been received from 18 separate addresses and raise the following concerns:

- Over-development of the site with high density housing contrary to NPPF and DMG1.
- Scale, mass and proximity to the boundary with neighbouring properties would have an adverse impact on residential amenity of neighbours; loss of light, loss of privacy, noise and disturbance.
- Overbearing impact and sense of enclosure within rear gardens of properties on Copperfield Close.
- Gardens on Copperfield Close are north-facing but all benefit from a good deal of morning sunlight. This would be lost and the gardens overshadowed.
- The proposals would not provide sufficient parking there is no visitor parking which would make parking on Hall Street or Whalley Road worse.
- As existing, already unacceptable parking of vehicles on public footway.
- Additional traffic would increase congestion.
- Adverse impact on natural local environment bat foraging in the area is high.
- A number of trees have been felled prior to the tree survey.
- Only the fronts of the proposed buildings are of stone/stone brick with the gable ends and rears being of render.
- No mention of drainage is mentioned in the application.
- The proposals would restrict access to the rear garage of 30 Hall Street.
- No pedestrian or cycle access is provided.
- Disruption to residents during building phase.
- Drains from the bowling green must not be compromised.
- Leyland Cypress tree is causing damage to the bowling shelter and needs to be removed.
- Height of the development would cast shadows on the bowling green.
- Previous applications have been refused on Hall Street due to highways concerns.
- Emergency services struggle to gain access.
- Refuse wagons only come a short distance into Hall Street and bins have to be wheeled down to them by residents.

Following the receipt of amended plans neighbouring properties have been re-consulted and 5 further letters of representation have been received and are covered in this report.

# 1. Site Description and Surrounding Area

- 1.1 The development site is located within the settlement of Clitheroe in an established residential area. The site is accessed via Hall Street which adjoins the east side of Whalley Road, Clitheroe. As existing, the application site comprises a single detached residential property and its associated gardens and outbuildings. It is noted that the building functioned previously as three separate dwellings (no.32 to 36 Hall Street).
- 1.2 The site adjoins Ribblesdale Wanderers Cricket and Bowling Club to the north. To the south are residential properties along Copperfield Close which have their rear elevations and gardens facing the application site.

# 2. **Proposed Development for which consent is sought**

2.1 The application proposes the demolition of the existing buildings and the erection of 6.no three-bedroomed houses. The proposed dwellings would be arranged in two blocks of three each comprising a detached and two semi-detached dwellings each. The properties would have an eaves height of 4.8m and a ridge height of 7.9m. The front façade of the buildings would be constructed using random natural stone with stone

detailing. The side and rear elevations would have a render finish. The dwellings would provide a kitchen and lounge at ground floor, two bedrooms and family bathroom at first floor and a master bedroom with en-suite would be provided in the roof space. In order to accommodate a master bedroom there is a requirement rear pitched-roof dormers on each property which would be faced in materials to match the walls of the main buildings.

2.2 The site would be accessed from the eastern end of Hall Street. Parking space would be provided within the site to accommodate 2no. vehicles per dwelling. Each property would benefit from rear gardens which would be bounded by 1.8m high close boarded timber fencing. There are a number of low quality trees on site some of which would require removal should the site be developed as proposed.

#### 3. Relevant Planning History

3/2013/0913 - Outline application for nine dwellings including three affordable units following demolition of existing dwelling. Withdrawn.

# 4. Relevant Policies

#### **Ribble Valley Core Strategy**

Key Statement DS1 – Development Strategy

Key Statement DS2 -Sustainable Development

Key Statement EN2 - Landscape

Key Statement H1 – Housing Provision

Key Statement H2 – Housing Balance

Policy DMG1 – General Considerations

Policy DMG2 - Strategic Considerations

Policy DMG3 – Transport and Mobility

Policy DME1 – Protecting Trees and Woodland

Policy DME2 - Landscape and Townscape Protection

Policy DME3 - Site and Species Protection and Conservation

#### Other Material Considerations:

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)
Technical Guidance to the National Planning Policy Framework
Planning Practice Guidance (PPG)

# 5. **Assessment of Proposed Development**

In determining this application the main considerations are the principle of development, its visual appearance, its effect on the residential amenities of neighbouring occupiers and its impact on highway safety, trees and ecology.

#### 5.2 Principle of Development

5.2.1 The Development Strategy put forward in Key Statement DS1 of the Core Strategy seeks to direct the main focus of new house building to the Strategic Site, the Principal Settlements of Clitheroe, Longridge and Whalley. The application site is located in the settlement of Clitheroe where residential development is acceptable in principle.

5.2.2 It is considered that the provision of six dwellings within the settlement of Clitheroe would not result in any harm to the development strategy nor would it result in any undue pressure on the services, facilities and infrastructure of the settlement itself to warrant refusal of the application. It is considered therefore that the proposal would contribute to the Council's supply of housing land and would be acceptable in principle subject to other development management considerations.

# 5.3 Design and appearance

- 5.3.1 The area is characterised by a mix of house types and a palette of materials including stone and render. The terraced housing on Hall Street is faced predominantly with stone, as are the dwellings on Copperfield Close. There have been some objections raised in relation to the proposed use of render on the side and rear elevations of the dwellings. However, it must be noted that the existing building at the site is finished with render as are other properties in the local area including buildings on Hall Street, St James' Street and Brownlow Street. As such, the use of render on the side and rear of the dwellings does not raise any concern.
- 5.3.2 In terms of the size and scale of the proposed dwellings, they would reflect the surrounding buildings. The three dwellings closest to the east of the gable elevation of no.30 Hall Street would be set back from the established building line of the existing terraced row. Boundary treatments to the site as existing comprise evergreen hedgerows, close boarded fencing and a high stone wall along the sites boundary with St James's House. The stone wall is considered to be a traditional feature that is worthy of retention in accordance with Core Strategy Policy DME2. It is recommended that the existing boundary hedges are retained and maintained and would be preferable to the close boarded fencing proposed by the applicant.
- 5.3.3 Whilst objections have been raised regarding the density of the site, it is considered to be in keeping with the urban grain of the area which is characterised by high density terraced and semi-detached housing. Taking account of all of the above, the proposals would not result in any adverse harm to the visual appearance of the area and would comply with Key Statement H2 and policies DMG1, DME2.

# 5.4 Impact on neighbouring residents

5.4.1 The application site is surrounded by existing development and would be in close proximity to houses along its southern and western boundaries. The rear elevations of 25-35 Copperfield Close face the application site with rear gardens of these properties ranging in length from 8.5m to 11.5m. It is important to ensure that the privacy, outlook and light enjoyed by the occupants of these dwellings is not unduly affected by the proposed development. The development would maintain a 21m gap between facing windows at first and second floor of the rear elevations of 25-27 Copperfield Close and the proposed dwellings and this is the generally accepted interface distance at which point there is no significant adverse impact on privacy. It is noted that there would be some overlooking of the rear gardens of the proposed dwellings from first and second floor windows of 25-27 Copperfield Close due to the short rear gardens of these existing properties but this would not in my opinion justify refusal of the application given

it would be no different to the current arrangement insofar that the rear windows of Copperfield Close already facilitate some overlooking of the private garden of 32 Hall Street.

- 5.4.2 The proposed development would result in a blank two-storey gable elevation facing the rear elevations of 32-33 Copperfield Close. There would be a separation distance of 13m which is accepted as the minimum distance from a blank two storey gable elevation to avoid any undue loss of light and outlook from ground floor habitable room windows and a space of around 3.5m would be retained between the gable wall of the proposed dwelling and the rear garden boundary of 32-33 Copperfield Close. It is noted that there is a single storey conservatory to the rear of 32 Copperfield Close which projects closer to the boundary with the development site however conservatories are not classed as habitable rooms. In terms of any overshadowing of private gardens, applications will only be refused where a development would seriously overshadow private amenity space. Objections have been raised in relation to overshadowing of the private rear gardens of dwellings along Copperfield Close. However, these gardens are north-facing and whilst they may benefit from some limited morning sunlight the proposals would not result in overshadowing of large areas of garden for prolonged periods of the day to warrant refusal.
- 5.4.3 Objections have been received which raise issues including noise disturbance from future occupants and increased traffic. Yet, the site is located in an established residential area and the proposals would not result in any additional disturbance than already experienced. Should consent be granted there would be a requirement for the developer to provide a construction management plan to ensure that the impact on the amenity of the area is limited during the construction phase.

#### 5.5 Effects on Wildlife/Ecology/Trees

- 5.5.1 The application is supported by a Bat Scoping Survey Report. No evidence was recorded to suggest bats were roosting within the existing buildings and no bats were observed using the buildings for roosting. As such, there would be no direct impact on bats arising from the proposed development.
- 5.5.2 Neighbours have commented that bats have been seen foraging in the area and the survey acknowledges that the foraging potential for bats can be considered moderate to low. Should consent be granted, a landscaping and lighting scheme would be required to be submitted to the Council which must take into account any key flights lines identified. Taking into account the requirements of the NPPF and Policy DME3 of the Core Strategy, in order to conserve and enhance biodiversity it is recommended that bat roosting features be incorporated into the dwellings and maintained thereafter.
- 5.5.3 In relation to trees, those existing on site are low quality with limited amenity value. Objections indicate that tree felling has taken place prior to the submission of this planning application. None of the trees that are alleged to have been removed were protected by tree preservation orders nor are they located within a Conservation Area and, as such, the LPA cannot prevent their removal. The Bowling Club have asked that T1 (Leyland Cypress) be removed as it is causing damage to the bowling shelter. The removal of T1 is not relevant to the development, however; the applicant has agreed to its removal. Should consent

be granted, a scheme of hard and soft landscaping would be required to ensure the provision of a satisfactory visual appearance. This would include the planting of replacement trees and shrubs.

#### 5.6 Highways Safety

- 5.6.1 In relation to highway safety, the County Highways Surveyor does not raise any objection but did note a number of concerns with the proposed layout as submitted. The proposed site plan indicates the provision of two parking spaces for each dwelling as required by Lancashire County Council parking standards. Residents have raised concerns in relation to the restricted amount of on-street parking available on Hall Street and at the junction with Whalley Road including cars parked illegally. The Highway Authority can impose parking restrictions to improve the safety of road users using a Traffic Regulations Order if considered necessary. The development will provide sufficient vehicular parking to serve the proposed dwellings and the County Surveyor has raised no concerns in relation to its impact on parking availability along Hall Street and Whalley Road.
- 5.6.2 The applicant has amended the site layout so that the parking requirements can be accommodated within the site to the satisfaction of the County Surveyor. This includes the provision a turning head within the development site which could accommodate the turning of a refuse wagon; there is no turning area available at the end of Hall Street at present and so this is a particular benefit of the scheme. The amended layout includes the provision of a pedestrian footway into the development. The applicant would be required to enter into an appropriate legal agreement to provide off-site highway works including a new pedestrian dropped kerb at the gable of no.30 Hall Street to allow prams etc. to cross to the new dwellings. The County Surveyor has stated that the layout of the development would not be to an adoptable standard and there would a conditional requirement for the submission of details confirming funding, management and maintenance regimes to ensure that the estate streets serving the development are completed and thereafter maintained to an acceptable standard in the interest of residential and highway safety. Nonetheless, in my opinion the development complies with the transport related policies of the Core Strategy, Key Statement DMI2 and Policy DMG3, insofar that is it in a highly sustainable location close to Clitheroe town centre and provision has been made for access to the development by pedestrians.

# 6. **Conclusion**

6.1 Taking into account the above, the proposed development is in a highly sustainable location and would contribute to housing land supply in the Borough. No objections have been received from the Highways Authority in relation to highway safety and it is considered that the proposals would not have an undue adverse impact on the appearance of the area or the residential amenity of neighbouring occupants. As such it is recommended that the application is approved subject to conditions.

RECOMMENDATION: That the application be approved subject to the following conditions:

# Timings and Commencement

1. The development must be begun not later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date of this permission.

REASON: Required to be imposed pursuant to Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

2. Unless explicitly required by condition within this consent, the development hereby permitted shall be carried out in complete accordance with the proposals as detailed on drawings:

Proposed Plans and Elevations GRAHA/01 Dwg 02A received 26.06.2018
Proposed Plans and Elevations (Site Plan) GRAHA/01 Dwg 02B received 18.07.2018
Proposed Plans and Elevations GRAHA/01 Dwg 03
Location Plan GRAHA/01 Dwg 04

Proposed Plans and Elevations GRAHA/01 Dwg 07A received 36.06.2018

Proposed Plans and Elevations GRAHA/01 Dwg 07A received 26.06.2018

REASON: For the avoidance of doubt since the proposal was the subject of agreed design improvements/amendments and to clarify which plans are relevant to the consent.

# Matters of Design

3. Notwithstanding the submitted details, precise specifications or samples of all external surfaces, including surfacing materials and their extents, of the development hereby permitted shall have been approved before their use in the proposed development. The materials shall be implemented within the development in strict accordance with the approved details submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority

REASON: In order that the Local Planning Authority may ensure that the materials to be used are appropriate to the locality in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

4. Before the development hereby permitted is first commenced, full details of the alignment, height and appearance of all fences and walls and gates to be erected (notwithstanding any such detail shown on previously submitted plan(s)) shall have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. No dwelling shall be occupied until all fences and walls shown in the approved details to bound its plot have been erected in conformity with the approved details. Other fences and walls shown in the approved details shall have been erected in conformity with the approved details prior to substantial completion of the development.

REASON: In the interests of the amenity of the area and to comply with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

5. The existing stone wall on the northern boundary of the site to St James House shall not at any time be demolished in whole or in part, nor shall it be altered in any way, without the prior written permission of the Local Planning Authority.

REASON: In order to ensure the protection of this historic feature of the locality, in the interests of visual amenity and the amenities of existing nearby residents and in order to comply with Policies DMG1 and DME2 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy (Adopted Version).

6. Notwithstanding the provisions of Classes A to H of Part 1 of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015, or any Order revoking and re-

enacting that Order, the dwellings hereby permitted shall not be altered or extended and no buildings or structures shall be erected within the curtilage of the new dwellings unless planning permission has first been granted by the Local Planning Authority.

REASON: To enable the Local Planning Authority to exercise control over development which could materially harm the character and visual amenities of the development and residential amenity in accordance with Policies DMG1 and DME2 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

### Landscape and Ecology

7. Notwithstanding the submitted details, prior to the commencement of the development, full details of the proposed landscaping shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. For the avoidance of doubt, the landscaping details shall indicate all trees and hedgerows identified to be retained or how those adjacent to the proposed development and/or application area/boundary will be adequately protected during construction, in accordance with BS5837; 2012 'Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction' equivalent unless otherwise agreed. The agreed protection measures shall be put in place and maintained during the construction period of the development.

The approved landscaping scheme shall be implemented in the first planting season following first occupation or use of the development and shall be maintained thereafter for a period of not less than 5 years to the satisfaction of the Local Planning Authority. This maintenance shall include the replacement of any tree or shrub which is removed, or dies, or is seriously damaged, or becomes seriously diseased, by a species of similar size to those original planted.

REASON: To protect trees and hedges on and adjacent to the site and to ensure the proposal is satisfactorily landscaped and appropriate to the locality in accordance with Policies DME1 and DME3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

8. No development shall take place until details of the provisions to be made for artificial bat roosting (in the form of bricks/tiles/boxes) have been submitted, and approved by the local planning authority. The details shall identify the actual wall and roof elevations into which the above provisions shall be incorporated. These shall be incorporated into the building during the actual construction and before the development is first brought into use, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the local planning authority and shall be permanently maintained and retained at all times thereafter.

REASON: To safeguard the favourable conservation status of the bat population in accordance with Policy DME3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy

#### Drainage and Flooding

- 9. Foul and surface water shall be drained on separate systems.
  - REASON: To secure proper drainage and to manage the risk of flooding and pollution.
- 10. Prior to the commencement of any development, a surface water drainage scheme, based on the hierarchy of drainage options in the National Planning Practice Guidance with evidence of an assessment of the site conditions shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

The surface water drainage scheme must be in accordance with the Non-Statutory Technical Standards for Sustainable Drainage Systems (March 2015) or any subsequent replacement national standards and unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority, no surface water shall discharge to the public sewerage system either directly or indirectly. The development shall be completed in accordance with the approved details.

REASON: To promote sustainable development, secure proper drainage and to manage the risk of flooding and pollution.

# Highways

11. No development shall be commenced until full engineering, drainage, street lighting and constructional details of the streets proposed for have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority in consultation with the Highway Authority. The development shall, thereafter, be constructed in accordance with the approved details, unless otherwise agreed in writing with the local planning authority.

REASON: In the interest of highway safety and to ensure a satisfactory appearance to the highways infrastructure serving the approved development in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

12. No development shall be commenced until details of the proposed arrangements for future management and maintenance of the proposed streets within the development have been submitted to and approved by the local planning authority. The streets shall thereafter be maintained in accordance with the approved management and maintenance details until such time as an agreement has been entered into under section 38 of the Highways Act 1980 or a private management and maintenance company has been established.

REASON: To ensure that the estate streets serving the development are completed and thereafter maintained to an acceptable standard in the interest of residential/ highway safety and to safeguard the visual amenities of the locality and users of the highway in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

13. No part of the development hereby approved shall commence until a scheme for the off-site works of highway improvement has been submitted to, and approved by, the Local Planning Authority in consultation with the Highway Authority as part of a section 278 agreement, under the Highways Act 1980.

REASON: In order to satisfy the Local Planning Authority and Highway Authority that the final details of the highway scheme/works are acceptable before work commences on site

14. The parking and garaging and associated manoeuvring facilities shown on the plans hereby approved shall be surfaced or paved, drained and marked out and made available in accordance with the approved plan prior to the occupation of any of the buildings; such parking facilities shall thereafter be permanently retained for that purpose (notwithstanding the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015).

REASON: In the interests of visual amenity and to facilitate adequate vehicle parking and/or turning facilities to serve the site in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

15. The garages hereby approved shall be kept available for the parking of vehicles ancillary to the enjoyment of the households and shall not be used for any use that would preclude the ability for their use for the parking of private motor vehicles, whether or not permitted by the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015 or any order amending or revoking and re-enacting that order.

REASON: To ensure that adequate parking provision is retained on site in accordance with the Core Strategy Policy DMG3.

#### Further Control over Development

- 16. No development shall take place, including any works of demolition, until a construction method statement has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The approved statement shall be adhered to throughout the construction period. It shall provide for:
  - i) The parking of vehicles of site operatives and visitors
  - ii) The loading and unloading of plant and materials
  - iii) The storage of plant and materials used in constructing the development
  - iv) The erection and maintenance of security hoarding
  - v) Wheel washing facilities
  - vi) Measures to control the emission of dust and dirt during construction
  - vii) A scheme for recycling/disposing of waste resulting from demolition and construction works
  - viii)Details of working hours
  - ix) Routing of delivery vehicles to/from site

REASON: In the interests of protecting residential amenity from noise and disturbance and to ensure the safe operation of the Highway during the construction phase of the development in accordance with Policies DMG1 and DMG3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

17. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority, no building or engineering operations within the site or deliveries to and from the site shall take place other than between 07:30 hours and 18:00 hours Monday to Friday and between 08:30 hours and 14:00 hours on Saturdays, and not at all on Sundays or Bank Holidays.

REASON: In order to protect the amenities of existing residents in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

#### **INFORMATIVES**

1. This consent requires the construction, improvement or alteration of an access to the public highway and other of site works such as street lighting improvements. Under the Highways Act 1980 Section 278, the County Council as Highway Authority must specify the works to be carried out, Only the Highway Authority or a contractor approved by the Highway Authority can carry out these works and therefore before any works can start you must complete the online quotation form found on Lancashire County Council's

- website using the A-Z search facility for vehicular crossings. For multiple vehicular crossings please ring 0300 123 6780 and ask for a bespoke quotation.
- 2. The developer should be aware that the any works on, or immediately adjacent to the adopted highway network, would require the appropriate permits from Lancashire County Council's Highways Regulation Team, who would need a minimum of 12 weeks' notice to arrange the necessary permits. They can be contacted on lhsstreetworks@lancashire.gov.uk or on 01772 533433
- 3. The applicant is advised that to discharge condition 12 that the local planning authority requires a copy of a completed agreement between the applicant and the local highway authority under Section 38 of the Highways Act 1980 or the constitution and details of a Private Management and Maintenance Company confirming funding, management and maintenance regimes.

# UPDATE FOLLOWING 2<sup>ND</sup> AUGUST 2018 PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE MEETING:

Committee resolved on the 2<sup>nd</sup> August 2018 to be minded to refuse the application and was Deferred to the Director of Community Services for appropriate refusal reasons relating to matters of residential and visual amenity and highway safety and parking. Further advice has been sought from the highway authority and they are unable to support a refusal reason relating to highway safety and/or parking.

