RIBBLE VALLEY BOROUGH COUNCIL REPORT TO EMERGENCY COMMITTEE

Agenda Item No

meeting date: 25 SEPTEMBER 2018 title: BUSINESS RATES POOL PILOT – A LANCASHIRE APPLICATION submitted by: DIRECTOR OF RESOURCES principal author: JANE PEARSON

- 1 PURPOSE
- 1.1 To consider the attached report prepared for Lancashire Leaders and Chief Executives, which sets out the details of the proposed 75% Business Rates Pilot Pool bid for Lancashire.
- 1.2 To determine whether the Council joins the proposed Lancashire Pilot Pool bid for 2019/20.
- 2 TIMESCALES
- 2.1 The report sets out the risks and rewards if we were to submit a successful bid. It also outlines the very tight timetable we are working to. By the close of play on Thursday 20 September 2018 all 16 Lancashire authorities including Fire and Rescue were asked to confirm the following
 - Existing Lancashire Pool members accept the risk to the current pool by submitting a pool pilot bid.
 - Pool pilot members understand the risks set out for the pool and for their own councils.
 - Pool pilot members are in support of the 3 stage approach to allocate the extra growth as set out in section 8 of the attached report.
- 2.2 At your meeting I will update you with the latest position across Lancashire.
- 2.3 Each council will be taking this through their own decision making processes. The deadline for submitting the application is tomorrow (Tuesday 25 September) and depending on approvals we intend to forward the application to MHCLG by lunchtime.
- 2.4 As Policy and Finance committee will not meet until tomorrow evening it has been necessary to call a meeting of the Emergency Committee to determine whether Ribble Valley Borough Council joins the pilot bid for Lancashire.
- 3 RECOMMENDED THAT
- 3.1 Decide whether Ribble Valley Borough Council joins the pilot bid for Lancashire.

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DIRECTOR OF RESOURCES

24 SEPTEMBER 2018

REPORT TO LANCASHIRE LEADERS/CHIEF EXECUTIVES

title: BUSINESS RATE 75% PILOTS submitted by: LANCASHIRE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICERS – BR WORKING GROUP date: 18 SEPTEMBER 2018

1 PURPOSE

- 1.1 To inform Leaders and Chief Executives of the risks surrounding the submission of a bid for a 75% Business Rate Pilot for Lancashire for 2019/20.
- 1.2 To set out proposals for how a pilot pool could work and the potential benefits arising.
- 1.3 To consider whether a Lancashire wide pool pilot bid should be submitted to MHCLG.

2 BACKGROUND

- 2.1 The current 50% Business Rate Retention scheme was introduced in 2013.
- 2.2 Following this local authorities were encouraged to form Business Rate pools sharing risk and reward in return for retaining the levy payable on growth which would otherwise be paid over to the Government.
- 2.3 The Lancashire Business Rate Pool was formed in 2016/17 and has proved successful for all the constituent authorities. There have been some changes in membership since it was formed but the pool continues to operate on the same principles as originally agreed with the Government.
- 2.4 In 2017/18 the Government welcomed proposals for 100% pilots and launched five initial 100% business rates retention pilots in devolution deal areas. These pilots were continued into 2018/19. The government will continue to have separate discussions with the devolution deal areas about their pilot programme.
- 2.5 At the 2017 Autumn Budget it was confirmed that London would become a 100% business rates retention pilot for the duration of the 2018/19 financial year. The pilot comprises of the thirty-two London Boroughs, the City of London and the Greater London Authority. The government will continue to have separate discussions with London about their pilot programme.
- 2.6 At the provisional Local Government Finance Settlement in December 2017, the government announced a further ten 100% business rates retention pilots for the duration of the 2018/19 financial year in local authority areas across England. Whilst these pilots are set to end on 31 March 2019, they are inviting the areas involved to apply to become 75% business rates retention pilots in 2019/20.
- 2.7 As part of the move towards a reformed business rates retention system in 2020/21, the government intends to devolve Revenue Support Grant (RSG), Rural Services Delivery Grant (RSDG), the Greater London Authority (GLA) Transport Grant and the Public Health Grant (PHG) to local government when the new system commences. The government also intends to use the intervening period to develop a set of measures that support a smooth transition of funding for public health services from grant funding to retained business rates.

- 2.8 The announcement on 24 July 2018 sets out the Government's intentions to invite pools of authorities to submit applications to pilot 75% business rates retention in 2019/20, for one year only. The deadline for applications is 25 September 2018. The intention is that the new 75% pilots will provide an opportunity to test and gather information on the design of the new business rate retention system in preparation for 2020/21.
- 3 NEW 75% PILOTS
- 3.1 Authorities selected as pilots will be expected to forgo Revenue Support Grant and Rural Services Delivery Grant. The value of these grants will be taken into account when revised tariffs and top-up's for the pilot authorities are set up.
- 3.2 The Government expect that a proposed pool would comprise a county council and all of the associated district councils; a group of unitary authorities; or a two-tier area and adjoining unitaries, and it should extend across a functional economic area. Proposals would need to set out the tier splits for all authorities, including Fire and Rescue.
- 3.3 Bids will be required to set out how the pilot will manage risk and reward at a strategic level, and have regard to the financial sustainability of all local authorities involved and also set out how any potential business rate growth will be spent. The bid will also need to make clear the governance arrangements for strategic decision making.
- 3.4 The Government have decided that because the new 75% pilots are testing the pooled authorities approach to risk the 'no detriment' clause applied to previous pilots will no longer apply. Instead of this the Government have increased the safety net from 92.5% to 95% for these new pilot pools.
- 4 CURRENT BR POOL
- 4.1 The current Lancashire Business Rate Pool has proved very successful for all members with retained levies last year totalling £6.011m. Individually pool members have benefitted with retained levies ranging from £389k to £1,113k.
- 4.2 Ribble Valley BC is lead authority for a 3 year period for the Lancashire Pool through whom all payments are channelled.
- 4.3 The table below shows the overall pool position for the last financial year.

2017/18 Lancashire Business Rates Pool Outturn								
	Total £							
Retained Levy Calculation								
Total NNDR Income	194,459,738							
Small Business Rate Relief	21,210,103							
Relief to Other Ratepayers	(
Localism reliefs	1,429,240							
Adjusted NNDR Income	217,099,081							
40% District Share	86,839,632							
Less Tariff payable	-51,222,860							
Total Retained Income	35,616,772							
Business Rate Baseline Funding Level 17/18	23,489,460							
Growth for Year	12,127,312							
Levy Rate if no pool existed	45-50%							
Total Levy Payment Due to MHCLG if no pool	6,011,453							
Retained Levy under Pooling Arrangements (90%)	5,410,308							
Due to LCC under Pooling Arrangements (10%)	601,145							
Forecast - Based on NNDR1								
Total Levy Payment Due if not under Pooling	4,071,64							
Retained Levy under Pooling Arrangements (90%)	3,664,483							
Due to LCC under Pooling Arrangements (10%)	