Should Committee be minded to refuse the application it is suggested that the application be refused for the following reasons:

- 1. The proposed development, by virtue of its design and density, would result in an unsympathetic and incongruous scheme of development that would be harmful to the character, setting and visual amenities of the wider built environment. This would be contrary to Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.
- The proposed development, by virtue of its scale, design, mass and proximity to the neighbouring properties, would result in a development that would have an overbearing impact resulting in loss of natural light and outlook. This would be detrimental to the residential amenity of the occupants of neighbouring properties and would be contrary to Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

# **BACKGROUND PAPERS**

https://www.ribblevalley.gov.uk/site/scripts/planx\_details.php?appNumber=3%2F2018%2F0435

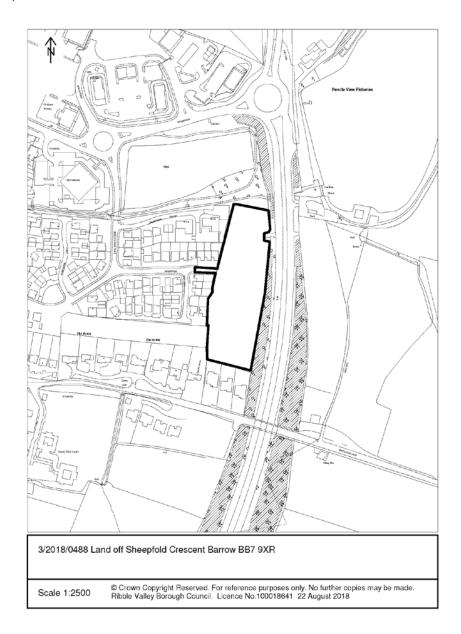
# C APPLICATIONS WHICH THE DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY SERVICES RECOMMENDS FOR REFUSAL

**APPLICATION REF: 3/2018/0488** 

GRID REF: SD 374154 438021

# **DEVELOPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

APPLICATION FOR OUTLINE CONSENT FOR 20 BUNGALOWS FOR THE ELDERLY (6 DETACHED TWO-BED AND 14 SEMI-DETACHED ONE-BED) AND 9 AFFORDABLE, TWO-BED APARTMENTS WITH ASSOCIATED ROADS, ANCILLARY WORKS LANDSCAPING AND ACCESS.RESUBMISSION OF APPLICATION 3/2017/0962. LAND OFF SHEEPFOLD CRESCENT, BARROW BB7 9XR



#### **CONSULTEE RESPONSES/ REPRESENTATIONS MADE:**

#### **PARISH COUNCIL:**

Barrow Parish Council wishes to object to the application on the following grounds:

- The proposal is contrary to Key Statements DS1, DS2 and Policies DMG2 and DMH3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy. Approval would lead to the creation of new residential dwellings in the defined open countryside, located outside of a defined settlement boundary, without sufficient or adequate justification and this would cause harm to the Core Strategy.
- The Core Strategy states that there is zero residual need for additional housing in Barrow. Allowing an additional 29 dwellings is not sustainable and is contrary to Key Statement DS1. Whilst housing numbers do not represent upper limits, additional housing should only be considered in areas that have not already been exploited for residential development, disproportionate to other targeted development areas in the borough. This is especially important considering nearby traffic levels, the lack of sustainability, and the environmental risks of this application.
- The application states that 'the site is in an accessible location with bus stops and the Barrow service area with its shops to meet day to day needs of residents being in close proximity'. It should be noted that there is only one temporary bus stop that is poorly served and one shop connected to a petrol station.
- The application also states that there are 'economic and social benefits by the provision of elderly bungalows and affordable housing units' but does not provide any evidence. Any limited social and economic benefits arising from the development would fail to outweigh the harm to the Core Strategy. The site does not benefit from walkable access to a full range of services and facilities, particularly for the elderly with mobility problems, and would perpetuate an already unsustainable pattern of development. Adding more houses in Barrow would put a strain on the village's infrastructure that is already struggling to cope with the increased population and housing growth in recent years.
- Whilst the Parish Council understands that there is a need for elderly housing in the borough, the proposed site is not suitable. Meeting a perceived need on an unsuitable site should not be allowed as an exception to the Core Strategy. Ribble Valley Borough Council recently gave consent to Bloor Homes to reduce the number of bungalows and the percentage of social housing on the adjacent site so fulfilling a requirement with this application cannot be considered a priority.
- Planning consents granted on appeal in other parishes do not mean that the same development principles should be applied to this application. Each application should be considered on its own merits and the threat of an appeal should be disregarded.
- Traffic leaving the proposed site through the Barrow Brook Enterprise Park would increase the amount of congestion that exists at the McDonald's roundabout on the A59. There are already significant waiting times at this junction but Lancashire County Council will not take any action to improve safety and traffic flow until there has been a serious accident.
- The application states that foul water sewage and surface water disposal are 'unknown'.
  Barrow experienced incidents of flooding in 2015 and the Parish Council objects to the
  loss of yet more green fields and the impact this will have on the whole village. The
  development's impact on the flood risk must be carefully considered and the Lead Flood
  Team at LCC must be consulted.
- The application form states that the development is not within 20m of a watercourse.
   This is incorrect as Barrow Brook and Barrow Lodge are nearby.

- The application form states that the site cannot be seen from a public road. This is incorrect as the proposed development would be visible from the A59, the bridge over the A59 on Whiteacre Lane and by residents of the Bloor Homes Estate.
- Pendle Fisheries is mentioned in the Ecological Survey but there is no mention of Barrow Lodge which is adjacent to the proposed site and feeds Barrow Brook.
- Granting consent to the proposed development would create a harmful precedent for the
  acceptance of other similar unjustified proposals and would damage the implementation
  of Ribble Valley Borough Council's planning policies under the Core Strategy and NPPF.

# **ENVIRONMENT DIRECTORATE (COUNTY SURVEYOR):**

LCC Development Control Section have offered the following observations:

The proposed development is described as being for elderly residents and offers mobility friendly accommodation. On this basis I would envisage that the peak hour traffic generation by the development will be less than generated by a traditional family unit due to less work and school trips.

Site observations would suggest that at peak times, whilst there is an element of queueing on Holm Road and its junction with the A59 roundabout, the delays encountered by drivers are not such that the impact of the development can be classed as severe in the context of the NPPF, however it has been noted that the development has a poor accessibility score and as such the highway authority would seek a financial contribution in the region of £24,000 to promote and support the recently introduced bus service on Holme Road.

There is an option to link the site to the path around the pond to the north of the, this would improve pedestrian accessibility to the PFS / convenience store and bus service and should therefore be explored.

Subject to the above being addressed adequately the Highways Section have raised no objection to the proposal subject to the imposition of conditions relating to the erection of a fence/wall adjacent the A589 embankment, construction management and other highways related matters.

#### LOCAL LEAD FLOOD AUTHORITY (LLFA)

The LLFA is currently unable to provide a substantive response due to insufficient information having been submitted in support of the application. Amended and revised information has been received and a consultation response is currently awaited.

# **UNITED UTILITIES:**

No response received in respect of the application

#### LANCASHIRE FIRE AND RESCUE:

Lancashire Fire and Rescue have offered the following observations:

It should be ensured that the scheme fully meets all the requirements of Building Regulations Approved Document B, Part B5 'Access and facilities for the Fire Service'. If Document B, Part B5 cannot be fully complied with then, in certain circumstances, the installation of a residential sprinkler system may be used as a compensatory feature, but professional advice should be sought in such cases.

It should be ensured that the proposal is provided with suitable provision of Fire Fighting water. Any provisions should comply with National Guidance

#### **ADDITIONAL REPRESENTATIONS:**

Nine letters of representation have been received objecting to the application on the following grounds:

- Increase in traffic in the area
- Increase in noise for immediate existing neighbours
- Disruption and damage during the construction phase of the development
- Loss of land that is of local amenity value
- Increased flood risk
- The proposal will alter the character of the area
- Increased pollution
- The land serves as a green buffer between the A59 and existing housing
- Loss of privacy
- Contrary to the Development Plan

# 1. <u>Site Description and Surrounding Area</u>

- 1.1 The application relates to a greenfield area of land 1.075 Hectares in size. The site is located to the eastern extents of an existing housing development (Pendle Hill View). The site is located within the defined open countryside, outside but directly adjacent the settlement boundary of Barrow as defined within the Regulation 22 Draft Proposals Map.
- 1.2 The site is bounded to the north by an area of open land associated with the Barrow Brook attenuation pond with the site being bounded to the east by a graded highways verge which fronts the A59. Located to the south of the site is numbers 15-19 Whitacre Lane.
- 1.3 The site is bounded to the west for the most part by Pendle Hill View with an area of woodland and usable open space for the adjacent development bounding the south western extents of the site. The immediate surrounding area is predominantly residential in both character and scale of built-form save that of the A59 being located within close proximity to the east.

#### 2. Proposed Development for which consent is sought

- 2.1 Outline consent (Matters of access) is sought for the erection of 20 open market bungalows for the 'elderly' and 9 affordable two-bedroom apartments with associated ancillary works and landscaping.
- 2.2 The submitted indicative layout proposes that the primary vehicular and pedestrian access to the site will be provided by way of a direct interface with Sheepfold Crescent located to the west. The submitted details propose a layout whereby the main spine road diverges both north and south off the primary access. It is proposed that the southern extents of the site will accommodate bungalows orientated in two cul-de-sac arrangements with the northern extents of the site accommodating a proposed apartment block and associated parking court.

- 2.3 The submitted details propose that 30% of the housing to be provided on site will be affordable in accordance with Policy H3 of the adopted Core Strategy, being brought forward in the form of 9 x 2 bedroom apartments.
- 2.4 The open market element will be brought forward in the form of bungalows with a housing mix of 14 x 1 bedroom and 6 x 2 bedroom units. The applicant has indicated that whilst these bungalows are to be for open market sale, it is proposed that the occupancy of the bungalow units will be controlled through an age restriction limiting occupation to those over 55 years of age.

# 3. Relevant Planning History

#### 3/2017/0962:

Application for outline consent for 20 bungalows for the elderly (6 detached two-bed and 14 semi-detached one-bed) and 9 affordable, two-bed apartments with associated roads, ancillary works landscaping and access. (Refused – Appeal Lodged)

# 4. Relevant Policies

#### **Ribble Valley Core Strategy**

Key Statement DS1 – Development Strategy

Key Statement DS2 – Presumption in Favour of Sustainable Development

Key Statement EN3 – Sustainable Development and Climate Change

Key Statement EN4 – Biodiversity and Geodiversity

Key Statement DMI2 – Transport Considerations

Policy DMB4 – Open Space Provision

Policy DMB5 – Footpaths and Bridleways

Policy DME1 – Protecting Trees and Woodland

Policy DME2 - landscape and Townscape Protection

Policy DME3 – Site and Species Protection and Conservation

Policy DME6 – Water Management

Policy DMG1 – General Considerations

Policy DMG2 – Strategic Considerations

Policy DMG3 – Transport and Mobility

Policy DMH1 – Affordable Housing Criteria

Policy DMH3 – Dwellings in the Open Countryside

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)

National Planning Practice Guidance (NPPG)

#### 5. **Assessment of Proposed Development**

#### 5.1 Principle of Development:

5.1.1 The application site is located outside but directly adjacent the Defined Settlement Boundary for Barrow. A fundamental component of Key Statement DS1 is to guide the majority of new housing development towards the principal settlements within the Borough and in addition to these locations development will be focused towards the Tier 1 settlements, one of which being Barrow.

- 5.1.2 The latest formal published housing monitoring position (March 2018) concludes that the Local Authority currently benefits from a 5.3 year supply of housing. In relation to residual housing need for the settlement of Barrow, the adopted Core Strategy determines that there is currently no outstanding residual housing need for the settlement. Taking account of consents granted within and adjacent the settlement boundary of Barrow it is clear that the housing need, in terms of numbers, has been both met and significantly exceeded.
- 5.1.3 Turning to locational matters, the proposal site lies outside the settlement boundary in an area currently defined as open countryside. Policy DMG2 (Strategic Considerations) states that 'outside of the defined settlement areas development must meet at least one of the following considerations:
  - 1. The development should be essential to the local economy or social well-being of the area
  - 2. The development is needed for the purposes of forestry or agriculture
  - 3. The development is for local needs housing which meets and identified needs and is secured as such
  - 4. The development is for small scale tourism or recreational developments appropriate to a rural area
  - 5. The development is for small-scale uses appropriate to a rural area where a local need or benefit ca be demonstrated
  - 6. The development is compatible with the enterprise zone designation.

In taking account of the above criterion it is clear that residential development in this location would only be acceptable in principle if it sought to meet an 'identified local need', a need which the applicant has failed to adequately demonstrate.

- 5.1.4 Whilst it is accepted that an element of the proposal seeks to meet identified affordable need within the Borough, the remainder of the proposal is for open market sale. The applicant has proposed that out of the 29 units proposed, 20 will be for open market sale, albeit with an occupancy restriction limiting occupation to those over 55 years of age.
- 5.1.5 Whilst the applicant seeks to justify the proposal through the provision of open market housing for a specific demographic group (over 55's), the Local Authority can also demonstrate an equitable if not greater need for housing for those under 55, particularly younger demographic groups. The proposed demographic restriction of the occupancy of these open market dwellings does not and would not allow for such a proposal to be held in a higher regard than other open market housing in this location, nor should it be considered as an exception to the criterion of Policy DMG2. The fundamental matter remains that the majority of the housing will be for open market sale and therefore is considered to be in direct conflict with the requirements of DMG2.
- 5.1.6 In respect of the above matters the Councils Planning Policy Section have clarified that the proposal is considered to be in direct conflict with the Development Plan for the Borough by virtue of its locational aspects being outwith a defined settlement boundary. The Policy team have further added that should it be identified that there is an outstanding identified need in the area that the proposal may be considered as acceptable.

- 5.1.7 Clarification has been sought from the Strategic Housing Team in respect of the issue of identified need. Whilst it has been identified that accommodation for the over 55's, particularly in the form of bungalows, is a priority within the Borough, other such parallel and equal housing priorities similarly exist. Meeting such priorities or perceived 'need' does not automatically ensure that such a proposal will be treated as an exception to the overall aims and objectives of the Development Plan in relation to housing, particularly the overarching Development Strategy and its embodied aims and objectives in relation to the location of housing.
- 5.1.8 Further to this, the Local Authority's Strategic Housing Officer has clarified that any existing evidenced need is being met through existing commitments/consents granted within the Parish and adjacent parishes with no outstanding need being evidenced. The officer has additionally raised fundamental concerns in relation to the location of the site and its inability to provide walkable access to a full range of services and facilities, particularly given the proposed demographic of the majority of the occupiers of the development.
- 5.1.9 It is therefore considered that the proposal is in direct conflict with Key Statements DS1, DS2 and Policies DMG2 and DMH3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy in that it would lead to the creation of new open market residential dwellings in the defined open countryside, located outside of a defined settlement boundary, without sufficient or adequate justification.

#### 5.2 Impact upon Residential Amenity:

- 5.2.1 As the application is made in outline with matters of layout and appearance being reserved for consideration at a later date no definitive assessment can be made in respect of the potential impacts upon residential amenity resultant from the proposal. Notwithstanding this matter the Local Planning Authority consider it is appropriate to give due consideration to potential conflicts or issues that may arise as a result of the indicative layout proposed.
- 5.2.2 The proposal site is bounded to the west by a recently constructed housing development with the proposal having a direct interface with an existing cul-desac, Sheepfold Crescent. The location of the proposed vehicular access is off a small portion of road that currently accommodates a terrace of three bungalows which will directly front the access, with another bungalow to the south being orientated 90 degrees to the access point.
- 5.2.3 In relation to the orientation and layout of the proposed dwellings, those that are located adjacent the site to the west for the most part adopt a layout that acts as a continuation of existing building lines, with the proposed bungalows being orientated parallel to their neighbouring counterparts. As such it is unlikely that such an arrangement is likely to be of detriment to existing or future residential amenity.
- 5.2.4 The indicative orientation and siting of Plot 06 results in a side to rear elevation relationship with numbers 23 and 25 Sheepfold Crescent resulting in an indicative offset distance of 17m measured from the principal rear elevation of the existing dwelling (at its closest point) to a garage located on the west elevation of Plot 06. This distance is in excess of what the authority would

- normally seek to achieve in such situations and consider the distance proposed to be adequate to protect the residential amenities of both existing and future occupiers.
- 5.2.5 It is proposed that the northern extents of the site will accommodate a block of 9 x 2 bedroom apartments, no details have been provided in respect of the anticipated scale or height of the aforementioned apartments other than reference to it being potentially three-storey in height within the submitted Planning Policy Statement. Notwithstanding this matter the indicative layout proposes an offset distance of approximately 25 from existing apartments located to the west. Provided the scale of the proposed apartment block is commensurate with the scale of its neighbouring counterpart and primary habitable windows were orientated to take account of potential direct overlooking, it is not considered that the proposal would be of significant detriment to existing or future residential amenity.

# 5.3 <u>Highway Safety and Accessibility</u>:

- 5.3.1 The Highways Development Control section have raised no objection to the proposal subject to the imposition of conditions and have stated that the developer will be requested to provide a financial contribution in the region of £24,000 to promote and support the recently introduced bus service on Holme Road.
- 5.3.2 The Highways Officer has further stated that there is an option to link the site to the path around the pond to the north of the, this would improve pedestrian accessibility to the PFS / convenience store and bus service and should therefore be explored. Subject to the aforementioned matters being addressed the Highways Section have raised no objection to the proposal subject to the imposition of conditions relating to the erection of a fence/wall adjacent the A589 embankment, construction management and other highways related matters.

#### 5.4 Landscape/Ecology:

- 5.4.1 The applicant has submitted a Phase 1 Habitat Survey in support of the application. The report finds that the site is largely composed of single semi-improved poor grassland that shows signs of having been poorly managed, this is evidenced through a build-up of thatch and some developing rankness.
- 5.4.2 The report concludes that the development will only directly affect semi-improved grassland, tall ruderal herb, a single hedgerow and a small number of self-seeded sapling trees. It is considered that the proposal contains sufficient landscape margins to accommodate adequate mitigation and enhancement which could be secured are the relevant detailed reserved matters stage.
- 5.4.3 The report further notes that any hedgerow removal must be undertaken outside of the breeding season do avoid any direct impact upon nesting birds and that any loss of habitat could be compensated for by the provision of new tree/shrub planting of an appropriate species. The report has further identified that and Ash tree on site (T3) may have bat roosting potential and that further surveys may be required should any works proposed at the detailed reserved matters stages directly affect the tree.

#### 5.5 Affordable Housing Provision:

- 5.5.1 The applicant has submitted a commitment to meet the Core Strategy requirements in relation to overall housing mix and affordable housing provision on site. It is proposed that 30% of the dwellings on site will be for affordable housing provision being brought forward in the form of apartments with no occupancy restriction.
- 5.5.2 However, Key Statement H3 requires that 15% of the overall number of dwellings on site should be for occupation by those over 55 years of age with half of this provision (7.5%) being provided within the affordable housing provision and the remainder being provided on an open market basis.
- 5.5.3 It is recognised that the proposal significantly exceeds the 7.5% open market requirement for over 55 accommodation however no details have been provided in respect of the remaining 7.5% of such provision, which if to align with the requirements of Key Statement H3, should be provided on an affordable basis.

## 5.6 Flood Risk and Drainage:

5.6.1 The LLFA have stated they are currently unable to provide a substantive response due to insufficient information having been submitted in support of the application. Amended and revised information has been received which has resulted in reconsultation with the LLFA, to which a response is currently awaited.

# 6. Observations/Consideration of Matters Raised/Conclusion

6.1 For the reasons outlined above the proposed development is considered to be in direct conflict with the adopted Development Plan insofar that approval would lead to the creation of open market dwellings without sufficient justification, in the defined open countryside, in a location that does not benefit from walkable access to a full range of services and facilities perpetuating an already unsustainable pattern of development.

#### RECOMMENDATION: That the application be REFUSED for the following reasons:

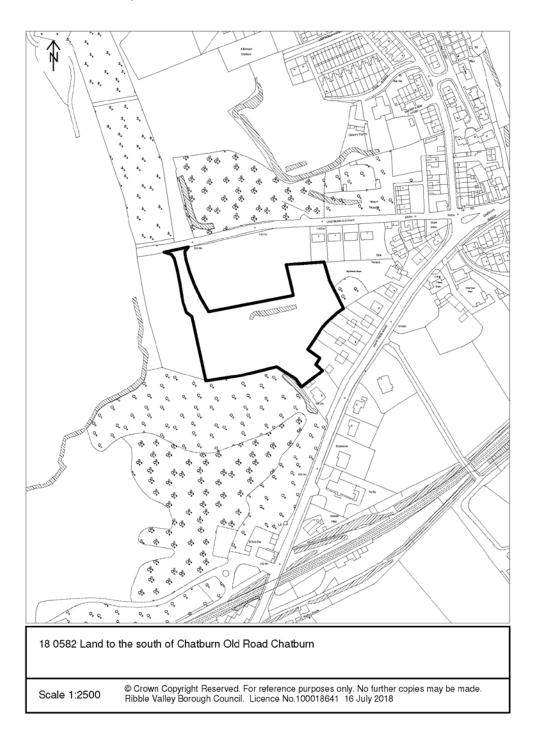
- 1. The proposal is considered contrary to Key Statements DS1, DS2 and Policies DMG2 and DMH3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy in that the approval would lead to the creation of a new residential dwellings in the defined open countryside, located outside of a defined settlement boundary, without sufficient or adequate justification which would cause harm to the development strategy for the borough.
- The proposal is consider to be contrary to Key Statement DS1 and DS2 and Policy DMG2 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy in that the proposal would contribute to a level of development that already significantly exceeds the anticipated level of housing development embodied within the Ribble Valley Core Strategy in terms of the planned residual need for the settlement of Barrow. It is further considered that the level of oversupply of housing, as a result of the proposed development would undermine the Development Strategy for the Borough which seeks to critically establish both the pattern and intended scale of development in relation to housing numbers in order to achieve a sustainable pattern of development across the Borough for the duration of the plan period.

# **APPLICATION REF: 3/2018/0582**

GRID REF: SD 376631 443898

# **DEVELOPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT OF UP TO NINE UNITS AT LAND TO THE SOUTH OF CHATBURN OLD ROAD, CHATBURN



## **CONSULTEE RESPONSES/ REPRESENTATIONS MADE:**

#### **PARISH COUNCIL:**

Chatburn Parish Council has the following observations:

- Not enough time to respond to the application
- Chatburn has reached it residential requirement set out in the Core Strategy
- Site is outside the village settlement boundary in the open countryside.
- Development would be harmful to the character of the village
- Site is in close proximity to a working quarry
- Additional pressure on the narrow exit junction to the congested Ribble Lane
- Concerns about soak away and drainage of the site
- Five-year requirement has already been achieved

# **ENVIRONMENT DIRECTORATE (COUNTY SURVEYOR):**

No objection. Further consideration will need to be given at the technical details stage.

#### LCC MINERALS AND WASTE:

None received.

#### ADDITIONAL REPRESENTATIONS:

20 letters of objection have been received and raise the following concerns:

- More cars and more noise junction at end of Old Lane would not be safe
- More houses that are not needed
- Old Road is only a country lane and is heavy congested
- Bats and other wildlife present at the site
- Problems with site drainage
- More school places would be needed
- Noise and dust from existing development
- Request assurance of foul and surface water drainage proposals
- Too much development in Chatburn
- Notice of application not circulated widely enough
- Insufficient information to make considered response
- No site notices displayed
- Loss of sunlight/daylight and privacy in gardens and adjacent houses
- Impact on trees and wildlife
- No pavement for pedestrians to access the site
- Overdevelopment and unacceptable visual impact
- Noise during construction

# 1. <u>Site Description and Surrounding Area</u>

1.1 The application site is located to the south of Chatburn Old Road, Chatburn. The greenfield site slopes down in level towards the east and south and is mainly grassland with bushes and trees along its boundaries. The site is located on the edge of the settlement of Chatburn and is in the open countryside as defined on the draft Proposals

Map adopted for Development Management Purposes (as of Dec 2016). The site is bounded to the north-west by a residential development of 10 dwellings approved by planning consent 3/2011/0025 and then 3/2014/0618 (varied by planning consent 3/2016/0748) which is currently under construction.

# 2. Proposed Development for which consent is sought

- 2.1 This application seeks permission in principle for the erection of up to nine dwellings at land to the south of Chatburn Old Road, Chatburn.
- 2.2 The permission in principle consent route is an alternative way of obtaining planning permission for housing-led development which separates the consideration of matters of principle for proposed development from the technical detail of the development. The permission in principle consent route has 2 stages: the first stage (or permission in principle stage) establishes whether a site is suitable in-principle and the second ('technical details consent') stage is when the detailed development proposals are assessed.
- 2.3 The scope of permission in principle is limited to location, land use and amount of development. Issues relevant to these 'in principle' matters should be considered at the permission in principle stage. Other matters should be considered at the technical details consent stage. In addition, local authorities cannot list the information they require for applications for permission in principle in the same way they can for applications for planning permission. It is not possible for conditions to be attached to a grant of permission in principle nor can planning obligations be secured and its terms may only include the site location, the type of development and amount of development.
- 2.4 The technical detail stage will provide the opportunity to assess the detailed design of the scheme to ensure that any impacts are appropriately mitigated and that the contributions to essential infrastructure, for example, are secured. If the technical details are not acceptable, the local authority can refuse the application.

#### 3. Relevant Planning History

No relevant planning history.

# 4. Relevant Policies

# **Ribble Valley Core Strategy:**

Key Statement DS1 – Development Strategy

Key Statement DS2 – Sustainable Development

Key Statement H1 – Housing Provision

Key Statement H2 – Housing Balance

Policy DMG2 – Strategic Considerations

Policy DMG3 – Transport and Mobility

#### **National Planning Policy Framework**

# 5. Assessment of Proposed Development

5.1 The application proposes a residential development of between 1 and 9 dwellings at the application site. As stated above, the scope of permission in principle is limited to location, land use and amount of development; the detailed design of the scheme will be

considered at technical detail stage. Whilst I note objections raised by residents these relate predominantly to matters that would be given full consideration at the technical detail stage.

# 5.2 <u>Principle of Development</u>

- 5.2.1 The development plan for the Borough is the Ribble Valley Core Strategy which was formally adopted in December 2014. The Inspector for the Core Strategy, Simon Berkeley, concluded in his final report dated 25 November 2014 that the Ribble Valley Core Strategy satisfies the requirements of Section 20(5) of the 2004 Act and meets the criteria for soundness in the NPPF.
- 5.2.2 Key Statement DS1 states that:

'The majority of new housing development will be concentrated within an identified strategic site located to the south of Clitheroe towards the A59 and the principal settlements of Clitheroe, Longridge and Whalley.'

5.2.3 In addition to the strategic site at Standen and the borough's principal settlements, development will be focused towards Tier 1 Villages, which are the more sustainable of the 32 defined settlements. Key Statement DS1 identifies Chatburn as a Tier 1 Village and therefore some development will be directed towards the settlement. Key Statement DS1 confirms that:-

'the scale of planned housing growth will be managed to reflect existing population size, the availability of, or the opportunity to provide facilities to serve the development and the extent to which development can be accommodated within the local area.'

- 5.2.4 The proposal site lies immediately adjacent to the settlement boundary of the village of Chatburn. The local planning authority does not dispute that in terms of proximity to services, the site could be deemed to be a sustainable location. The provision of up to 9 dwellings on the edge of the settlement of Chatburn would reflect the existing population size and would not result in any quantifiable or measurable harm to the Development Strategy presented by Key Statement DS1 of the Core Strategy, particularly given that it seeks to focus some new housing development towards the Tier 1 settlements. Therefore, it is confirmed that proposals would not harm the settlement strategy.
- 5.2.5 The application site lies outside the Chatburn settlement boundary in an area defined as open countryside. Core Strategy Policy DMG2 (Strategic Considerations) states that:-

'Development should be in accordance with the Core Strategy development strategy and should support the spatial vision.

1. Development proposals in the principal settlements of Clitheroe, Longridge and Whalley and the Tier 1 Villages should consolidate, expand or round-off development so that it is closely related to the main built up areas, ensuring this is appropriate to the scale of, and in keeping with, the existing settlement.

5.2.6 This part of Policy DMG2 does not apply to the proposal as the development site is not within a Tier 1 Village, but is in the open countryside. Development in the open countryside is dealt with by the following part of the policy:-

Within the Tier 2 Villages and outside the defined settlement areas development must meet at least one of the following considerations:

- 1. The development should be essential to the local economy or social wellbeing of the area.
- 2. The development is needed for the purposes of forestry or agriculture.
- 3. The development is for local needs housing which meets an identified need and is secured as such.
- 4. The development is for small scale tourism or recreational developments appropriate to a rural area.
- 5. The development is for small-scale uses appropriate to a rural area where a local need or benefit can be demonstrated.
- 6. The development is compatible with the enterprise zone designation.
- 5.2.7 As the application site lies outside a defined settlement area it must meet at least one of the considerations listed in Policy DMG2. Core Strategy Policy DMH3 relates specifically to dwellings in the open countryside and AONB. Policy DMH3 reads:-

Within areas defined as Open Countryside or AONB on the proposals map, residential development will be limited to:

- 1. Development essential for the purposes of agriculture or residential development which meets an identified local need. In assessing any proposal for an agricultural, forestry or other essential workers dwellings a functional and financial test will be applied.
- 2. The appropriate conversion of buildings to dwellings providing they are suitably located and their form and general design are in keeping with their surroundings. Buildings must be structurally sound and capable of conversion without the need for complete or substantial reconstruction.
- 3. The rebuilding or replacement of existing dwellings subject to the following criteria:
  - the residential use of the property should not have been abandoned.
  - there being no adverse impact on the landscape in relation to the new dwelling.
- the need to extend an existing curtilage.
- 5.2.8 In order to satisfy policies DMG2 and DMH3 in principle residential development in the open countryside or AONB must meet an identified local housing need or one of the other criteria, none of which would apply in this case.
- 5.2.9 It is relevant at this stage to note that the settlement boundaries for the Borough have been reviewed and are contained on the emerging Proposals Map that was formally submitted, alongside the Council's Housing and Economic Development (HED) DPD, to the Secretary of State on 28 July 2017. Prior to this the settlement boundaries used for Development Management purposes pre-dated the Core Strategy and were part of the District Wide Local Plan (Adopted June 1998). These settlement boundaries were not amended during consideration of the Core Strategy.

- 5.2.10 The HED DPD will include relevant allocations, including housing and employment land and policies for the town centres of Clitheroe, Longridge and Whalley, as well as existing open spaces and revised settlement boundaries all of which will be reflected on a new Proposals Map. As part of the plan preparation for the HED DPD the settlement boundary for Chatburn has been reviewed in accordance with the Interim Settlement Boundary Definition Topic Paper (March 2016) which formed part of the HED DPD evidence base.
- 5.2.11 Unforeseen and lengthy delays have led to the postponement of the HED DPD Examination in Public (EiP) and during this time the Council's housing requirement position has changed. A report titled 'Proposed Additional Housing Allocations' was presented to Planning and Development Committee on the 17 July 2018 and notes that sites have not been completed as expected, fewer permissions have come forward and the recent appeal decision at Higher Road, Longridge raised the issue of housing land supply.
- 5.2.12 The Planning Statement submitted in support of the application challenges the Council's housing land supply position making reference to the recent appeal decision at Higher Road, Longridge (report dated 22 May 2018) where the Inspector states at paragraph 30 of his report:

"When having regard to my above findings with respect to the disputed sites, the Council's housing land supply is reduced by a further 136 dwellings in total during the five year period. As a consequence, I find that on the basis of the evidence before me the deliverable housing land supply demonstrated is approximately 4.5 years, including the application of a 20% buffer, the existing shortfall of delivery, 10% slippage applied to sites with planning permission not started and a windfall allowance, in accordance with the Framework. In that respect, even if the Council's predictions relating to some of the sites prove to be more accurate, it would not significantly alter the housing land supply position and would only marginally reduce the shortfall within the range of 4.5 years and a maximum of 4.7 years of deliverable housing land supply."

5.2.13 In the absence of a five year supply of deliverable sites the relevant policies for the supply of housing would not be considered up to date and therefore the presumption in favour of sustainable development, laid out in the NPPF (and below), would apply.

"For decision-taking this means:

- c) approving development proposals that accord with an up-to-date development plan without delay; or
- d) where there are no relevant development plan policies, or the policies which are most important for determining the application are out-of-date, granting permission unless:
- i. the application of policies in this Framework that protect areas or assets of particular importance provides a clear reason for refusing the development proposed; or
- ii. any adverse impacts of doing so would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in this Framework taken as a whole."

- 5.2.14 The failure to demonstrate a five year supply would reduce the weight that could be attributed to Core Strategy Policy DMH3 in the decision-making process and would tilt the balance towards the grant of permission.
- 5.2.15 However, since the appeal decision at Higher Road, Longridge, there has been a fundamental change in planning policy at a national level. The revised National Planning Policy Framework was published on 24 July 2018 and introduces changes to how local planning authorities calculate housing land supply. Paragraph 73 of the revised NPPF states that "local planning authorities should identify and update annually a supply of specific deliverable site sufficient to provide a minimum of five years' worth of housing against their housing requirement set out in adopted strategic policies...

The supply of specific deliverable site should in addition include a buffer (moved forward from later in the plan period) of:

- a) 5% to ensure choice and competition in the market for land
- b) 10% where the local planning authority wishes to demonstrate a five year supply of deliverable sites through an annual position statement or recently adopted plan, to account for any fluctuations in the market during that year; or
- c) 20% where there has been significant under delivery of housing over the previous three years, to improve the prospect of achieving the planned supply
- 5.2.16 The Inspector at the Higher Road appeal considered a 20% buffer should be applied due to 'a persistent record of under-delivery of housing in Ribble Valley'. The previous Framework did not define the term 'persistent record of under-delivery' and there were uncertainties in relation to the time period over which it was thought historic housing completions should be measured against housing requirements. The revised NPPF provides clarity, specifying a delivery period of three years. Over the past four years housing completions in the Ribble Valley have exceeded housing requirement targets and as such there is no record of 'significant' under delivery to warrant the imposition of a 20% buffer. The Council's latest position is contained in the Housing Land Availability Schedule April 2018 which states that on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2018 the Council was able to demonstrate a 5.3 year supply of housing land with a 5% buffer.
- 5.2.17 Thought must also be given to additional changes introduced by the Housing Delivery Test which provides a standardised method for calculating housing delivery for plan-making authorities, to start in November 2018. The stardardised method will use national household growth projections adjusted based on the affordability of an area. The most recent household growth and affordability ratio statistics for Ribble Valley would result in a reduced minimum annual local housing need figure when compared with the current figure of 280 dwelling per annum in the Core Strategy.
- 5.2.18 Another significant matter on which the revised NPPF is silent is the consideration of any backlog within the calculation. This was included in previous methodology and arises where completions lag behind overall requirements in the plan period to date. Whether or not a factor to reflect any backlog should be

- included in the calculation is not made explicit but, if not, it would result in the removal of 630 dwellings from the Council's housing requirement figures over the next five years as part of the housing land supply calculation.
- 5.2.19 The five year supply calculation published in the Housing Land Availability Schedule April 2018 based on the current annual housing requirement of 280 dwellings and including backlog is therefore considered to be a 'worst case scenario'. Based on this calculation the Council can demonstrate a 5.3 year supply of housing land. However, the direction of travel indicated by the Housing Delivery Test is towards a reduced annual requirement for the Ribble Valley and possible removal of backlog from the calculation. The result of this would be a significantly higher housing land supply figure.
- 5.2.20 Having regard to the above, it is considered that the Council can demonstrate a five year supply of housing land with a 5% buffer. The use of a 5% buffer is supported by the recently published revised NPPF and therefore, even in the 'worst case scenario' (including backlog and ignoring direction of travel towards a reduced annual housing need figure using the standard method set out in the Housing Delivery Test, to start in November 2018) the Council can demonstrate a five year supply. The relevant policies for the supply of housing contained in the adopted Core Strategy can be afforded full weight and the presumption in favour of sustainable development is not engaged.
- 5.2.21 Taking into account all of the above, there is no overwhelming need at this time for the Council to release additional open countryside land for residential development. The residual housing need for the plan period (2008-2028) for Chatburn, identified in Core Strategy table 4.12, has been met. Taking account of completions and permissions, the minimum housing requirement for the borough for the plan period (5,600 dwellings) has been exceeded and the Council can also demonstrate a five year supply of deliverable sites. Given that the proposed scheme is for the erection of up to 9 open market dwellings, the development would fail to comply with policies DMG2 and DMH3 of the Core Strategy. The benefit of the provision of open market dwellings would not, in this case, overcome the harm that would arise from the conflict with Policy DMG2 which underpins the settlement hierarchy for the purposes of delivering sustainable development and Policy DMH3 which seeks to protect the open countryside and designated landscape areas from sporadic or visually harmful development and is necessary to deliver both sustainable patterns of development and the overarching Core Strategy vision.

#### 5.3 Other Considerations

5.3.1 I note concerns raised in relation to the capacity of Chatburn Old Road to absorb additional traffic that would be generated by the proposals and am mindful of the consideration given to highway capacity and safety issues in the Inspectors report for the development of 10 dwellings at the adjacent site that was allowed on appeal. As a requirement of that consent 3/2011/0025 improvements were secured at the junction between Chatburn Old Road and Ribble Lane. In regard to that appeal scheme, the Highway Authority had no concerns in principle regarding on-street parking activity and the capacity of highways to accommodate the additional traffic associated with the dwellings proposed. It is acknowledged that more detailed consideration would need to be given to the impact of development on the local highway network at the technical details

- stage and the highways officer has indicated this may include the provision of waiting restrictions close to the junction with Ribble Lane.
- 5.3.2 In relation to the sites proximity to Lanehead Quarry, a thorough assessment of the potential implications of residential development in this location were undertaken as part of the determination of the planning application for housing on the adjacent site. The Inspector for application 3/2011/0025 noted at paragraph 43 of his report 'it is evident that if the appeal scheme were to be developed, with careful management it should be possible to commercially extract mineral on the eastern face of the quarry, while both meeting the relevant planning conditions regarding blasting vibration, and successfully addressing the potential for complaints to be made. As such, there would be no 'permanent in-direct sterilisation' of reserves in the quarry.' Furthermore, it was considered that noise attenuation measures could be installed to ensure future occupants would enjoy an acceptable level of residential amenity. No comments have been received from the Minerals and Waste section at Lancashire County Council and taking the above into account there is no in-principle reasons for refusal of this application on highway safety or residential amenity grounds.

#### 6. **Conclusion**

- Having considered all of the above, in principle a development of up to 9 dwellings in the open countryside is considered to be contrary to Core Strategy policies DMG2 and DMH3 which seek to limit development within Tier 2 villages and outside the defined settlement areas unless a specified exception is met. The limited social and economic benefits arising from the development would fail to outweigh the conflict with the development plan.
- 6.2 If approved, the proposed development would create a harmful precedent for the acceptance of other similar unjustified proposals without sufficient justification which would have an adverse impact on the implementation of the planning policies of the Council contrary to the interests of the proper planning of the area in accordance with core principles and policies of the NPPF.

## **RECOMMENDATION:** That the application be REFUSED for the followings reasons:

1. The proposal is considered contrary Policies DMG2 and DMH3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy in that approval would lead to the creation of new dwellings in the open countryside without sufficient justification. The proposed development would create a harmful precedent for the acceptance of other similar unjustified proposals which would have an adverse impact on the implementation of the planning policies of the Council contrary to the interests of the proper planning of the area in accordance with core principles and policies of the NPPF.

#### BACKGROUND PAPERS

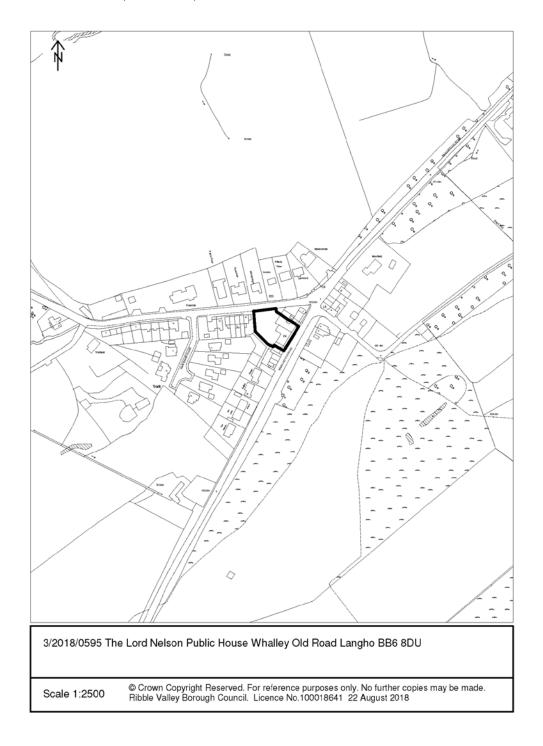
https://www.ribblevalley.gov.uk/site/scripts/planx\_details.php?appNumber=3%2F2018%2F0582

# **APPLICATION NO: 3/2018/0595/P**

GRID REF: SD 371022 433653

# **DEVELOPMENT DESCRIPTION**

PROPOSED RAISED TERRACE TO REAR AT THE LORD NELSON PUBLIC HOUSE, WHALLEY OLD ROAD, LANGHO, BB6 8DU



#### PARISH/TOWN COUNCIL:

None received.

# **HIGHWAYS (LCC):**

No objection.

#### **ADDITIONAL REPRESENTATIONS:**

Letters have been received from the occupants of 12 neighbouring properties and have raised concerns with the proposed development as follows:

- The pub does not need to add this terrace in order to prosper.
- Terraces elevation and siting would give rise to major problem of overlooking gardens.
- Noise issue that exists would become worse.
- Proposed steel framed terrace would be an ugly blot.
- The application does not include any noise assessment.
- Customer use of the ground floor level patio area has previously resulted in a number of noise complaints.
- Raised area will allow noise to travel more widely.
- Light pollution from the site.
- Strongly urge the Council to consider conditions restricting terrace opening times, outdoor illumination and provision of noise mitigation to the boundaries with residential properties.
- In breach of previous planning conditions.
- Odour of food from the balcony.
- Lack of parking and highway safety concerns.

# 1. **Proposal**

1.1 The proposal is to form a raised terrace, accessed from the ground floor bar, to the rear of the public house. This would replace the existing timber staircase. The proposed platform would be 2.8 metres above ground level and would measure 4m x 7m. It would be constructed from steel with a glass balustrade. The applicant has confirmed that the terrace would be used as an outdoor seating area. The proposed times of use are 16.00-21.30 Monday to Thursday and 12.00-22.00 Friday to Sunday.

#### 2. Site Location

- 2.1 Planning consent is sought for the erection of a raised terrace to the rear of The Lord Nelson Public House, Whalley Old Road, Langho. The Lord Nelson is a traditional village pub facing onto Whalley Old Road, Langho. The pub is part of a small terrace of properties. It is adjoined on the south side by no.9 Whalley Old Road, which is in the applicant's ownership and used as bed and breakfast accommodation and, beyond that, no.11 which is a residential dwelling. The public house is not directly adjoined to the north however, there is a terraced row of three dwellings, 3-7 Whalley Old Road, approximately 9 metres from the gable end.
- 2.2 The cluster of buildings which The Lord Nelson forms part of is located outside the main settlement of Langho and is known as York Village. The site is located within the

designated Green Belt. The Lord Nelson is a stone building and is of considerable age being denoted on the 1845 1:10,000 historic map.

2.3 The front elevation of the public house is two storeys. Due to a change in levels from front to back, the rear elevation is three storeys in height. To the rear of the building is the garden which can be accessed via an existing staircase with landing. The pub garden bounds the residential gardens of no.11 Old Whalley Road, no.1 Hawthorn Close and no.18 York Road.

## 3. Relevant History

3/2003/0164 - Extension of licensed area into adjacent cottage and formation of staircase to rear. Withdrawn.

# 4. Relevant Policies

# **Ribble Valley Core Strategy**

Key Statement EN1 – Green Belt Policy DMG1 – General Considerations

Policy DMB1 – Supporting Business Growth and the Local Economy

#### Other Material Considerations:

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)
Technical Guidance to the National Planning Policy Framework
Planning Practice Guidance (PPG)

# 5. **Assessment of Proposed Development**

5.1 The main considerations in determining this application are the impact of the development of the visual appearance of the existing building and the surrounding area, its effect on the residential amenities of neighbouring residents and its impact on the Green Belt.

#### 5.2 Designated Green Belt

5.2.1 Having regard to Green Belt policy, the proposed raised terrace is an alteration to an existing building and does not result in disproportionate additions over and above the size of the original building. As such, it is deemed that the proposals are not inappropriate development in the Green Belt.

#### 5.3 Visual appearance and design

5.3.1 As noted above, the public house is a stone building with a traditional appearance. The erection of a raised terrace constructed from steel and glass would not reflect the host building's character. The Lord Nelson is a building of some historic merit by virtue of its historic, cultural and aesthetic significance. Whilst the impact of the development would not result in sufficient visual harm to justify refusal of the application consideration should be given to the use of traditional materials and, in the officer's opinion, a timber framed structure would be a more sympathetic addition.

#### 5.4 Impact on the residential amenity of neighbours

- 5.4.1 In assessing the application the impact of development on the residential amenity of neighbouring occupants is a material consideration. The application building is located within a predominantly residential area. On the south side the proposed terrace would be located 4.5 metres from the boundary with the garden of no.11 Whalley Old Road. As submitted, patrons would have a close, elevated and unobscured view of the private rear garden of no.11 Whalley Old Road resulting in an unacceptable loss of privacy for this neighbour and some loss of privacy for the neighbours further south.
- 5.4.2 To the rear of the application site are the rear gardens of 1 Hawthorn Close and 18 York Lane. The boundaries for these gardens are approximately 20m from the proposed balcony. During my site visit it was noted that high deciduous shrubs and trees obscured clear views of the private amenity space associated with these properties. The evergreen hedge to the rear of the site along the boundary with 18 York Lane is located on land owned by the applicant and therefore their retention and ongoing maintenance could be secured by condition. There would be a requirement for the hedge to be maintained at a height of 2-2.5 metres and the immediate replacement of any dead, dying or dangerous plants in order to maintain privacy levels. There are a number of trees and shrubs within the garden of 1 Hawthorn Close which would maintain an acceptable level of privacy for the occupants of that particular dwelling.
- 5.4.3 To the north there is a degree of separation between the north side of the proposed raised terrace and no.7 Whalley Old Road. The pub building projects rearwards on its north side and this rear projection would provide some screening of views towards the private garden of 7 Whalley Old Road. The terrace does however project out to a point where some views towards the rear garden of no.7 would be possible.
- 5.4.4 In order to reduce the level of overlooking of gardens to the north and south, the Council could impose a requirement for the erection of 1.8m high privacy screens. However, it is the planning officer's view that in this case the erection of privacy screens along the north and south sides would fail to reduce the harm to residential amenity to an acceptable level. Views could still be gained from the rear (east) of the balcony to the rear garden of no.11 Whalley Old Road and the erection of the raised balcony in such close proximity to this neighbouring property would be severely detrimental to the occupant's ability to enjoy their private space.
- 5.4.5 In addition to a loss of privacy, the erection of the raised terrace would raise concerns regarding noise and disturbance in the area. Consideration has been given to noise guidance set out in The Framework (revised July 2018), the National Planning Practice Guidance (NPPG), and the Noise Policy Statement for England. It is noted that there have been a small number of complaints received by the Council in relation to noise from the site. The applicant has stated that the proposed development would not result in any additional noise when compared with the existing use. It was evident from a visit to the site that the pub garden is used as an outside seating area, however, the existing licensing agreement for the Lord Nelson does not include the garden area to the rear and, as such, based on the current license there is no outdoor drinking permitted.

5.4.6 Regardless of the license conditions, which could be subject to change, noise would still result from customers using the rear garden. The existing pub garden is bound on the south side by a high fence. Hedging and fencing also bound the garden to the north and west and these boundaries would provide some noise attenuation from sound emitted at ground level. The result of raising the area from which noise would originate is that it would project over the boundaries of the site and, without a detailed assessment of noise to suggest otherwise, it is considered that the provision of a raised terrace, in particular so close to the rear windows and boundary of no.7 Whalley Old Road, would result in a considerable amount of disturbance and a significant adverse effect which would cause a material change in the behaviour and/or attitude of neighbouring residents. As such, the development would be contrary to Core Strategy Policy DMG1 and paragraphs 127 and 180 of the NPPF.

# 6. **Conclusion**

6.1 Despite highway safety being raised as a concern by neighbours, no objections have been received from the County Surveyor. Having regard to the above, it is recommended that the application be refused due to the significant adverse impact that would arise from noise and disturbance and loss of privacy.

RECOMMENDATION: That the application be refused for the following reason(s):

The proposed development, by virtue of the raised terrace's siting and elevated position, would fail to accord with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy. The use of the balcony would result in unacceptable noise and disturbance, especially during evenings and weekends, which is likely to have a negative impact on the amenity of existing residents and would impact on the ability of neighbours to enjoy their gardens peacefully. Furthermore, it would facilitate overlooking of residential gardens resulting in an undue loss of privacy.

# **BACKGROUND PAPERS**

https://www.ribblevalley.gov.uk/site/scripts/planx\_details.php?appNumber=3%2F2018%2F0595

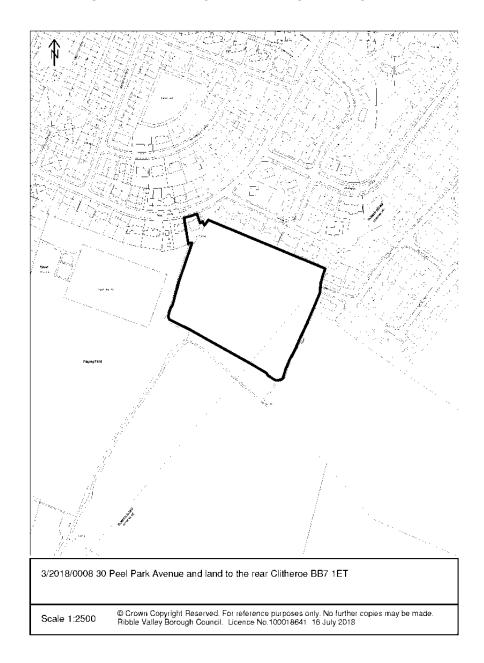
# D APPLICATIONS ON WHICH COMMITTEE 'DEFER' THEIR APPROVAL SUBJECT TO WORK 'DELEGATED' TO THE DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY SERVICES BEING SATISFACTORILY COMPLETED

**APPLICATION REF: 3/2018/0008** 

GRID REF: SD 374748 441061

# **DEVELOPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

DEMOLITION OF EXISTING DWELLING AND ERECTION OF 34 BUNGALOWS FOR THE OVER 55S WITH ASSOCIATED ACCESS, PARKING, LANDSCAPING AND OPEN SPACE AT 30 PEEL PARK AVENUE AND LAND TO THE REAR CLITHEROE BB7 1ET



#### **CONSULTEE RESPONSES/ REPRESENTATIONS MADE:**

#### TOWN COUNCIL:

Object on grounds of over intensification of the site and poor site access

# **ENVIRONMENT DIRECTORATE (COUNTY SURVEYOR):**

Initially raised no objections but requested amendments so that the road would be capable of adoption. Following further correspondence with the developer accepted the original layout subject to technical conditions relating to road specifications, access details, lighting requirements and construction method statement. Following submission of further information from the applicants highways consultant no amendments were secured in relation to the requests relating to changes to the internal road layout.

#### LEAD LOCAL FLOOD AUTHORITY:

The Lead Local Flood Authority originally objected due to the absence of an acceptable Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) but following receipt no longer raise any objections subject to appropriate conditions. These are incorporated in the report.

#### **UNITED UTILITIES:**

Following our review of Flood Risk Assessment, we can confirm the proposals are acceptable in principle to United Utilities. The drainage for the development hereby approved, shall be carried out in accordance with principles set out in the submitted Flood Risk Assessment (Ref No. B2030 Peel Park Avenue, Dated 07/12/17) which was prepared by Michael Lambert Associates. No surface water will be permitted to drain directly or indirectly into the public sewer. Any variation to the discharge of foul shall be agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to the commencement of the development. The development shall be completed in accordance with the approved details.

Reason: To ensure a satisfactory form of development and to prevent an undue increase in surface water run-off and to reduce the risk of flooding. Also recommend the Local Planning Authority include a condition in their Decision Notice regarding a management and maintenance regime for any sustainable drainage system that is included as part of the proposed development.

# **ENVIRONMENT AGENCY:**

Not required to be consulted on this application.

#### LANCASHIRE ARCHAEOLOGICAL ADVISORY SERVICE:

No objection and recommend imposition of a recording brief condition.

#### ADDITIONAL REPRESENTATIONS:

16 letters of objection have been received; these include one letter with a petition from 90 signatures many of which have also sent separate objection letters, 13 letters from individual households which raise the following concerns:

The impact the development would have on the local habitat and loss of wildlife.

- Concern over drainage and flooding impact.
- If approved there would need to be a mechanism to control development for the bungalows only and restrict any further extensions.
- Concern over traffic implications and in particular the generation of vehicular traffic as a result of the development on the existing highway network as well as the new access point.
- The site is not identified as a development site in the Core Strategy or in the housing and economic document and was rejected as a SHLA site and therefore is inappropriate.
- There are more than enough houses that have already been granted in Clitheroe in excess of the Core Strategy figure and this would result in further loss of greenfield sites.
- The scheme makes no reference on how to address sustainability issues.
- Loss of privacy as a result of development caused by construction traffic, noise and overlooking if the development was to go ahead.
- There is an environmental impact.
- There is a lack of support in infrastructure to facilitate a development and in particular schooling, doctors surgery, shops and access to a reasonable bus service.
- There is concern that this is just a money grabbing exercise by Clitheroe Grammar School.
- The morality of such a decision is questioned.
- There is concern over the red line on the plan that is inaccurate and in particular the maintenance of a local ditch.
- Consider the revised FRA to be incomplete.

# 1. <u>Site Description and Surrounding Area</u>

1.1 The land is agricultural land of 1.97 hectares and situated in the south east part of Clitheroe and within the main settlement boundary of Clitheroe. It is bound by residential development to the north and west and to the south by open fields which forms part of y the Strategic Mixed Use development site Standen. There is also a sports pitch that borders the site.

# 2. Proposed Development for which consent is sought

- 2.1 The application seeks full planning consent and is for 34 bungalows that would be specifically for over 55's of which 4 would be Affordable bungalows.
- 2.2 In terms of materials the bungalows would be finished in natural stone and render with the properties beyond being finished in artificial stone and render.
- 2.3 Vehicular access to the residential development would be provided via a new access point to be taken off Peel Park Avenue which is facilated by the demolition of number 30 Peel Park Avenue.
- 2.4 Each dwelling would be provided with at least two designated car parking spaces with some properties having integral garages and/or cycle sheds in the rear garden.

#### 3. Relevant Planning History

None

## 4. Relevant Policies

Ribble Valley Core Strategy:

Key Statement DS1 – Development Strategy

Key Statement DS2 – Sustainable Development

Key Statement EN2 – Landscape

Key Statement EN3 – Sustainable Development and Climate Change

Key Statement EN4 – Biodiversity and Geodiversity

Key Statement H1 – Housing Provision

Key Statement H2 – Housing Balance

Key Statement H3 – Affordable Housing

Key Statement DMI1 - Planning Obligations

Key Statement DMI2 – Transport Considerations

Policy DMG1 – General Considerations

Policy DMG2 – Strategic Considerations

Policy DMH1 – Affordable Housing Criteria

Policy DMG3 – Transport and Mobility

Policy DMB4 – Open Space Provision

Policy DME3 – Site and Species Protection and Conservation

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)

National Planning Practice Guidance (NPPG)

## 5. **Assessment of Proposed Development**

# 5.1 Principle of Development:

- 5.1.1 The application site is located within the Settlement Boundary of Clitheroe, which is categorised as one of the principal settlements in Key Statement DS1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy. Key Statement DS1, along with Policy DMG2, seeks to ensure new housing is located within either the three principal settlements of Clitheroe, Whalley or Longridge, the strategic site or the nine Tier 1 Villages which are considered to be the more sustainable of the 32 defined settlements.
- 5.1.2 The application site is adjoined by the Strategic Mixed Use development site Standen and existing residential development and sports pitch. As such the site is considered to be located within a sustainable location and the principle of residential development on this site would accord with the fundamental aims of the Development Strategy within the adopted Core Strategy.
- 5.1.3 With regard to housing land supply, at the time of writing this report it is considered that the latest published figures (March 2018) the Council has a 5.3 year housing land supply. In light of the fact that the Council can demonstrate completions above our annual requirement for the past 4 years it is of the opinion that the 5% buffer is applied for the purposes of calculating our 5 year supply (as per paragraph 73 of the new NPPF).
- 5.1.4 In respect of residual need, the Core Strategy proportions a total of 1280 houses to be built in Clitheroe during the plan period (2028). Whilst the housing requirement for Clitheroe has already been exceeded by I do not consider such an over provision would not cause harm to the development strategy, particularly

given that the application site is located within the settlement boundary of one of the principal (most sustainable) settlements in the borough, and the proposed development would further add to the borough's housing land supply, including the provision of both a housing mix comprising of 1,2,and 3 bedroom bungalows for the over 55's including market and affordable units.. Additionally the residual need figures are expressed as a minimum requirement as opposed to a maximum.

- 5.1.5 In view of the above, it is considered that the broad principle of developing this site for residential use, within the Settlement Boundary of Clitheroe, complies with Key Statements DS1 and DS2, along with Policy DMG2, of the Core Strategy.
- 5.2 Viability Assessment in respect of affordable housing contribution.
  - 5.2.1 In relation to Affordable Housing the proposal does not offer the minimum of 20% Affordable Housing. Viability assessments have been carried out and it has been concluded that given the nature of the development being bungalows it can provide for 4 units which is approximately 10% and therefore sits below the minimum threshold. One option would be to simply refuse the development on that basis and anticipate other sites will come forward to meet the provision or the existing site could be altered in its housing mix to promote a higher density development incorporating 2 storey dwellings which would allow for a different financial return to make the site more viable. A meeting has took place between the applicant, the LPA, and the Independent Surveyor in order to consider a on a scheme that would be viable and seek to obtain the maximum amount of financial contributions and affordable housing, whilst still being acceptable in all other aspects of planning. After these lengthy discussions and negotiations the applicant has agreed to provide the following as part of this application:
    - 4 Affordable Bungalows
    - Off site sport and recreation contribution of £14,000;
    - Ecology Contribution of £3,000;
  - 5.2.2 Discussions and negotiations have taken place throughout the application process and the above offer from the applicant is considered to be the maximum/best that is financially viable having regard to the submitted scheme. In assessing the overall scheme it should be recognised that the scheme is for 34 bungalows and would be only one of a few sites of this size for bungalows only and the applicant has also agreed to allow the marketing scheme to allow for Clitheroe residents to have the first option during an initial marketing of the site. A similar condition worked successfully on a smaller bungalow development at barrow.
  - 5.2.3 It is evident from the response of the Regeneration and Housing section that there is no objection in principle to the scheme but is not supported by the Housing Strategy Officer as it under delivers in relation to Affordable Housing as it only provides 10 % rather than the minimum 20%. In relation to the revised NPPF Paragraph 64 states that Major applications should provide a minimum of 10 % of homes should be for affordable home ownership. However one of the exemptions relates to specialist accommodation which may include purpose built accommodation for the elderly.

#### 5.3 Impact upon Residential Amenity:

- 5.3.1 I note the concerns of the local residents with regards to highway issues and privacy on the basis of the advice from LCC highways do not consider it significant enough to warrant a refusal and in terms of privacy I consider there is adequate distance between the proposed dwelling that face towards the rear gardens of Claremont Drive and fencing or landscaping could further reduce any impact.
- 5.3.2 With regard to the relationship between the proposed dwellings within the development site, the proposal would accord with the Council's recommended separation distances so as to ensure that acceptable levels of amenity are provided for proposed residents.
- 5.3.3 In view of the above it is considered that the proposed dwellings would result in an acceptable relationship with existing neighbouring properties/uses, and mitigation measures can be included to ensure the future occupiers of the proposed dwellings are not unduly affected by neighbouring land uses, in accordance with the relevant sections of Core Strategy Policy DMG1.

#### 5.4 Layout/Visual Amenity/External Appearance

- 5.4.1 In respect of the proposed dwellings there is a mixture of detached, semi detached as well as two blocks of 3 bungalows. The larger 3 bedroom detached bungalows have integral garages and the smaller detached bungalows have individual garages. The semi detached units have individual driveways with the "terraced blocks" having parking at the front. I consider the layout itself to be acceptable as it offers a mixture of design features and given the nature of the proposal does not dominate the surrounding landscape. It does not offer the same amenity space as the immediate dwellings that border the site I am satisfied that the layout itself is visually acceptable.
- 5.4.2 It is considered that the layout and design/appearance of the proposed development is in keeping with the surrounding area and would provide a range of different bungalows with different design features including small gabled bay windows and brick and timber detailing at the eaves of the units. The proposal therefore complies with Policy DMG1 which requires all proposals to be sympathetic to existing land uses in terms of scale, style, features and materials.

#### 5.5 Highway Safety and Accessibility:

5.5.1 The County Highway Officer has raised no objection to the application and requested certain changes to the internal road layout. Although these have not been secured I consider the additional requirements to be unreasonable. including the creation of the new vehicle access point off peel Park Avenue.

# 5.6 Landscape/Ecology/Trees:

- 5.6.1 The submitted application includes a detailed arboricultural report and landscape proposals
- 5.6.2 The proposal includes the retention of the trees and hedgerow on the site boundary. The landscaped areas within the site are private lawned areas. The

- applicant has agreed to an off site contribution of £5,000 as biodiversity offset which could be used at Primrose or elsewhere such as the Local wildlife reserves.
- 5.6.3 The submitted application also includes an extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and a Protected Species Survey. The Countryside Officer has reviewed these documents and raised no objection, subject to the imposition of conditions. A condition has also been included requiring habitat connectivity boundary treatments and details of bat and bird boxes to be installed throughout the site.

# 5.7 Flood Risk and Drainage:

5.7.1 The application site is not located within Floodzone 2 or 3, however given the scale of development a Flood Risk Assessment and drainage strategy has been submitted with the application. As part of the consultation process the LPA have consulted with United Utilities. Following reconsultation the LLFA have raised no objection, subject to the imposition of recommended conditions to any approval.

## 5.8 Developer Contributions:

- 5.8.1 The applicant has agreed make a financial contribution of towards the installation/improvement/maintenance of an area of Public Open Space and sports provision facilities (off-site).
- 5.8.2 The application site is located within proximity of two Nature Reserves (Salt Hill and Cross Hill) as well as Primrose Lodge and the Council's Countryside Officer has requested that the applicant make a contribution towards biodiversity on these sites, as an off-set to the works taking place on the application site which has some biodiversity value. The applicant has accepted this request and a sum of £5,000.

# 5.9 Other Issues

5.9.1 In terms of heritage issues the location of a roman road within the site has been noted and an appropriate condition has been imposed in accordance with the advice of LAAS.

# 6. **Conclusion**

6.1 I recognise the concern expressed by the Strategic Housing Officer but consider the other benefits including the provision of bungalows for over 55's, an element of affordable housing, biodiversity offset contribution, Off site recreational financial contribution and the associated economic benefits from the development and given its suitability in terms of location render the scheme acceptable.

**RECOMMENDATION**: That the application be DEFERRED and DELEGATED to the Director of Community Services for approval subject to the satisfactory completion of a Legal Agreement, within 3 months from the date of this Committee meeting or delegated to the Director of Community Services in conjunction with the Chairperson and Vice Chairperson of Planning and Development Committee should exceptional circumstances exist beyond the period of 3 months and the following conditions:

1. The development must be begun no later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date of this permission.

REASON: Required to be imposed pursuant to Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

- 2. Unless explicitly required by condition within this consent, the development hereby permitted shall be carried out in complete accordance with the proposals as detailed on drawings:
  - Location Plan OS-01
  - Site Layout 17-15-SK01 A
  - Street Scenes 17-15-S01
  - Garage Detail GD-01
  - Materials Plan 17-15-SK02
  - Boundary detail 17-15-SK01
  - House Type booklet
  - Design and Access Statement

REASON: For the avoidance of doubt and to clarify which plans are relevant to the consent.

# Matters of Design

3. All materials to be used in the elevations and roof of the proposed development shall be as stated on the application form and approved drawings and shall not be varied without the prior written permission of the Local Planning Authority.

REASON: The proposed materials are appropriate to the locality in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

4. Prior to the commencement of the development details of the design and position of the external meter boxes shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority. For the avoidance of doubt the details shall indicate that no meter boxes will be located on the primary elevations of the proposed dwellings or on locations that that are afforded a high level of visibility upon the streetscene. The development shall be carried out in strict accordance with the approved details unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

REASON: In order that the Local Planning Authority may ensure that the detailed design of the proposal is appropriate to the locality and results in acceptable standard of appearance in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

#### Landscape

5. The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the boundary treatment proposals as detailed on approved drawing no. 17-15-SK01.

REASON: To ensure the proposal is satisfactorily landscaped and appropriate to the locality in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

No development including any site preparation, scrub/hedgerow clearance shall commence until the measures to protect the trees identified in the approved Arboricultural Impact Assessment prepared by Ascerta and shown in Appendix 2, drawing no. P.904.17.02 A have been carried out in accordance with BS5837 (2012): 'Trees in Relation to Construction'. Such fencing shall be erected in its entirety prior to any other operations taking place on the site. This fencing should not be breached or removed during development. Furthermore within the areas so fenced the existing ground level shall be neither raised nor lowered and there shall be no development or development-related activity of any description including the deposit of spoil or the storage of materials unless expressly agreed by the Local Planning Authority.

REASON: To protect trees/hedging of landscape and visual amenity value on and adjacent to the site or those likely to be affected by the proposed development in accordance with Policies DMG1 and DME2 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

# Drainage and Flooding

7. Foul and surface water shall be drained on separate systems.

REASON: To secure proper drainage and to manage the risk of flooding and pollution in accordance with Policy DME6 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

No development shall commence until final details of the design, based on sustainable drainage principles, and implementation of an appropriate surface water sustainable drainage scheme have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority.

Those details shall include, as a minimum:

- a) Information about the lifetime of the development, design storm period and intensity (1 in 30 & 1 in 100 year + allowance for climate change see EA advice Flood risk assessments: climate change allowances'), discharge rates and volumes (both pre and post development), temporary storage facilities, the methods employed to delay and control surface water discharged from the site, and the measures taken to prevent flooding and pollution of the receiving groundwater and/or surface waters, including watercourses, and details of floor levels in AOD:
- b) The drainage strategy should demonstrate that the post development surface water run-off rate will not exceed the pre-development greenfield run-off rate for the corresponding rainfall event. The maximum surface water run-off rate from the development will be no greater than 10.6l/s. The scheme shall subsequently be implemented in accordance with the approved details before the development is completed.
- Any works required off-site to ensure adequate discharge of surface water without causing flooding or pollution (which should include refurbishment of existing watercourses (open or culverted) and headwalls or removal of unused culverts where relevant);
- d) Flood water exceedance routes, both on and off site;
- e) A timetable for implementation, including phasing as applicable;
- f) Evidence of an assessment of the site conditions to include a site investigation and test results to confirm infiltrations rates. If infiltration is shown to be a viable option for the disposal of surface water, then this should then be used as the

primary method for disposing of surface water from the site. Disposal via an ordinary watercourse will only be considered where infiltration is proved to be unsuitable.

g) Details of water quality controls, where applicable.

The scheme shall be implemented in accordance with the approved details prior to first occupation of any of the approved dwellings, or completion of the development, whichever is the sooner. Thereafter the drainage system shall be retained, managed and maintained in accordance with the approved details.

REASON: To ensure that the proposed development can be adequately drained and to ensure there is no flood risk on or off the site resulting from the proposed development in accordance with Policy DME6 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

- 9. No development shall commence until details of an appropriate management and maintenance plan for the sustainable drainage system for the lifetime of the development have been submitted which, as a minimum, shall include:
  - a) The arrangements for adoption by an appropriate public body or statutory undertaker, management and maintenance by a Residents' Management Company
  - b) Arrangements concerning appropriate funding mechanisms for its on-going maintenance of all elements of the sustainable drainage system (including mechanical components) and will include elements such as:
    - i. on-going inspections relating to performance and asset condition assessments
    - ii. operation costs for regular maintenance, remedial works and irregular maintenance caused by less sustainable limited life assets or any other arrangements to secure the operation of the surface water drainage scheme throughout its lifetime;
  - c) Means of access for maintenance and easements where applicable.

The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the approved details prior to first occupation of any of the approved dwellings, or completion of the development, whichever is the sooner. Thereafter the sustainable drainage system shall be managed and maintained in accordance with the approved details.

REASON: To ensure that appropriate and sufficient funding and maintenance mechanisms are put in place for the lifetime of the development. To reduce the flood risk to the development as a result of inadequate maintenance and to identify the responsible organisation/body/company/undertaker for the sustainable drainage system in accordance with Policy DME6 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

No development hereby permitted shall be occupied until the sustainable drainage scheme for the site has been completed in accordance with the submitted details. The sustainable drainage scheme shall be managed and maintained thereafter in accordance with the agreed management and maintenance plan.

REASON: To ensure that the proposed development can be adequately maintained and to ensure there is no flood risk on or off the site resulting from the proposed development in accordance with Policy DME6 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

## Highways

- 11. Prior to any building work commencing on site a scheme for the provision of facilities to charge electric vehicles within at least 30% of the dwellings hereby approved shall have been submitted to the Local Planning Authority for approval. The development shall be carried out in strict accordance with the approved details and the charging facilities shall be made available for use prior to the occupation of each dwellings house within which they will be installed.
  - REASON: To ensure that provision is made for electric powered cars and to support sustainable methods of travel in accordance with Key Statement DMI2 and Policy DMG3 of the Core Strategy.
- 12. For the full period of construction, facilities shall be available on site for the cleaning of the wheels of vehicles leaving the site and such equipment shall be used as necessary to prevent mud and stones being carried onto the highway. The roads adjacent to the site shall be mechanically swept as required during the full construction period.
  - REASON: To prevent stones and mud being carried onto the public highway to the detriment of road safety.
- 13. No development shall take place, including any works of demolition, until a construction method statement has been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The approved statement shall be adhered to throughout the construction period. It shall provide include:
  - The parking of vehicles of site operatives and visitors;
  - Loading and unloading of plant and materials used in the construction of the development;
  - Storage of such plant and materials;
  - Periods when plant and materials trips should not be made to and from the site (mainly peak hours but the developer to identify times when trips of this nature should not be made);
  - Routes to be used by vehicles carrying plant and materials to and from the site;
  - Measures to ensure that construction and delivery vehicles do not impede access to adjoining properties.
  - Details of working hours
  - The method of demolition for the existing property
  - The erection and maintenance of security hoarding
  - Contact details for the site manager

REASON: In the interests of protecting residential amenity from noise and disturbance and to ensure the safe operation of the Highway during the construction phase of the development in accordance with Policies DMG1 and DMG3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

14. The new estate road for the development shall be constructed in accordance with the Lancashire County Council Specification for Construction of Estate Roads to at least base course level up to the entrance of the site compound before any development takes place within the site and shall be further extended before any development commences fronting the new access road.

REASON: To ensure that satisfactory access is provided to the site before the development hereby permitted becomes operative.

15. The parking, garaging and associated manoeuvring facilities shown on the plans hereby approved shall be surfaced or paved, drained and marked out and made available in accordance with the approved Site Layout Drawing prior to the occupation of any of the dwellings. Such parking facilities shall thereafter be permanently retained for that purpose (notwithstanding the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015).

REASON: In the interests of visual amenity and to facilitate adequate vehicle parking and turning facilities to serve the site in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

16. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Development Procedure) Order 2015 and the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (Amendment) (No 2) (England) Order 2015, or any subsequent Orders or statutory provision re-enacting the provisions of these Orders, all garages shown on the approved plan shall be maintained as such and shall not be converted to or used for living accommodation without the prior written approval of the Local Planning Authority in consultation with the Highway Authority.

REASON: In the interests of visual amenity and to facilitate adequate vehicle parking and/or turning facilities to serve the dwelling in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

# Further Control over Development

17. Prior to the commencement of the development details of the design and position of the external meter boxes shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority. For the avoidance of doubt the details shall indicate that no meter boxes will be located on the primary elevations of the proposed dwellings or on locations that that are afforded a high level of visibility upon the streetscene. The development shall be carried out in strict accordance with the approved details unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

REASON: In order that the Local Planning Authority may ensure that the detailed design of the proposal is appropriate to the locality and results in acceptable standard of appearance in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

## Ecology and Trees

- 18. The development hereby approved shall be carried out in complete accordance with the recommendations and mitigation measures detailed within the submitted Protected Species Survey (Dec 2016) and Phase 1 Habitat Survey (Dec 16).
  - REASON: In the interests of biodiversity and to enhance nesting/roosting opportunities for species of conservation concern and reduce the impact of development in accordance with Policies DMG1 and EN4 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.
- 19. No clearance of any vegetation in preparation for or during the course of development shall take place during the bird breeding season (March August inclusive) unless an ecological survey has first been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local

Planning Authority which demonstrates that the vegetation to be cleared is not utilised for bird nesting. Should the survey reveal the presence of any nesting species, then no clearance of any vegetation shall take place during the bird breeding season until a methodology for protecting nest sites during the course of the development has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. Nest site protection shall thereafter be provided in accordance with the duly approved methodology.

REASON: To ensure that there are no adverse effects on the favourable conservation status of birds and to protect the bird population from damaging activities and reduce or remove the impact of development in accordance with Key Statement EN4 and Policies DMG1 and DME3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

# Residential Amenity

20. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority, no building or engineering operations within the site or deliveries to and from the site shall take place other than between 07:30 hours and 18:00 hours Monday to Friday and between 08:30 hours and 14:00 hours on Saturdays, and not at all on Sundays or Bank Holidays.

REASON: In order to protect the amenities of existing residents in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

## Archaeology and Heritage

21. No development shall take place until the applicant, or their agent or successors in title, has secured the implementation of a programme of archaeological building recording and analysis. This must be carried out in accordance with a written scheme of investigation, which shall first have been submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The programme of recording should comprise a Level 3 record, as set out in 'Understanding Historic Buildings' (Historic England 2016). It should be undertaken by an appropriately experienced and qualified professional archaeological contractor to the standards and guidance set out by the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists.

REASON: To ensure and safeguard the recording and inspection of matters of archaeological/historical importance associated with the site in accordance with Policy DME4 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

# **INFORMATIVES:**

- 1. The alterations to the existing highway as part of the new works may require changes to the existing street lighting at the expense of the client/developer.
- 2. The grant of planning permission will require the applicant to enter into an appropriate Legal Agreement, with the County Council as Highway Authority. The Highway Authority hereby reserves the right to provide the highway works within the highway associated with this proposal. Provision of the highway works includes design, procurement of the work by contract and supervision of the works. The applicant should be advised to contact the contact the Environment Directorate for further information by telephoning the Developer Support Section on 0300 123 6780, or emailing the Developer Support Section, Lancashire County Council, Environment Directorate, at <a href="mailto:lhscustomerservice@lancashire.gov.uk">lhscustomerservice@lancashire.gov.uk</a>

3. The grant of planning permission does not entitle a developer to obstruct a right of way and any proposed stopping-up or diversion of a right of way should be the subject of an Order under the appropriate Act.

# **BACKGROUND PAPERS**

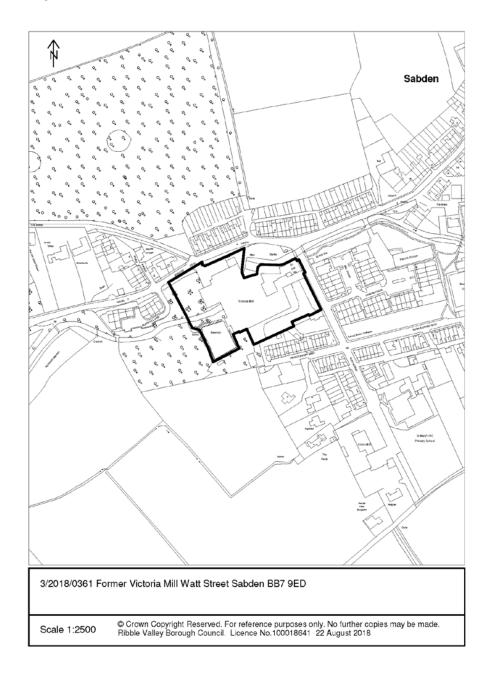
https://www.ribblevalley.gov.uk/site/scripts/planx\_details.php?appNumber=3%2F2018%2F0008

#### **APPLICATION REF: 3/2018/0361**

GRID REF: SD 377579 437273

#### **DEVELOPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

FULL APPLICATION FOR THE DEMOLITION OF EXISTING STRUCTURES AND REMOVAL OF CULVERT TO SABDEN BROOK; DEVELOPMENT OF 30 DWELLINGS INCLUDING RECONSTRUCTION OF FORMER MARBIL OFFICE BUILDINGS AS NEW DWELLINGS; RECONSTRUCTION OF BASE OF MILL CHIMNEY AS AN ECOLOGY TOWER AND ASSOCIATED ACCESS AND LANDSCAPING. FORMER VICTORIA MILL WATT STREET SABDEN BB7 9ED



## **CONSULTEE RESPONSES/ REPRESENTATIONS MADE:**

#### **SABDEN PARISH COUNCIL:**

Sabden Parish Council have raised no objection to the proposed development.

# **ENVIRONMENT DIRECTORATE (COUNTY SURVEYOR):**

The Highways Development Control Section have raised no objection to the proposal subject to the developer entering into a S278 agreement in relation to off-site highways works and the imposition of conditions relating to charging points for electric vehicles, construction management and wheel washing facilities.

# LAAS (LANCASHIRE ARCHAEOLOGICAL ADVISORY SERVICE)

LAAS have confirmed they are in receipt of an acceptable record of Victoria Mill which includes the results of some trial excavation. The building record will be entered into the Lancashire Historic Environment Record.

Given the above, LAAS have confirmed that no archaeological conditions are required to be imposed and no further building recording is required.

#### **UNITED UTILITIES**

No objection subject to the imposition of conditions relating to surface water drainage.

# LLFA

The Lead Local Flood Authority have withdrawn their objection to the proposal following the receipt of revised information. The LLFA therefore have no objection to the proposal subject to the imposition of conditions requiring an appropriate surface water sustainable drainage scheme to be submitted, the submission an appropriate management and maintenance plan for the sustainable drainage system for the lifetime of the development and a requirement to submit details of how surface water and pollution prevention will be managed during each construction phase of the development.

#### **ENVIRONMENT AGENCY**

The Environment Agency have withdrawn their objection to the proposal following the receipt of revised and additional information. The Agency further requires that conditions be imposed that limit occupation of the dwellings until the Sabden Brook culvert has been removed and the watercourse restored to open channel in accordance with the submitted details.

The Agency has further requested that a condition be imposed in relation to contaminated land and the need for further investigations to be undertaken relating to potential contaminated land and to feed back in to the Environmental Risk assessment which will further inform any potential required remediation works.

#### ADDITIONAL REPRESENTATIONS:

Two letters of representation have been received objecting to the proposal on the following grounds:

- Increased flood risk
- Inadequate affordable housing provision
- Proposal does not enhance the natural beauty of the area given its location within the AONB
- Impact upon highways and increased traffic
- Services in the area already at capacity

One letter of support has also been received in respect of the application.

# 1. <u>Site Description and Surrounding Area</u>

- 1.1 The application relates to the Victoria Mill site in Sabden. The site is located within the defined Sabden Conservation Area (CA) and the also within the Forest of Bowland Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty. The application site is approximately 1.13 Hectares in area, being brownfield in nature.
- 1.2 The site currently accommodates the Victoria Mill complex consisting of five main elements comprising an office/preparation block, spinning block/mill, weaving shed, chimney two engine houses and other ancillary structures. The Mill chimney is identified as a 'focal building' within the Sabden Conservation Area Appraisal (SCAA) with the Spinning Mill and Marbil Office buildings also being identified as a buildings of townscape merit.
- 1.3 The application site is bounded to the south by residential properties that front Pendle Street West, with the site fronting Whalley Road to the north and Watt Street to the east. The site is bounded to the west by greenfield land accommodating an element of woodland with a small number of residential properties also being located within close proximity to the west.
- 1.4 Sabden Brook runs east to west through the site with the existing buildings partially and laterally over-spanning the Brook. The surrounding area is predominantly residential in character with the immediate surrounding area being typified and defined by two-storey terraced properties, the majority of which are faced in stone or render. Directly to the east of the proposal site, on the opposing side of Watt Street, is a number of recently completed dwellings, the majority of which are faced in reconstituted stone and are of a semi-modern appearance.

# 2. Proposed Development for which consent is sought

- 2.1 Consent is sought for the demolition of all structures on site and the erection of 30 residential dwellings including associated landscaping and public realm works. The proposed layout is divided into two distinct development parcels by Sabden Brook which runs east to west through the site. Vehicular access to the northern development parcel is provided off Whalley Road with vehicular access to the southern parcel being provided off Watt Street to the east of the site.
- 2.2 The northern development parcel accommodates six dwellings, three of which are twostorey detached properties (Plots 25-27) with the remaining three (Plots 28-30) being accommodated within a terrace block with integral undercroft garaging, plot 30 benefits from a semi-attached dedicated garage with home office within the roof-space.
- 2.3 The southern development parcel accommodates the remainder of the dwellings which adopt terraced, semi-detached and detached configurations. The majority of the

dwellings located in the southern development parcel are two-storey in height save that for plots 13, 14, 16, 17 and 21 which are 2.5 storeys in height by virtue of a feature gable on their primary elevation. A number of dedicated garage blocks are also proposed to serve the dwellings to be constructed.

- 2.4 It is also proposed that the southern development parcel also accommodates the 'rebuilt' Marbil Office building which directly fronts Sabden Brook. The submitted details propose that this building, due to structural failings, will be demolished and then a replacement building re-erected on its footprint which will be of a similar design and external appearance.
- 2.5 Members will note that the application proposes the full demolition of the existing mill-chimney on site which is currently identified as a focal-building within the Sabden Conservation Area Appraisal. The chimney itself has already been subject to partial demolition under a dangerous buildings notice with the chimney still showing signs of structural defects that limit its likely lifespan without significant immediate repairs/remediation.
- 2.6 Significant negotiation has secured the inclusion of two 'ecology towers' to mitigate the loss of the chimney, it is proposed that these 'towers' will be 7.5m in height with one being located on the southern development parcel adjacent Sabden Brook and the other on the northern parcel, once again directly adjacent the brook.
- 2.7 It is proposed that that the dwellings will be primarily faced in natural stone with natural slate roofs and benefit from natural stone head, sill, surround and mullion detailing. Variations within the streetscape are proposed within the main body of the development through transitions in varying surfacing with small pockets of amenity landscaping also being proposed.

#### 3. Relevant Planning History

#### 3/2017/1096:

Removal of all trees which are less than 75mm at 1.5m on the main stem throughout the vegetation detailed as G24 within the accompanying report (JCA Ref: 13611.AJB). (Approved with conditions)

#### 3/2016/0902:

Resurfacing of weir with concrete-embedded natural rock to create a natural looking surface. Two diagonal boulder groynes to be constructed to direct water down the weir, elongating the flow path and creating a depth of water for fish to swim through. (Approved with conditions)

#### 3/2014/0188:

Part demolition of existing mill and provision of 37 no. new-build houses, 3 no. dwellings in a converted retained mill building and associated hard and soft landscaping and demolition of chimney. (Deemed Disposed)

#### 3/2011/0129:

Proposed demolition of part of Victoria Mill and conversion of former Spinning Mill into 22 apartments, conversion of former office building into 3 townhouses, erection of 4 affordable elderly care bungalows, other affordable dwellings, 18 dwellings and the creation of a new pond. (Approved with conditions)

#### 3/2011/0128:

Partial demolition of Victoria Mill with retention of the mill chimney, offices and spinning block. (Approved with conditions)

#### 4. Relevant Policies

# **Ribble Valley Core Strategy**

Key Statement DS1 – Development Strategy

Key Statement DS2 – Presumption in Favour of Sustainable Development

Key Statement DMI2 – Transport Considerations

Key Statement EN2 - Landscape

Key Statement EN4 – Biodiversity and Geodiversity

Key Statement EN5 – Heritage Assets

Key Statement H2 – Housing Balance

Key Statement H3 – Affordable Housing

Policy DMG1 – General Considerations

Policy DMG2 – Strategic Considerations

Policy DMG3 – Transport and Mobility

Policy DME3 – Site and Species Conservation

Policy DME4 – Protecting Heritage Assets

Policy DMB4 - Open Space Provision

Sabden Conservation Area Appraisal

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)

National Planning Practice Guidance (NPPG)

# 5. Assessment of Proposed Development

#### 5.1 Principle of Development:

- 5.1.1 The application site is located within the defined settlement boundary for Sabden which is identified as a Tier 2 Village Settlement. In respect of the settlements classification, Key Statement DS1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy states that development in such locations *'will need to meet proven local needs or deliver regeneration benefits'*.
- 5.1.2 Whilst the proposal does not propose to bring forward any local needs affordable housing it is clear that the proposal represents the significant regeneration and redevelopment of a currently underused brownfield site within the settlement of Sabden. As such, notwithstanding the lack of affordable housing provision, the proposal is considered to be in broad accordance with the aims and objectives of DS1 in relation to residential development within Tier 2 settlements insofar that it satisfies the requirement for the proposal to bring forward wider regeneration.
- 5.1.3 Policy DMG2 requires developments to be in accordance with the development strategy (as embodied within Key Statement DS1) and requires that developments should support the overall spatial vision for the Borough. The Policy contains no specific criterion relating to the regeneration of brownfield sites (in Tier 2 Settlements) which directly relate to the current proposal. However DMG2 is explicit in that it states within Tier 2 Villages; development should meet at least one of six considerations, one of which being the

requirement for development to be of a small scale use appropriate to a rural area where local need or benefit can be demonstrated.

- 5.1.4 In respect of DMG2 it is accepted that Sabden, as Tier 2 settlement, has no outstanding residual housing need identified for the remainder of the duration of the plan-period (2028). However it is considered that there are clear benefits brought forward by the proposal insofar that it represents the redevelopment of a brownfield site that is largely constrained by an existing watercourse. It is further considered that the granting of consent would result in the removal of a number of semi-dilapidated buildings, associated with a use that was brought into cessation a considerable number of years ago. It could also be argued that given the evolution of the remainder of Sabden in the intervening period since the Mill first ceased use that the redevelopment of the site, notwithstanding other considerations, would result in the removal of a potentially conflicting industrial use in an area that is now largely defined as being predominantly residential in character.
- 5.1.5 In relation to the previous commercial use of the site, Policy DMB1 states that proposals for the development or conversion of sites with employment generating potential for alternative uses will be assessed with regard to the following criteria:
  - the provisions of policy DMG1, and
  - the compatibility of the proposal with other plan policies of the LDF, and
  - the environmental benefits to be gained by the community, and
  - the economic and social impact caused by loss of employment opportunities to the borough, and
  - any attempts that have been made to secure an alternative employment generating use for the site (must be supported by evidence (such as property agents details including periods of marketing and response) that the property/ business has been marketed for business use for a minimum period of six months or information that demonstrates to the council's satisfaction that the current use is not viable for employment purposes.)
- 5.1.6 In respect of the requirements DMB1, taking account of the significant state of dilapidation of a number of the structures on site and the already on-going partial demolition of a number of these structures, I consider it unlikely that the previous commercial use (or any other compatible use) could become active without a significant level of financial investment and redevelopment works. It is also considered pragmatic to assume that any such investment is likely to be better guided towards existing allocated employment areas/sites that benefit from more adequate access to infrastructure that would facilitate, allow or be more befitting to accommodate the logistical operations associated with modern commercial working practices.
- 5.1.7 In the above respects, notwithstanding other Development Management considerations, it is considered that the proposal would bring forward significant regeneration benefits through the redevelopment of a brownfield site. It is accepted that the proposal will result in the demolition and loss of a number of existing commercial buildings, however taking into account the current vulnerability of the structures/buildings on site, their dilapidated state and the likely constraints that the site possesses, it is not considered at present there is any viable likelihood of employment generating uses becoming re-established on

the site, either through complete redevelopment of the site or the re-use of the existing buildings. As such it is not considered that the proposed redevelopment of the site would result in the loss of viable employment generating land or the loss of a viable on-going employment generating use.

### 5.2 <u>Impact upon Residential Amenity</u>:

- 5.2.1 The proposal site only has a direct interface with the rear curtilages of residential properties fronting Pendle Street West, which are located directly to the southern extents of the site. The submitted details propose, at their closest point, a back to back interface distance of 21m from proposed plot 11 to the rear elevation of 31 Pendle Street West. Moving eastwards these interface distances increase to ranges between 25m and 28m. The aforementioned distances are considered to be in excess of the minimum 21m interface distance normally secured by the authority and in this respect do not consider that there will be any significant measurable detrimental impact upon the residential amenities of existing residents occupying the properties fronting Pendle Street west as a result.
- 5.2.2 Located to the east of the proposal on the opposing side of Watt Street are a number of dwellings which benefit from a primary westerly outlook over the site. The submitted details propose a number of dwellings that will also front Watt Street mirroring the arrangement (in outlook and orientation only) of those already fronting Watt Street, this results in a front-to-front interface distances ranging of approximately between 17m and 18m.
- 5.2.3 Whilst it is accepted the aforementioned distances fall short of that normally secured in respect of back-to-back interface distances (21m), primary elevation to primary elevation interface distances are commonly significantly less than 21m. This is particularly common where the relationships between built-form are largely influenced by a historic urban morphology/pattern of development whereby such distances are stereotypically close in proximity. In this respect it is not considered there will be any significant measurable detrimental impact upon the residential amenities of existing residents occupying the properties fronting Watt Street, located to the east, as a result of the proposal.
- 5.2.4 In assessing the proposal it is imperative to be mindful of the orientation and relationships between the proposed dwellings within the site. By virtue of the layout of the proposal a number of overlooking distances between proposed dwellings and proposed residential curtilages fall below that of the 10.5m normally secured by the authority. However taking account of the form, character and layout of development proposed it is accepted that close-proximity arrangements, to a degree, are to be expected given the proposal being located within existing historic urban fabric and it is considered that such relationships are likely is situations where development is influenced, defined, characterised or constrained by historic plan-form and/or built-form.
- 5.2.5 Taking these matters into account it is not considered that the proposal will have any undue negative impact upon residential amenity by virtue of an over-bearing impact, loss of light or direct loss of privacy.

#### 5.3 Matters of Design/Visual Amenity:

- 5.3.1 The proposal has been subject to extensive pre-application negotiation and extensive engagement during the course of the determination of the application to ensure the development will contribute to and enhance the character, appearance and visual amenities of the area.
- 5.3.2 It is proposed that the dwellings will be brought forward in a multitude of forms including detached, semi-detached and terrace forms. The proposed dwellings are predominantly two-storey in scale save that for those which benefit from feature gables that accommodate living accommodation within the roofspace which is expressed externally, giving the impression of being three-storeys in height.
- 5.3.3 The proposed dwellings employ significant variations in elevation arrangements to ensure the development, when read as a whole, does not appear overtly homogenous and that the development contributes to the surrounding varied townscape. Cohesion of character is reinforced through a simplified materials palette which is restricted to that of predominantly natural stone, with the dwellings benefitting from natural stone jamb, head, sill and mullion detailing. A number of the dwellings also employ projecting stone corbel detailing and stone parapet gables.
- 5.3.4 For the most part the dwellings adopt a quasi-traditional language with variation being provided through the use of clad spandrel panels below sill level. Chimney detailing is present throughout the development to ensure adequate animation within the roofscape and to ensure the roofscape compliments and responds positively to the surrounding context which is largely typified by the presence of chimney detailing.
- 5.3.5 The northern development parcel accommodates a building that is to replace the existing 'spinning mill' which is set back from Whalley Road backing on to Sabden Brook. The building will accommodate three dwellings, each of which split over three levels, two of which benefitting from undercroft garaging arrangements. The building has been designed, in some respects, to reflect the scale and presence of the existing building. It is proposed that the replacement building will employ a sideward flat-roofed projection with bespoke window detailing to reflect the similar feature found on the existing building and to provide a degree of visual interest to the Whalley Road frontage. This feature is likely to be read in context with the northern ecology tower which will form part of the backdrop to the building when viewed from Whalley Road.
- 5.3.6 The southern development parcel accommodates a terrace of three dwellings that directly front Sabden Brook, it is proposed that these dwellings will benefit from an exaggerated eaves height and feature gables to the north elevation. The upper portion of the feature gables will accommodate a french door and balustrade arrangement contained within a stone surround with side-clad detailing. This element gives these dwellings a quasi-contemporary appearance whilst still responding positively to the language of the remainder of the proposal and wider context.
- 5.3.7 To the east of the terrace block it is proposed that the existing Marbil Office building will be demolished and replaced by a building that is of an almost like for

like appearance save that for the introduction of additional window openings, rooflight windows, glazed Juliette balcony addition and that the southern elevation will take on a more residential appearance compared to that of the existing.

- 5.3.8 The remainder of the proposed dwellings are of a typical quasi-traditional appearance employing gabled roof form and typically proportioned fenestrational arrangements. A number of the dwellings within the main body of the proposal will benefit from dedicated garaging provision arranged in 'shared blocks'. The majority of the boundary treatments fronting the public realm will be constructed of natural stone with those fronting the brook benefitting from intermediate railing panels to ensure the development presents an active frontage and positively addresses the watercourse.
- 5.3.9 The inclusion of the ecology towers was secured at the request of officers who considered that the inclusion of such features, particularly if constructed from reclaimed stone used in the construction of the existing chimney, would assist in some degree in ensuring the notion of a continued legacy or 'narrative' between the new development and the previous industrial site uses which are considered to be of wider heritage value.
- 5.3.10 Taking the above matters into account it is considered that the proposal will result in a development of an appropriate scale, layout and external appearance that will contribute to and enhance the visual amenities and character of the area.

#### 5.4 Impact upon Conservation Area/Heritage Assets:

- 5.4.1 The Sabden Conservation Area Appraisal (SCAA) identifies that 'Victoria Mill opened in 1847-8. Its heyday was in the 1890s when about 250 people were employed but the mill was badly affected by fires in 1892 and 1912. The mill closed in 1964 and following this period was used by a number of industries.' The appraisal further states that 'fire, demolition, alteration and re-use has reduced the impact of former mill buildings on local townscape. However, the two tall chimneys at Victoria Mill and Union Mill, together with the spire of St Nicholas' church, stand out in distant views, announcing the village's industrial past.'
- 5.4.2 The SCAA in broad terms identifies that 'the special interest that justifies designation of the proposed Sabden Conservation Area derives from ... the village's industrial past'. The appraisal further concludes that the town's industrial history is its one of its most important positive features and that the Victoria Mill buildings are integral to this importance, largely due to their prominent location.
- 5.4.3 It is clear from the SCAA that the existing Victoria Mill complex was integral to the original Conservation Area Designation by virtue of their prominent role the complex plays in serving as a reminder of the villages industrial heritage. However a number of these buildings, including the mill chimney, have experienced significant structural faults or an in the process of reaching an advanced state of dilapidation.
- 5.4.4 The application has been accompanied by a steeplejacks report relating to the existing chimney stack. The chimney originally stood at a height of 35m and has

subsequently been reduced to a height of less than 13m following the serving of a dangerous buildings notice due to fear of imminent collapse. The report identifies defects related to the degradation of mortar, stone work and mild-steel retaining bands and bolts. A further structural report has identified that the faults in the chimney have 'likely been caused by the overburdening of the foundations and poor condition and movement of the surrounding structures. Due to the size of the crack and potential for further movement the risk of collapse is high therefore it is strongly recommended the chimney is totally removed. Although the chimney is part demolished which reduces the load on the foundations, the risk of collapse remains high as the historic overburdening is likely to have affected the foundations meaning they may no longer be structurally adequate'

- 5.4.5 The structural report further identifies a number of structural faults/issues with the remainder of the structures on site with the poor state of the Spinning Mill roof having 'caused water ingress has affected the integrity of the first floor. The firstfloor clinker floor would need to be replaced. If this floor was removed to be replaced it would compromise the stability of the structure and be dangerous for site operatives to work within due to the potential for the collapse of external walls'. The report goes on to recommend that 'due to the potential for collapse and the instability in removing the floor, it is highly recommended that the structure is demolished carefully to avoid affecting the watercourse should any part of the structure collapse. Clinker floors can contain sulphates which react with any steels/reinforcement causing them to corrode. The water ingress would have accelerated any corrosion. Although no intrusive investigations have been done it's highly likely corrosion has occurred rendering the floor unsafe' concluding that 'the north light section of the roof is in a severe state of disrepair and could collapse at any stage. The roof should be removed immediately followed by demolition of the building'.
- 5.4.6 In relation to the Marbil Office building the structural appraisal finds that 'movement and cracks that can be seen throughout the office block are due to Sabden Brook undercutting the foundations on the northern elevation. This has caused the building to twist towards the brook resulting in serious structural movement the building is moving vertically and horizontally in the area of undercutting causing the twist. The new floor joists that were installed reaffirm the twisting as they bring up and level the first floor gradually. The extents of vertical and lateral movement to the office block are beyond reasonable for any repair works to be safely carried out'.
- 5.4.7 In relation to the long-term capability for the office building to be retained the report states that 'as the movement is that significant in the office block and the foundations are being undercut, and will continue to be undercut the structure is not safe and should be taken down as soon as possible. Should the building remain, the undercutting will cause the building to collapse into the brook which will cause environmental issues.' Further stating that 'The recently installed fish pass is also causing the brook to flow into and against the office block which will eventually undercut the foundations in this area as it already has on the opposite side. No mitigation measures have been provided therefore the office block is unstable and the risk of collapse is extremely high'.
- 5.4.8 It is overwhelmingly clear that the majority of the structures on site are structurally incapable of being converted with a number facing the likely prospect of imminent collapse. It is recognised that a number of these structures are

considered to be integral to the historic industrial character of Sabden and a number of them also play a vital role in terms of the overall heritage value of the Conservation Area. However, it is clear, regardless of the proposal to redevelop the site, it is likely that a number of these buildings, due to significant structural deficits/faults, are likely to be lost through the passing of time, particularly in the absence of any realistic prospect of significant refurbishment or repair. Given the severe dilapidated state of the buildings it is only pragmatic to assume it is unlikely that the structures, or site, could be put to any viable use that would secure such repair/refurbishment works particularly given a number of the structures themselves face imminent failure.

- 5.4.9 Whilst it is accepted that a number of the aforementioned structures are identified as buildings of townscape merit or focal buildings within the SCAA, it is considered that their contribution as such has largely been compromised and will continue to be further compromised as time progresses, particularly in the absence of any viable use being brought forward which would propose retention/conversion.
- 5.4.10 Despite their dilapidated state, the buildings to some degree, still serve as a notional reminder of the villages industrial past. It could be argued that it is this 'notion' or 'reminder' (taking account of the structural condition of the buildings) that at present is of the upmost value. As such, officers have keenly pursued the agenda of including elements within the public realm that would continue to serve as a reminder of the sites link to the villages historic past. As a result ecology towers, reminiscent of the appearance of the mill chimney have been included as part of the proposal with the aim of a continued narrative between the previous site uses and the evolution of the village. It is also proposed that the Marbil Office building will be replaced with a building of similar scale and appearance to that of which is to be lost. Whilst it is accepted that these 'mitigation measures' may not fully replace the significance or scale of the structures on site that are to be lost, it must also be accepted that it is likely that these structures currently face a very limited lifespan and are likely to be lost to demolition and significant structural failings in any case.
- 5.4.11 In relation to the proposed developments integration into the designated Conservation Area - significant negotiation has resulted in a proposal that is consider to not only compliment but also enhance the character and visual amenities of the designated area. It is proposed that the dwellings will be faced primarily in natural stone with natural slate roofing to ensure the outward facing elevations do not appear anomalous or incongruous when read in context with surrounding built form. The scale of the proposed development has been reduced from that of previous iterations to once again ensure a sensitive integration into the surrounding built-fabric with the elevational language being employed also responding positively to the local vernacular and employing archetypes found within the immediate vicinity. As such the proposal is considered to be in broad accordance with Policy DME4 which requires that 'proposals within, or affecting views into and out of, or affecting the setting of a conservation area will be required to conserve and where appropriate enhance its character and appearance and those elements which contribute towards its significance.'

#### 5.5 Highway Safety and Accessibility:

- 5.4.1 The Highway Development Control section have made observations during the course of the application relating to the internal highways arrangement of the proposal. These observations have resulted in the submission of amended details to take into account and mitigate original concerns relating to the internal highways arrangement and the ability for vehicles to adequately manoeuvre.
- 5.4.2 There will be a requirement for the developer to enter into a S278 agreement with the Highways Authority to provide a number of off-site highways improvements as follows:
  - Street lighting improvements (subject to a street lighting survey)
  - Waiting restrictions at the Watt Street/Whalley Road junction
  - 20mph speed limit on the southern estate road
  - Provision of a bus shelter to replace the existing brick shelter on Whalley Road. The location, type and maintenance of which is to be agreed with the Parish Council
  - Construction of additional lengths of footway to the northern extents of the site fronting Whalley Road adjacent the northern site access. Footways to extend 12.5m eastward and 15m westward from the centre-line of the access point
- 5.4.3 Subject to the above maters being agreed/resolved the Highway Development Control Section have raised no objection to the proposal subject to the imposition of conditions relating to construction management, site access details, wheel washing facilities and a requirement that all garage facilities shall have the provision of an electrical supply suitable for the charging an electric motor-vehicle.

#### 5.6 Landscape/Ecology:

- 5.6.1 The application is accompanied by a number of surveys/reports in respect of ecological/protected species matters with the applicant having submitted a combined phase 1 habitat survey and bat survey report, a combined otter, water vole and white-clawed crayfish survey/report and a combined great crested newt survey report.
- 5.6.2 The submitted Great Crested Newt (GCN) Survey identifies that there are seven non-statutorily designated sites within 2km of the site. The closest is being located 645m southeast of the proposed development site. All these designated sites are outside the radius of influence of proposed works at the site and it is concluded that the proposed development will not have an effect on these sites. The existing mill pond is the only pond within 500m of the proposed development site which was judged to have an average suitability for GCN. No GCN were caught or identified, nor any evidence of breeding GCN were found in pond during presence/absence surveys. The survey confirms that after four presence absence surveys, no GCN were found to be present in or around the pond. As no GCN were found to be present in the pond following four presence/absence surveys, no further recommendations are made within the report. The report advises that works should proceed with caution and that if any GCN are discovered during works, works should cease immediately, and Natural England contacted for further advice.

- 5.6.3 The Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Bat Report concludes that the proposal site contains a number of habitats of moderate ecological value and makes the following recommendations:
- 5.6.4 Birds: If any trees on site are to be removed during the nesting bird season (March- September), a nesting bird survey will need to be conducted. Once concluded, if no nesting birds are found, all surveyed vegetation must be removed within 24 hours of the survey. Outside this period, trees can be removed without the need for a survey. Enhancement for birds should be included in a Biodiversity Enhancement Plan
- 5.6.5 Bats: As the site had been considered to have a high potential of supporting bat roosting sites, it was recommended that dawn/dusk emergence surveys should be carried out to establish the absence/presence of roosting bats. These were completed on the 27/09/2017 and found 5 separate roosting locations. Winter hibernation surveys were carried out between 14/12/2017 22/02/2018 to explore whether bats are using the site to hibernate over the winter period. Manual searching with the aid of an endoscope, nor acoustic surveys found any bat activity during this period. It is therefore concluded that bats do not use the structures to hibernate over the winter period. The report further concludes, due to the presence of roosting locations that a Bat Mitigation Licence should be applied for from Natural England.
- 5.6.6 The Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Bat Report makes further specific recommendations in respect of bat mitigation due to Mill being found to play host to the several confirmed common pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus pipistrellus*) and soprano pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus pygmaeus*) summer roosts. The report states that roost conditions could not be fully assessed due to being located in high and inaccessible locations across the buildings. However, due to the number of bats confirmed (25 individuals), and the nature of the roosts (small crevices and cracks in between bricks), these roosts are most likely summer roosts and are of a lower conservation value. Based on these conclusions, the report concludes that a suitably designed Mitigation Plan should be formed and should include the following mitigation measures:
  - Soft demolition of buildings 1 (Marbil Office Building) and 3 (Office Block) should take place over the winter period when bats are not present, under the supervision of a suitably qualified ecologist. Buildings 2, 4 and 5 are unlikely to contain roosting bats and can be demolished at any time of the year.
  - Interim bat boxes should be installed on site over winter, on poles located away from any works. These should mimic the conditions of the bat roosts which will be lost. These will be in place and made available for use before spring 2019 to allow bats to roost.
  - Integrated bat boxes should be built into the structures which replace buildings 1 and 3. These should mimic the previous roosts as closely as possible, including orientation and height.
  - Integrated bat boxes be introduced into other proposed dwellings/buildings on site as a form of enhancement. The bat tower(s) will mimic the former chimney, and allow roosting opportunities for a number of bat species found on and near the site, and during different times of the year.
  - Concerns exist in relation to lighting on site. Lighting should be designed to face away from known roost locations and new integrated boxes, to minimise spill of light into the existing roosts. Low wattage, low UV component or lights

which are timed to include periods of darkness should be selected to avoid disturbing foraging bats along the edge of the site, in particular along the river.

- 5.6.7 The Otter, Water Vole and White-Clawed Crayfish Survey finds that the site is occasionally used by otters as two spraints were discovered on one of the three surveys conducted in and around the Mill. The report further states that although Victoria Mill may be on the extremities of an otter territory, otters do certainly utilise the tunnel below the Mill. As a result mitigation and compensation will be required to preserve the favourable conservation status of this protected species as otters may be disturbed during and post-construction. Therefore a Natural England Mitigation Licence for Otters will have to be applied for. The report outlines strategies that will be required at Victoria Mill to reduce disturbance and recommends these be included in the Mitigation Method Statement as follows:
  - As the site is situated next to the Sabden Brook and an active otter territory, otters may enter the site during construction works. To prevent this happening exclusion fencing should be installed. 1.8m galvanised welded square mesh fencing should be erected around the entire site during the construction period to ensure otters don't enter the site when works are taking place.
  - It is recommended that any construction works occur during daylight hours.
    Otters which may be encountered on site are mainly active around sunset to
    sunrise. If works do occur at night lighting and noise must be kept to a
    minimum. Any powerful construction lighting must point away from Sabden
    Brook.
  - Any external lighting must be positioned away from Sabden Brook, in order to cause minimal disturbance to otters. The land adjacent to Sabden Brook can be converted into a wildlife area, which will act as a buffer zone between the office block and Sabden Brook. The creation of this wildlife area will include the removal of the invasive Himalayan Balsam (*Impatiens glandulifera*), as well as a planting scheme, faunal box scheme and construction of a fence around the area, to prevent pedestrians from entering.
- 5.6.8 The Otter, Water Vole and White-Clawed Crayfish Survey further concludes that the site has low potential for supporting water vole as no evidence of their presence was found. In respect of white clawed crayfish, no evidence of their presence was found on site during investigative works.
- 5.6.9 The inclusion of two 'ecology towers' has been secured during the duration of the application to aid in mitigating the loss of existing habitat and aid in providing and element of overall enhancement. The towers will be hollow structures of natural stone construction measuring approximately 7.5m in height. It is proposed that the towers will accommodate openings for terrestrial habitat at ground level with a number of internal bat boxes and openings at higher level to accommodate bat access and offer bat roosting opportunities. The towers also include the provision of integral bird boxes and perches with high-level monitoring hatches also being provided to allow for the monitoring of species utilising the structures.
- 5.6.10 Notwithstanding the provision of the ecology tower, the reports recommend that provision be provided for bat/bird nesting/roosting opportunities and that these should be integral to the proposed dwellings. The inclusion of building dependant species provision shall be secured through the imposition of condition

- that will require the location and type of such provision to be submitted to the Local Planning Authority.
- 5.6.11 The mitigation recommendations of the aforementioned reports, where appropriate, will be conditioned to ensure no negative impact upon protected species is resultant from the proposal either during or post-constriction. Subject to the above requirements having been satisfied and the proposed mitigation/enhancement measures being implemented it is considered that the proposal will not have any undue impact upon protected species or species of conservation concern.

#### 5.7 <u>Infrastructure, Services and Developer Contributions:</u>

- 5.7.1 Given the proposal relates to the redevelopment of a brownfield site and includes the demolition of existing buildings the Vacant Building Credit (VBC) is applied. The NPPG states the following: National policy provides an incentive for brownfield development on sites containing vacant buildings. Where a vacant building is brought back into any lawful use, or is demolished to be replaced by a new building, the developer should be offered a financial credit equivalent to the existing gross floorspace of relevant vacant buildings when the local planning authority calculates any affordable housing contribution which will be sought. Affordable housing contributions may be required for any increase in floorspace.
- 5.7.2 The existing site accommodates in excess of 5170 Sqm of existing gross floorspace with all buildings on site to be demolished. The proposed cumulative floorspace to be created by the development equates to approximately 3717 Sqm resulting in a shortfall of floorspace being created in excess of 1400 Sqm. As such, when applying the VBC calculation, there is no requirement to provide affordable housing provision on site or any such financial contribution towards off-site provision.
- 5.7.3 LCC Contributions have confirmed that no financial contribution towards educational places is required in respect of the proposed development.
- 5.7.4 The developer has provided a commitment to provide a financial contribution towards leisure/play facilities within Sabden. The contribution sought is based on the following occupancy ratios at a rate of £216.90 cost per person:
  - 1 bed unit 1.3 people
  - 2 bed unit 1.8 people
  - 3 bed unit 2.5 people
  - 4 bed unit 3.1 people
  - 5 + bed unit 3.5 people

The proposed housing mix on site is as follows:

- 19 x 3 bedroom dwellings
- 10 x 4 bedroom dwellings
- 1 x 5 bedroom dwellings

This results in a financial contribution of approximately £17,785. The trigger point for such payment will be subject to further negotiation and this will be secured within a \$106 agreement.

5.7.5 Whilst the proposal does not provide any provision for affordable housing the criterion of Key Statement H3 still requires the proposal to bring forward an element of open market over 55's housing. The applicant proposes that this will be brought forward in the form of two dwellings (Plots 12 and 15) that accommodate a bedroom at ground floor. This allows the ground floor of the dwelling to possess the ability to be habitable without necessitating the need for access to upper floor accommodation by the user. An occupancy clause restricting habitation of these units to those of 55 years old and over will be enshrined within the S106 agreement which is currently under negotiation.

## 5.8 Flood Risk and Drainage:

5.8.1 The application has been subject to significant discussion with both the Environment Agency and the Lead Local Flood Authority. The submission of additional and amended information has resulted in a position being reached whereby both statutory consultees have raised no objection to the proposal subject to the imposition of conditions. The conditions to be imposed will relate to surface water drainage, management/maintenance of sustainable drainage system and methods for dealing with potential contamination of the adjacent watercourse during the construction phase of the development,

## 6. Observations/Consideration of Matters Raised/Conclusion

- 6.1 Taking account of the above matters and all material considerations it is considered that the proposal will result in the redevelopment of a brownfield site that will bring forward a an acceptable form of development of an appropriate scale that will contribute to the overall enhancement of the Sabden Conservation Area.
- 6.2 For the reasons outlined above the proposed development is considered to be in broad accordance with the aims and objectives of the adopted development plan and do not consider that there are any material overriding reasons that would warrant the refusal to grant planning permission.

RECOMMENDATION: That the application be DEFERRED and DELEGATED to the Director of Community Services for approval to allow for further negotiation regarding the detailed wording of conditions and following the satisfactory completion of a Legal Agreement within 3 months from the date of this decision subject to the following conditions:

#### Timings and Commencement

1. The development must be begun no later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date of this permission.

REASON: Required to be imposed pursuant to Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

Unless explicitly required by condition within this consent, the development hereby permitted shall be carried out in complete accordance with the proposals as detailed on drawings:

**Drawing Numbers TBC** 

REASON: For the avoidance of doubt since and to clarify which plans are relevant to the consent hereby approved.

## Matters of Design

3. Precise specifications or samples of all external surfaces, including surfacing materials including details of the glazing and windows/door framing of the development hereby approved shall have been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority before their use in the proposed development.

REASON: In order that the Local Planning Authority may ensure that the detailed design of the proposal is appropriate to the locality in accordance with Key Statements EN2, EN5 and Policies DMG1 and DME4 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

4. Notwithstanding the submitted details, elevational details including the alignment, height and appearance of all boundary treatments, fencing, walling, retaining wall structures and gates to be erected within the development shall have been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority prior to their installation.

For the avoidance of doubt the submitted details shall also include the precise nature and location for the provision of measures to maintain and enhance wildlife movement within and around the site by virtue of the inclusion of suitable sized gaps/corridors at ground level (including those within residential curtilages) to encourage terrestrial species movement.

The development shall be carried out in strict accordance with the approved details. The agreed wildlife corridors/gaps shall be retained in perpetuity and thereafter remain free from obstructions which would preclude their use by wildlife.

REASON: In order that the Local Planning Authority may ensure that the detailed design of the proposal is appropriate to the locality in accordance with Key Statement EN5 and Policies DMG1 and DME4 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

5. Notwithstanding the submitted details, elevational details including the precise location of all street furnishings to be erected within the development shall have been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority prior to their installation. The development shall be carried out in strict accordance with the approved details.

REASON: In order that the Local Planning Authority may ensure that the detailed design of the proposal is appropriate to the locality in accordance with Key Statement EN5 and Policies DMG1 and DME4 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

6. Details of a scheme for any external building or ground mounted lighting/illumination, shall have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority prior to their installation.

For the avoidance of doubt the submitted details shall include luminance levels and demonstrate how any proposed external lighting has been designed and located to avoid excessive light spill/pollution and shall include details to demonstrate how artificial illumination of important wildlife habitats is minimised/mitigated.

The lighting schemes(s) shall be implemented in accordance with the approved details and retained as approved unless agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

REASON: To enable the Local Planning Authority to exercise control over development which could prove materially harmful the character and visual amenities of the immediate area and to minimise/mitigate the potential impacts upon protected species resultant from the development in accordance with Key Statement EN4 and Policies DMG1 and DME3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

7. 1:20 section details of each elevation of the proposed Ecology Mitigation Towers shall have been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority prior to the commencement of their construction. The development shall be carried out in strict accordance with the approved details.

REASON: In order that the Local Planning Authority may ensure that the detailed design of the proposal is appropriate to the locality and appropriate ecological/biodiversity mitigation/enhancement is provided in accordance with Key Statements EN2 and EN4 and Policies DMG1, DME3 and DME4 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

#### Landscape and Ecology

8. Notwithstanding the submitted details, no development, including any site preparation, demolition, scrub/hedgerow clearance or tree works/removal shall commence or be undertaken on site until details of the provisions to be made for building dependent species of conservation concern, artificial bird nesting boxes and artificial bat roosting sites have been submitted to, and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

For the avoidance of doubt the details shall be submitted on a dwelling/building dependent bird/bat species site plan and indicate the type of provision to be provided and identify the actual wall and roof elevations into which the above provisions shall be incorporated and shall take account of the recommendations contained within the Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Bat Report dated 12/04/2018 Ref: 13611e/DB.

The artificial bird/bat boxes shall be incorporated into those individual dwellings during the construction their construction and be made available for use before each such dwelling is occupied and thereafter retained. The development shall be carried out in strict accordance with the approved details.

REASON: In the interests of biodiversity and to enhance nesting/roosting opportunities for species of conservation concern and to reduce the impact of development in accordance with Key Statement EN4 and Policy DME3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

9. Notwithstanding the submitted details, no development, including any site preparation, demolition, scrub/hedgerow clearance or tree works/removal shall commence or be undertaken on site until details of the phasing for the delivery of the Ecology Mitigation Towers has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

The development shall be carried out in strict accordance with the approved phasing/timings.

REASON: In the interests of biodiversity and to enhance habitat opportunities for species of conservation concern/protected species and to minimise/mitigate the potential impacts upon protected species resultant from the development in accordance with Key Statement EN4 and Policy DME3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

10. The landscaping proposals hereby approved (GL0900 01B) shall be implemented in the first planting season following occupation or use of the development unless otherwise required by the reports above, whether in whole or part and shall be maintained thereafter for a period of not less than 10 years to the satisfaction of the Local Planning Authority. This maintenance shall include the replacement of any tree or shrub which is removed, or dies, or is seriously damaged, or becomes seriously diseased, by a species of similar size to those originally planted.

REASON: To ensure the proposal is satisfactorily landscaped and appropriate to the locality in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

11. Precise specifications, locations and the timings for the installation of interim bat boxes as recommended within the submitted Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Bat Report (Ref: 13611e/DB) shall have first been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority prior to the commencement of any development, including any site preparation, demolition, scrub/hedgerow clearance or tree works/removal.

The development shall be carried out in strict accordance with the approved details including the agreed timings for installation and duration for retention of the interim bat box provision.

REASON: To ensure the protection of species/habitat protected by the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as Amended) and in the interests of biodiversity and to enhance habitat opportunities for species of conservation concern/protected species and to minimise/mitigate the potential impacts upon protected species resultant from the development in accordance with Key Statement EN4 and Policy DME3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

12. Notwithstanding the submitted details, no development, including any site preparation, demolition, scrub/hedgerow clearance or tree works/removal shall commence or be undertaken on site until a European Protected Species Mitigation Licence has been submitted to and obtained from Natural England. For the avoidance of doubt the submitted licence shall take account of the measures/timings and mitigation recommendations of the following approved documentation:

Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Bat Report – 13611e/DB Otter, Water Vole and Crayfish Survey & Report – 13611 f/g/DB

A copy of the licence obtained shall then be submitted to and agreed in writing by local planning authority in consultation with Natural England.

The actions, methods & timings included in the mitigation measures identified and the conditions of the Natural England Licence shall be fully implemented and adhered to throughout the lifetime of the development.

REASON: To ensure the protection of species/habitat protected by the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as Amended) and in the interests of biodiversity and to enhance habitat opportunities for species of conservation concern/protected species and to minimise/mitigate the potential impacts upon protected species resultant from the development in accordance with Key Statement EN4 and Policy DME3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

13. No removal of vegetation including trees or hedges shall be undertaken within the nesting bird season of 1st March – 31st August unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

Any removal of vegetation outside the nesting bird season shall be preceded by a preclearance check by a licensed ecologist on the day of removal to ensure that removal does not result in unacceptable impacts upon nesting birds or other species of conservation concern.

REASON: To ensure that there are no adverse effects on the favourable conservation status of birds, to protect the bird population and species of importance or conservation concern from the potential impacts of the development in accordance with Key Statement EN4 and Policies DMG1 and DME3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

14. All tree works/tree protection shall be carried out in strict accordance with the submitted Arboricultural Method Statement (13611-B/AJB). The specified tree protection measures shall remain in place throughout the construction phase of the development and the methodology hereby approved shall be adhered to during all site preparation/construction works.

The agreed tree protection shall remain in place and be maintained for the duration of the works and no vehicle, plant, temporary building or materials, including raising and or, lowering of ground levels, shall be allowed within the protection areas(s) specified without written consent of the Local Planning Authority.

REASON: To protect trees of landscape and visual amenity value on and adjacent to the site or those likely to be affected by the proposed development in accordance with Key Statement EN4 and Policies DME3 and DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

#### Highways

- 15. The new estate roads between the site and Whalley Road and Watt Street shall be constructed in accordance with the Lancashire County Council Specification for Construction of Estate Roads to at least base course level before any development takes place within the site.
  - REASON: To ensure that satisfactory access is provided to the site before the development hereby permitted becomes operative in accordance with Key Statement DMI2 and Policy DMG3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.
- 16. No part of the development hereby approved shall commence until a scheme for the construction of the site access and the off-site works of highway improvement has been submitted to, and approved by, the Local Planning Authority in consultation with the Highway Authority.

REASON: In order to satisfy the Local Planning Authority and Highway Authority that the final details of the highway scheme/works are acceptable before work commences on site in accordance with Key Statement DMI2 and Policy DMG3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

- 17. For the full period of construction, facilities shall be available on site for the cleaning of the wheels of vehicles leaving the site and such equipment shall be used as necessary to prevent mud and stones being carried onto the highway. The roads adjacent to the site shall be mechanically swept as required during the full construction period.
  - REASON: To prevent stones and mud being carried onto the public highway to the detriment of road safety in accordance with Key Statement DMI2 and Policy DMG3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.
- 18. All garage facilities shall have facility of an electrical supply suitable for charging an electric motor vehicle, the details of which shall have first been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to first occupation of any of the dwellings hereby approved. The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details.

REASON: In order to promote sustainable transport as a travel option and reduce thereby carbon emissions in accordance with Key Statement DMI2 and Policy DMG3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

## Flooding and Drainage

- 19. No development shall commence until final details of the design, based on sustainable drainage principles, and implementation of an appropriate surface water sustainable drainage scheme have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. Those details shall include, as a minimum:
  - A. Information about the lifetime of the development, design storm period and intensity (1 in 30 & 1 in 100 year + allowance for climate change see EA advice Flood risk assessments: climate change allowances'), discharge rates and volumes (both pre and post development), temporary storage facilities, the methods employed to delay and control surface water discharged from the site, and the measures taken to prevent flooding and pollution of the receiving groundwater and/or surface waters, including watercourses, and details of flood levels in AOD;
  - B. The drainage strategy should demonstrate that post development surface water runoff from the application site will not exceed the existing surface water runoff rate for the corresponding rainfall event. The scheme shall subsequently be implemented in accordance with the approved details before the development is completed;
  - C. A site layout plan showing flood water exceedance routes, both on and off site these must be directed away from property and critical infrastructure;
  - D. A timetable for implementation, including phasing as applicable;
  - E. Details of water quality controls, where applicable.

The scheme shall be implemented in accordance with the approved details prior to first occupation of any of the approved dwellings, or completion of the development, whichever is the sooner. Thereafter the drainage system shall be retained, managed and maintained in accordance with the approved details.

REASON: To ensure that the proposed development can be adequately drained, to ensure that there is no flood risk on or off the site resulting from the proposed development and to ensure that water quality is not detrimentally impacted by the development proposal in accordance with Policy DME6 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

- 20. No development shall commence until details of an appropriate management and maintenance plan for the sustainable drainage system for the lifetime of the development have been submitted which, as a minimum, shall include:
  - A. The arrangements for adoption by an appropriate public body or statutory undertaker, management and maintenance by a Residents' Management Company
  - B. Arrangements concerning appropriate funding mechanisms for its on-going maintenance of all elements of the sustainable drainage system (including mechanical components) and will include elements such as:
    - i. on-going inspections relating to performance and asset condition assessments
    - ii. operation costs for regular maintenance, remedial works and irregular maintenance caused by less sustainable limited life assets or any other arrangements to secure the operation of the surface water drainage scheme throughout its lifetime;
  - C. Means of access for maintenance and easements where applicable.

The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the approved details prior to first occupation of any of the approved dwellings, or completion of the development, whichever is the sooner. Thereafter the sustainable drainage system shall be managed and maintained in accordance with the approved details.

REASON: To ensure that appropriate and sufficient funding and maintenance mechanisms are put in place for the lifetime of the development, to reduce the flood risk to the development as a result of inadequate maintenance and to identify the responsible organisation/body/company/undertaker for the sustainable drainage system in accordance with Policy DME6 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

21. No development shall commence until details of how surface water and pollution prevention will be managed during each construction phase have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority.

REASON: To ensure that the construction phase(s) of development does not pose an undue flood risk on site or elsewhere and to ensure that any pollution arising from the development as a result of the construction works does not adversely impact on existing or proposed ecological or geomorphic condition of water bodies in accordance with Policy DME6 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

22. No occupation of the dwellings hereby approved shall take place until the Sabden Brook culvert has been removed and the watercourse restored to open channel in accordance with drawing 1582SPL/VMS-SL01 Rev K and drawing 17140-C-SK.05E

REASON: To reduce the risk of flooding to the proposed development and future users in accordance with Policy DME6 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

- 23. No development approved by this planning permission shall commence until a remediation strategy to deal with the risks associated with contamination of the site has been submitted to, and approved in writing by, the Local Planning Authority. This strategy will include the following components:
  - 1. A preliminary risk assessment which has identified:
    - all previous uses;
    - potential contaminants associated with those uses;
    - a conceptual model of the site indicating sources, pathways and receptors; and
    - potentially unacceptable risks arising from contamination at the site.
  - 2. A site investigation scheme, based on (1) to provide information for a detailed assessment of the risk to all receptors that may be affected, including those off site.
  - 3. The results of the site investigation and the detailed risk assessment referred to in (2) and, based on these, an options appraisal and remediation strategy giving full details of the remediation measures required and how they are to be undertaken.
  - 4. A verification plan providing details of the data that will be collected in order to demonstrate that the works set out in the remediation strategy in (3) are complete and identifying any requirements for longer-term monitoring of pollutant linkages, maintenance and arrangements for contingency action.

Any changes to these components require the written consent of the local planning authority. The scheme shall be implemented as approved.

REASON: To ensure that the development does not contribute to, or is not put at unacceptable risk from, or adversely affected by, unacceptable levels of water pollution in accordance with Policy DME6 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

## Further Control over Development

24. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 or any Order revoking and re-enacting that Order, the dwelling hereby permitted shall not be altered or extended, no new windows shall be inserted, no alterations to the roof shall be undertaken and no buildings or structures shall be erected within the curtilage of the dwellings hereby approved unless planning permission has first been granted by the Local Planning Authority.

REASON: To enable the Local Planning Authority to exercise control over development which could materially harm the character and visual amenities of the immediate area or be of detriment to residential amenity in accordance with Key Statements EN2, EN5 and Policies DMG1 and DME4 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

25. The garage(s) hereby approved shall be kept available for the parking of vehicles ancillary to the enjoyment of the household(s) and shall not be used for any use that would preclude the ability for their use for the parking of private motor vehicles, whether or not permitted by the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015 or any order amending or revoking and re-enacting that order.

REASON: To ensure that adequate parking provision is retained on site that limits the visual impact of the parked motor-vehicle upon the street scene/area in accordance with Key Statements EN2, EN5 and Policies DMG1 and DME4 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

#### **BACKGROUND PAPERS**

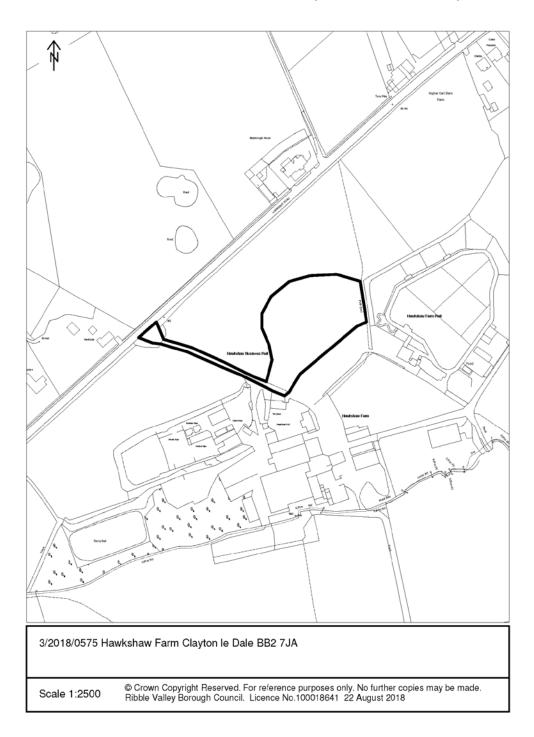
https://www.ribblevalley.gov.uk/site/scripts/planx\_details.php?appNumber=3%2F2018%2F0361

#### **APPLICATION NO: 3/2018/0575/P**

GRID REF: SD 365547 432295

## **DEVELOPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

CHANGE OF USE OF PART OF FIELD TO CREATE TIPI WEDDING VENUE TO BE USED FOR HALF OF EACH YEAR AT HAWKSHAW FARM, CLAYTON LE DALE, BB2 7JA



#### PARISH/TOWN COUNCIL:

None received.

#### HIGHWAYS (LCC):

Awaiting comments on revised parking area.

#### LLFA (LCC):

No objection.

## **ADDITIONAL REPRESENTATIONS:**

Three neighbour objections have been received and raise concerns as follows:

- Noise disturbance from music and events
- Tents offer no noise attenuation
- Jobs created will be low paid/casual basis
- Disregard for local people
- Function was held recently and resulted in disturbance
- The use of Chinese lanterns and balloons should be banned from the site

#### 1. **Proposal**

- 1.1 This planning application seeks consent for a change of use of land to create a tipi wedding venue to be used for half of the year at Hawkshaw Farm, Clayton le Dale. The proposal is to create a tipi wedding venue on agricultural land to the north-west of the existing parking area. This would require the construction of concrete pads for the erection of four interconnected tipis, a toilet facility and catering facility. The tipis would be erected in May each year and dismantled at the end of September. The tipis would have a maximum height of 7.4m and would be able to accommodation 150 guests for weddings and other functions. They would be clad with beige coloured canvas. The toilet block would be to the north of the tipis and a catering unit would be to the south. Both would be a timber clad removable units.
- 1.2 It is estimated that there would be approximately one event per week. The applicant has suggested there would be no more than 24 events during the season. Through the winter months the site would be cleared, apart from the concrete pads. To the north of the tipis a 2m high earth bund would be formed and this would be planted with native species of shrubs to provide some screening and to create a buffer against any noise from the wedding guests.
- 1.3 The existing car park for the visitor centre would be extended to provide additional parking increasing the number of spaces from 80 to 140. A garden area would be created to the east of the tipis adjacent to the car park to provide an attractive entrance to the site for guests and provide an area for wedding photos. It is estimated that the proposal could create as many as 20 part-time jobs.

#### 2. Site Location

2.1 Hawkshaw Farm is a 135 acre dairy farm comprising 220 dairy cattle. The farm produces its own award winning ice creams and this aspect of the business continues to

grow on an annual basis. The farm also operates a visitor centre and café and the Scare Kingdom visitor attraction operates at certain times of the year.

2.2 Hawkshaw Farm is located adjacent to the A59 Longsight Road. The farm complex comprises a range of buildings including the farmhouse, traditional and modern farm buildings and buildings associated with the visitor attractions that operate from the site. The applicant wishes to explore further options to diversify the farm business.

#### 3. Relevant History

3/2007/0313/P - Proposed bird of prey centre including reception, office, education centre and separate toilet block. Approved with conditions.

3/2008/0413/P - Amendments to approved scheme for bird of prey centre. Approved with conditions.

3/2013/0117/P – Agricultural determination application for a portal steel framed storage building. Planning permission not required.

3/2014/1092/P – Retrospective application for change of use to an agricultural storage building to scare kingdom visitor attraction, retention of temporary storage container building and car parking. Approved with conditions.

3/2014/1093/P — Retrospective application for calving unit to be open to members of the public as part of the visitor attraction. Approved with conditions.

3/2014/1094/P - Retrospective application for a visitor centre, comprising a car park, five livestock shelters, one storage building, one polytunnel and one childrens play area. Approved with conditions.

3/2017/0323/P - Retention of unauthorised change of use of an agricultural building and storage containers for the operation of Scare Kingdom. Approved with conditions.

#### 4. Relevant Policies

#### **Ribble Valley Core Strategy**

Key Statement DS1 – Development Strategy

Key Statement DS2 -Sustainable Development

Key Statement EN2 - Landscape

Key Statement EC1 – Business and Employment Development

Key Statement EC3 – Visitor Economy

Policy DMG1 – General Considerations

Policy DMG2 – Strategic Considerations

Policy DMG3 – Transport and Mobility

Policy DME2 – Landscape and Townscape Protection

Policy DME3 -- Site and Species Protection and Conservation

Policy DMB1 – Supporting Business Growth and the Local Economy

Policy DMB3 – Recreation and Tourism Development

#### Other Material Considerations:

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)

Technical Guidance to the National Planning Policy Framework

Planning Practice Guidance (PPG)

## 5. Assessment of Proposed Development

5.1 The matters for consideration in the determination of this application are the principle of development, impact on visual amenity, residential amenity, highway safety and ecology.

#### 5.2 Principle of Development

- 5.2.1 In relation to the principle of the development, Core Strategy Key Statement EC1 directs employment development towards locations well related to the A59 corridor. The application site is located directly adjacent to the A59, the borough main strategic route. Key Statement EC1 also aims to support the expansion of existing businesses and developments that contribute towards farm diversification and strengthening of the rural economy.
- 5.2.2 Key Statement EC3: Visitor Economy states that "proposals that contribute to and strengthen the visitor economy of Ribble Valley will be encouraged, including the creation of new accommodation and tourism facilities through the conversion of existing buildings or associated with existing attractions; and that significant new attractions will be supported in circumstances where they would deliver overall improvements to the environment and benefits to local communities and employment opportunities".
- 5.2.3 Policy DMG2 states that in the open countryside development must meet at least one of six considerations. This includes development for small-scale tourism or recreational development appropriate to a rural area. Policy DMG2 also requires development to be in keeping with the character of the landscape by virtue of its size, design, materials, landscaping and siting.
- 5.2.4 Policy DMB3 relates specifically to recreation and tourism development. Tourism and visitor attractions are generally supported subject to meeting six criteria which include the requirement for the proposal to be physically well-related to an existing main settlement or village or to an existing group of buildings, except where the proposed facilities are required in conjunction with a particular countryside attraction and there are no suitable existing buildings or developed sites available. Established tourism attractions are operated from Hawkshaw Farm however the proposals relate to a new venture. Nevertheless, the proposals would be closely related to the existing group of buildings at Hawkshaw Farm. The proposals would be of benefit to other businesses in the locality (and therefore to the rural economy) as visitors to the attraction are likely to also use local public houses and restaurants. Some visitors from further afield might also use local hotels and guest houses.
- 5.2.5 Policy DMB1 states that "proposals that are intended to support business growth and the local economy will be supported in principle; and that the expansion of established firms on land outside settlements will be allowed provided it is essential to maintain the existing source of employment and can be assimilated within the local landscape".
- 5.2.6 The detailed matters of effects upon the landscape, environment and the local community will be discussed later in this report. Overall, however, it is considered that, in principle, the development is in keeping with the general intentions of Key Statement EC3 and Policies DMB3 and DMB1.

#### 5.3 Impact on visual amenity

- In relation to its impact on the visual amenity of the area, the proposed tipis would be located forward of the existing developed part of the site when viewed from the A59 Longsight Road. The tipis would have a height of 7.4m and each tipi would have a width of 10.3m resulting in a structure of considerable size. The tipis would however be clad in beige coloured canvas which would reduce their prominence and would be screened from the adjacent highway by a 2m high earth bund with shrub planting. The tipis are temporary in nature, capable of being removed completely from the site during the winter months when they would be most visible.
- 5.3.2 The area is categorised as undulating low-land farmland in the Landscape Strategy for Lancashire and is recognised as a particularly well settled area. There is, for example, Fairfield Business Park located around 200m south west from the entrance to Hawkshaw Farm. Whilst the tipis would be somewhat alien additions to the landscape, given the low landscape sensitivity of the area, it is not considered that the proposals would result in an unacceptable harm to the character of the landscape. The well-settled nature of the area and the proposed landscape mitigation measures ensure that the proposals would not have a significant adverse visual impact.
- 5.3.3 Care must be taken to ensure that the visual impact of development is minimised. This can be achieved through the use of suitably worded planning conditions. It is recommended that, should consent be granted, there is a requirement for any external lighting to be first submitted to the local planning authority for approval. It is also recommended that conditions are imposed that require the tipis and additional buildings to be removed from the site during the period 1 October to 30 April and that there will be no more than 24 events per year. The car parking area would also be increased to accommodate a total of 140 vehicles. This would result in some visual impact but when compared with the existing parking area (80 spaces) it would not be of significant detriment, particularly given the proposed screening that would be implemented.

#### 5.4 Effect of the amenity of neighbouring residents

Policy DMG1 of the Core Strategy states that development must not adversely affect the amenities of the surrounding area. It is noted that the main objection made by nearby residents relates to potential nuisance caused by excessive noise. Consideration has been given to the noise guidance published in the National Planning Policy Guidance (NPPG) and the Noise Policy Statement for England. The application is supported by an Acoustic Survey and Assessment. WHO guidelines recommend that noise levels in gardens should not exceed 50dB(A) during the day. For indoor levels, noise levels should not exceed 35 dB(A) during the day and 30 dB(A) at night. According the submitted survey, standard distance attenuation calculations show that a distance reduction of 37.3 dB would be achieved over the distance from the proposed development to the nearest residential property located on the opposite side of the A59 185 metres away. An open window provides 15 dB attenuation and the proposed earth bund would provide a barrier attenuation of 13.5 dB. This would allow a sound level of 95.8 dB(A) at night whilst still achieving the recommended internal value at the nearest property. Typical levels when bands/DJs are playing would be 80-85

- dB(A) and the survey finds that no adverse impact on neighbouring properties would occur.
- 5.4.2 The nearest dwelling south-west is some 430 metres away and is on land elevated 8m above the application site. A distance reduction of 44.7 dB would be achieved over this distance in addition to 15 dB attenuation for an open window. In order to achieve the internal recommended night-time criteria level of 30dB(A) a night-time noise limit of 89.7 dB(A) would be required. The copy of the noise survey has been provided to the Council's Environmental Health Officer who has raised no objections subject to the use of appropriate planning conditions.
- 5.4.3 On the advice of officers, the applicant has submitted a Venue Management Plan outlining how the proposed venue would be managed to minimise any impact on neighbouring properties. The number of guests to the venue would be limited to 150 to ensure the on-site parking facilities can cope with the scale of the events. Live music acts would be permitted at the venue until 11pm after which guests would be permitted to play recorded music which would be limited to a maximum noise level of 80 dB(A). All events will end at midnight and users would be required to vacate the site by 00.30hrs. Sound would be monitored on a regular basis to ensure any impact is minimised.
- 5.4.4 A temporary planning consent for a 24-month period has been discussed with the applicant. This would allow the local planning authority to assess and review the impact of the development over a 2-year period of operation. However, the applicant has explained his requirement for permanent permission given the initial financial investment that would be needed.
- 5.4.5 Having considered the above, subject to conditions it is considered that the business could operate from the site without impacting unduly of the amenity of residents in the locality. In the unlikely event that noise complaints are received the Council would be able to take enforcement action against a statutory nuisance.

#### 5.5 <u>Highway Safety</u>

5.5.1 The County Highway Surveyor has raised no objections to the proposals in principle. The attraction is well related to the existing highway network as the farm is located off the A59, the principal road in the borough that is also on a number of bus routes. However, the proposed events would operate during times that the Dowsons Farm attraction would remain open and as such the County Surveyor must be satisfied that there is sufficient vehicular parking at the site to accommodate both event guests and farm park visitors. The applicant has provided plans denoting the provision of 140 parking spaces at the site and a response from the County Highways Surveyor is awaited.

#### 6. **Conclusion**

In conclusion, the proposed development would result in the creation of additional employment opportunities and would support the strategic objectives of the Council in accordance with Core Strategy Policies DMG1, DMB1 and DMB3 and Key Statement EC3. The Council's Environmental Health Section have raised no concerns regarding the operation of the attraction and it is recommended that the application be approved

subject to the receipt of acceptable highways details and subject to appropriate conditions.

RECOMMENDATION: That the application be DEFERRED AND DELEGATED to the Director of Economic Development and Planning for approval subject to the receipt of acceptable highways details and subject to the following conditions:

1. The development must be begun not later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date of this permission.

REASON: To comply with the requirements of section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

 Unless explicitly required by condition within this consent, the development hereby permitted shall be carried out in complete accordance with the proposals as detailed on drawing ref.

Site Location Plan 1:2500

Proposed Site Plan 1:1000 (amended plan received 20.08.2018)

Hawkshaw Wedding Tipees 1:200

Wedding Tipee Facilities 1:100 (received 20.08.2018)

REASON: For the avoidance of doubt since the proposal was the subject of agreed design improvements/amendments and to clarify which plans are relevant to the consent.

3. The tipees and ancillary structures (catering container and toilet unit) shall be permitted on the site between the dates of 1<sup>st</sup> of May and 30<sup>th</sup> September only and events shall be operated for a maximum of 24 days during this period. The applicants shall keep a written record of all events and this shall be made available for inspection by the Local Planning Authority upon request.

REASON: In accordance with Policies EN2, DMG1 and DMB3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy, in order to limit use of the site ensuring it remains for seasonal use only.

4. Unless otherwise agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority, the site shall be operated in strict accordance with the Venue Management Plan (received 22.08.2018) at all times.

REASON: To ensure the satisfactory management of the site in the interests of general amenity of the area and to safeguard where appropriate neighbouring residential amenity in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

5. The approved landscaping scheme (Proposed Site Plan 1:1000 and the document titled 'Ecological Appraisal and Proposed Landscaping Scheme') shall be implemented in the first planting season following first use of the development and shall be maintained thereafter for a period of not less than 10 years to the satisfaction of the Local Planning Authority. This maintenance shall include the replacement of any tree or shrub which is removed, or dies, or is seriously damaged, or becomes seriously diseased, by a species of similar size to those originally planted.

REASON: To ensure a satisfactory form of development in the interest of the visual amenity of the area and in accordance with Policies DMG1, EN2, and DME2 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

6. Unless otherwise agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority, the proposed earth bund shall be constructed prior to first use of the development in accordance with the approved plans and shall be seeded and planted accordingly.

REASON: In the interests of the amenity of the area and to comply with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

7. No external lighting shall be installed on site unless details of such lighting, including the intensity of illumination and predicted lighting contours, have been first submitted to, and approved in writing by, the Local Planning Authority prior to first occupation/use of the site. Any external lighting that is installed shall accord with the details so approved.

REASON: In the interests of the amenity of the area and to comply with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

8. The car parking and manoeuvring scheme shall be marked out in accordance with the approved plan, before the use of the site hereby permitted becomes operative and permanently maintained thereafter.

REASON: To ensure adequate parking is available within the site and to comply with Policies DMG1 and DMG3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

9. There shall be no amplified or percussive music of any form (including discos) within the site hereby approved after midnight and site users will be required to vacate the site by 00.30am.

REASON: To comply with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy and in the interests of the general amenity of the area and to safeguard, where appropriate, neighbouring residential amenity.

10. The noise rating level from the site shall not exceed the World Health Organisation recommendations (35dB LAeq day time and 30dB LAeq night time internal levels at the nearest noise sensitive receptor and 50dB LAeq on the nearest noise sensitive receptor's external patios and gardens).

REASON: To protect the amenity of the occupants of neighbouring properties in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

11. Full details of the catering container and toilet block shall be submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority, and then implemented strictly in accordance with those agreed details before the site is first occupied.

REASON: In the interests of the amenity of the area and to comply with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

12. Details of facilities to be provided for the storage and removal of commercial refuse and waste from the site shall be submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority, and then implemented strictly in accordance with those agreed details before the site is first occupied and thereafter retained.

REASON: To ensure the provision of satisfactory facilities for the storage of refuse and recycling and in the interest of visual amenity in accordance with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

#### **INFORMATIVE NOTES:**

Under the Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2010 any discharge
of sewage or trade effluent made to either surface water or groundwater will need to be
registered as an exempt discharge activity or hold an environmental permit issued by the
Environment Agency. This applies to any discharge to inland freshwaters, coastal waters
or relevant territorial waters.

Domestic effluent discharged from a treatment plant/septic tank at 2 cubic metres or less to ground or 5 cubic metres or less to surface water in any 24 hour period may be registered as an exempt activity provided that no public foul sewer is available to serve the development and that the site is not within an inner Groundwater Source Protection Zone.

A soakaway used to serve a non-mains drainage system must be sited no less than 10 metres from the nearest watercourse, not less than 10 metres from any other foul soakaway and not less than 50 metres from the nearest potable water supply.

Where the proposed development involves the connection of foul drainage to an existing non-mains drainage system, the applicant should ensure that it is in a good state of repair, regularly desludged and of sufficient capacity to deal with any potential increase in flow and loading which may occur as a result of the development.

#### **BACKGROUND PAPERS**

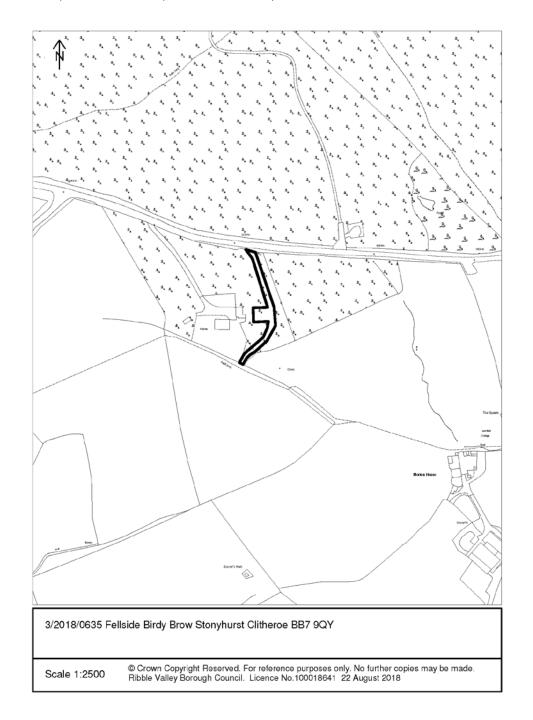
https://www.ribblevalley.gov.uk/site/scripts/planx\_details.php?appNumber=3%2F2018%2F0575

#### **APPLICATION NO: 3/2018/0635/P**

GRID REF: SD 368582 440483

## **DEVELOPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

FORMATION OF A NEW AGRICULTURAL ACCESS AND ERECTION OF A NEW PROPOSED AGRICULTURAL BUILDING (RESUBMISSION OF APPLICATION 3/2018/0273) AT FELLSIDE, BIRDY BROW, STONYHURST, CLITHEROE BB7 9QY



#### **PARISH/TOWN COUNCIL:**

None received.

#### HIGHWAYS (LCC):

No objection.

#### **ADDITIONAL REPRESENTATIONS:**

None received.

#### 1. **Proposal**

- 1.1 This is a resubmission of a recently refused application for the erection of a new agricultural building and access track at Fellside, Birdy Brow, Stonyhurst. The applicants have recently purchased Fellside, a detached two storey dwelling, which included 3 acres of woodland and 4.2 acres of grassland. The applicants propose to operate a small farming enterprise from their property and keep pigs and sheep.
- 1.2 The proposed building would be sited to the east of Fellside between the dwelling and woodland which is in third party ownership. The building would measure 18.3m x 9.1m and would have a ridge height of around 5.4m. It would be constructed using a steel portal frame. It would have a stone plinth at low level and vertical timber boarding above up to the eaves. The roof would be constructed using green fibre cement roof sheets. The proposed track would join the south side of Birdy Brow and would be formed by a stone base with a central grass verge. The track would provide access to the proposed building and the field to the south which the applicant owns.
- 1.3 The applicant provides additional justification for the creation of a new access in order to remove diseased larch from the site. Without the new access, there would be a risk that the disease would spread.

#### 2. Site Location

- 2.1 Fellside and the application site is situated in a rural location between Chaigley and Stonyhurst in the Forest of Bowland AONB. The dwelling is served by an existing access from Birdy Brow. The site of the proposed development was previously woodland but due to disease the area has been cleared at the request of the Forestry Commission.
- 2.2 There is a public footpath which follows the boundary of Fellside to the south.

#### 3. Relevant History

3/2018/0273 - Formation of a new agricultural access and erection of a new proposed agricultural building. Refused.

#### 4. Relevant Policies

Ribble Valley Core Strategy:

EN2 - Landscape

DMG1 – General Considerations

DMG2 – Strategic Considerations

DMG3 - Transport and Mobility

DME2 - Landscape and Townscape Protection

DME3 – Site and Species Protection and Conservation

#### **National Planning Policy Framework**

#### 5. **Assessment of Proposed Development**

In determining this application the main considerations are the principle of development, its visual and landscape impact on the AONB and its impact on highway safety.

#### 5.2 Principle of Development

5.2.1 The proposed development is required in association with the proposed farming of land which includes 3 acres (1.2 ha) of woodland and 4.2 acres (1.7 ha) of grassland. The application is a resubmission of the refused application 3/2018/0273. Planning application 3/2018/0273 was refused for the following reason:

The proposed building has not been adequately demonstrated to be reasonably necessary for purposes of agriculture. The proposal would result in inappropriate development in the Forest of Bowland AONB, being of detriment to the visual amenity of the surrounding landscape contrary to Key Statement EN2 and Policies DMG1 and DMG2 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy and paragraph 115 of the NPPF.

- 5.2.2 The proposed development remains unaltered but the application contains additional information in order to satisfy the local planning authority that the development is reasonably necessary for purposes of agriculture. At the time of the determination of the previous application there was no established agricultural enterprise operating from the site nor were any livestock registered to the application site.
- 5.2.3 Section 6 of the NPPF (revised July 2018), 'Building a strong competitive economy', requires planning policies and decisions to support a prosperous rural economy and paragraph 83. b) states that "planning policies and decisions should enable the development and diversification of agricultural and other land-based businesses." This is supported at the local level by Core Strategy Policy DMG2 which states that within the Tier 2 villages and outside the defined settlement areas development must meet at least one of six considerations, one of which is that the development is needed for the purposes of forestry or agriculture.
- 5.2.4 In order to be considered sustainable development there is a requirement to balance economic, social and environmental considerations. It is evident from the Framework and appeal decisions that the economic benefits of agriculture is important in considering whether it is sustainable in planning terms. There is a requirement to distinguish between development for 'hobby farms' for recreation and development which seeks to support or establish an agricultural enterprise.
- 5.2.5 Agricultural need is a material planning consideration. In this case, whether there is an agricultural need for the development is fundamental to the determination of the application. This is particularly difficult to determine where proposals are not

related to an established agricultural enterprise. The planning statements submitted with this application seek to challenge the Council's previous decision to refuse application 3/2018/0273 and question the necessity to provide proof of agricultural need. In support of this view the agent refers to an appeal decision in another Lancashire-based local authority. The agent does however accept that agricultural need is a material planning consideration and therefore consideration of agricultural need must, by definition, be taken into account in the determination of planning applications relating to, for example, new agricultural buildings. In cases where consent is sought for new agricultural buildings at established farm enterprises if is often straightforward to identify a need if, for example, livestock numbers have increased or the farmer wishes to improve farming practices to increase productivity or improve environmental conditions.

- 5.2.6 The Council's Development Management Protocol establishes the requirement for agricultural applications to be supported by an Agricultural Information pro forma which includes details of holding size, livestock numbers, labour requirements, details of the proposed development (need, siting and design) and financial details. This information is considered fundamental in the determination of agricultural applications.
- 5.2.7 The consequence of permitting buildings in the countryside without evidence of an agricultural need, as suggested by the planning agent, is that it could potentially result in a vacant building for which the Council may find it difficult to resist permitting an alternative use. A condition limiting the building to agricultural use would not necessarily make it easier for the Council to resist this.
- 5.2.8 The building would provide 167sqm of floor space and would be used for the storage of agricultural and forestry machinery and equipment, the accommodation of livestock and the storage of feed. The applicant has now purchased 22 sheep (8 ewes and 14 lambs) and has also obtained an agricultural holding number and a Flock Mark. The applicants already have a range of agricultural machinery and these are currently located at Fellside.
- 5.2.9 The building would be used to lamb approximately 30 ewes in Spring when all of the ewes would be brought inside. The applicants are also proposing to keep five pigs that will graze part of the woodland adjacent to the proposed building but will be brought into the building to farrow. The building would also be used for storage of hay that the applicants are proposing to produce. It is stated within the application that the applicants have written consent from a neighbouring farmer that they can rent 10.6 acres of grassland but this will be subject to obtaining permission. As such, given there is no agreement in place this cannot be taken into account in the consideration of this application. The application is supported by a calculation of storage requirements based on the proposed use to justify the floor space of the building.
- 5.2.10 Taking into account the above, the applicant has taken steps in order to begin farming activities at the application site including the purchase of livestock. There remains the need for the applicant to provide information to satisfy the Council that the activities would be operated as a trade or business.

#### 5.3 Impact on Landscape and Visual Amenity

- 5.3.1 The application site is located within the Forest of Bowland Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty. In the AONB paragraph 172 of the Framework attaches great weight to conserving landscape and scenic beauty. Policy EN2 requires development to contribute to the conservation of the natural beauty of the area. In terms of its siting, the proposed building would not be seen in isolation and would be located in reasonably close proximity to the existing dwelling.
- 5.3.2 Whilst the proposed building's external appearance is considered to be agricultural in nature and the proposed materials also appear be in keeping with its intended use, it would be a sizable addition to the landscape that would be visible from public footpaths to the south of the site. The new agricultural track would be finished so as to minimise its prominence. Invariably new built form in the open countryside (including the AONB which is afforded a higher level of protection) results in some degree of visual and landscape harm. The justification for the visual and/or landscape harm arising from agricultural buildings is often offset by the evidenced agricultural need for the building which is shown to be required to support the wellbeing of the farming enterprise, either economically or environmentally.
- 5.3.3 In the absence of any evidence of need for agricultural purposes, the provision of the building in the AONB would be unjustified and would result in unnecessary harm to the character and appearance of the landscape. However, subject to the submission of information that satisfies the Council that the agricultural use would operate as a business that would be financially viable in the medium term, the economic benefits of the establishment of a new rural enterprise would outweigh any landscape and visual harm that would arise from the development.

#### 5.4 Highway Safety

5.4.1 In terms of the impact of the development on highway safety, the County Surveyor has raised no objection to the creation of a new access point in this location based on the information provided by the applicant. This would be subject to appropriate planning conditions.

#### 6. Conclusion

6.1 Taking into account the above information, it is recommended that subject to the submission of information that satisfies the Council that the agricultural use would operate as a business that would be financially viable in the medium term, the economic benefits of the establishment of a new rural enterprise would outweigh any landscape and visual harm that would arise from the development.

RECOMMENDATION: That the application be DEFERRED AND DELEGATED to the Director of Economic Development and Planning for approval subject to the receipt of acceptable information that satisfies the Council that the agricultural use would operate as a business and that it would be financially viable in the medium term and subject to the following conditions:

1. The development must be begun not later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date of this permission.

REASON: To comply with the requirements of section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

2. Unless explicitly required by condition within this consent, the development hereby permitted shall be carried out in complete accordance with the proposals as detailed on drawings Wor/856/2438 and J927/access/Fig1.

REASON: For the avoidance of doubt and to clarify which plans are relevant to the consent.

3. The external facing materials (including all external surfaces of the development), detailed on the approved plans, shall be used and no others substituted.

REASON: To ensure that the materials to be used are appropriate to the locality in accordance with Policies DMG1 and EN2 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

4. The site access (J927/access/Fig1) shall be provided in all respects prior to the use of the building hereby approved. The land within the visibility splays denoted on the approved plans shall be maintained thereafter, free from obstructions such as walls, fences, trees, hedges, shrubs, ground growth or other structures within the splays in excess of 1.0 metre in height above the height at the centre line of the adjacent carriageway.

REASON: In order that the traffic generated by the development does not exacerbate unsatisfactory highway conditions in advance of the completion of the highway scheme/works and to ensure adequate visibility for the drivers of vehicles entering and leaving the site.

5. Before the access is used for vehicular purposes, that part of the access extending from the highway boundary for a minimum distance of 7.5m into the site shall be appropriately paved in tarmacadam, concrete, block paviors, or other approved materials.

REASON: To comply with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy and to prevent loose surface material from being carried on to the public highway thus causing a potential source of danger to other road users.

6. Before the access is used for vehicular purposes, any gateposts erected at the access shall be positioned 7.5m behind the nearside edge of the carriageway and the gates shall open away from the highway.

REASON: To comply with Policy DMG1 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy and to permit vehicles to pull clear of the carriageway when entering the site and to assist visibility.

7. The roadside hedge shown on the approved plans shall be relocated in accordance with the Hedge Transplant Method Statement provided with the application prior to the access being used for vehicular purposes and shall be reinforced and maintained for a period of five years during which time any plants that are found to be dead or dying shall be replaced.

REASON: To maintain and enhance the appearance of the locality.

8. Notwithstanding the provisions The Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) (Amendment) (England) Order 2015, or any equivalent Order following the revocation and re-enactment thereof (with or without modification), the building hereby approved shall only be used for the housing of livestock, or storage of agricultural machinery/equipment, in conjunction with the remainder of the holding.

REASON: In order to ensure the building is used for agricultural use only and to protect the landscape quality of the open countryside in accordance with Policy EN2.

- 9. No vegetation clearance works or other works that may affect nesting birds shall take place between the months of March and September inclusive, unless the absence of nesting birds has been confirmed by further surveys or inspections carried out by a suitably qualified ecologist, and submitted in writing to the Local Planning Authority.
  - REASON: To ensure that no species/habitat protected by the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 are destroyed or harmed, and in order to comply with the requirements of Policy DME3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.
- 10. All trees and hedgerows adjacent to the proposed development and/or application area/boundary identified to be retained shall be adequately protected during construction, in accordance with BS5837; 2012 'Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction' equivalent unless otherwise agreed. The protection measures shall be put in place and maintained during the construction period of the development.

REASON: To protect trees and hedges on and adjacent to the site in accordance with Policies DME1 and DME3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy.

#### **BACKGROUND PAPERS**

https://www.ribblevalley.gov.uk/site/scripts/planx\_details.php?appNumber=3%2F2018%2F0635

# INFORMATION

## SECTION 106 APPLICATIONS

<u>Plan No</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Date to</u> <u>Committee</u>	<u>Number</u> <u>of</u> Dwellings	<u>Progress</u>
3/2017/0653	Land at Chatburn Road Clitheroe	28/6/18	30	Out for signature

## APPLICATIONS WITHDRAWN

<u>Plan No</u>	<u>Proposal</u>	<u>Location</u>
3/2018/0349	Application to run a small taxi booking office – no access to the public	Fleet Street Garage Fleet Street Lane, Ribchester
3/2018/0557	Application for reserved matters approval for 18 dwellings, landscaping and associated works following outline consent 3/2015/0010 (duplicate application)	Land off Longsight Road Langho
3/2018/0567	Proposed demolition of existing rear extension. New two storey extension to rear and alterations to the main roof to create a gable	
3/2018/0608	Proposed development of 4 bedroom detached family dwellings	The Coach House 26 Whalley Road Wilpshire

# APPEALS UPDATE

Application No and reason for appeal	Date Received/ Appeal Start Date	Site Address	Type of Appeal Procedure	<u>Date of</u> <u>Inquiry/Hearing</u> <u>if applicable</u>	<u>Progress</u>
3/2016/1192 R	16/11/17	Hammond Ground Whalley Road Read	Inquiry adjourned	09/10/18	Bespoke timetable Updated proofs of inquiry to be submitted by 11/09/2018
3/2017/0675 R	28/02/18	46 Higher Road Longridge	WR		Appeal Dismissed 20/07/18
3/2017/1139 Conditions disputed	13/08/18	Sands Cottage The Sands Whalley	WR		Statement due 17/09/18
3/2017/0857 R	13/08/18	Lowood Whins Lane, Read	WR		Statement due 17/09/18
3/2018/0113 Conditions not discharged	13/08/18	102 Lowergate Clitheroe	WR		Statement due 17/09/18
3/2018/0153 R	11/06/18	1 Highcliffe Greaves Grindleton	НН		Appeal Allowed 21/08/18

Application No and reason for appeal	Date Received/ Appeal Start Date	Site Address	Type of Appeal Procedure	<u>Date of</u> <u>Inquiry/Hearing</u> <u>if applicable</u>	<u>Progress</u>
3/2018/0217 and 3/2018/0218 R	Linked appeals awaiting start date from PINS	Eastham House Fm Clitheroe Road Mitton	WR (to be confirmed)		
3/2018/0079 R	23/07/18	New Ings Farm Hellifield Road Bolton by Bowland	WR		Statement due 27/08/18
3/2017/0961 R (Variation of S106 Ag)	Awaiting start date from PINS	Land at Chapel Hill Longridge	Hearing (to be confirmed)		
3/2017/0962 R	Awaiting start date from PINS	land off Sheepfold Crescent Barrow	Hearing (to be confirmed)		
3/2018/0159 R	16/07/18	5 Barn Croft Clitheroe	HH		Awaiting Decision
3/2018/0069 R	Awaiting start date from PINS	Land off Whalley Road Mellor Brook	WR (to be confirmed)		
3/2018/0263 R	20/08/18	Showley Brook Rest Home 10 Knowsley Rd Wilpshire	WR		Statement due 24/09/18
3/2018/0303 R	Awaiting start date from PINS	Croftlands Chipping	WR (to be confirmed)		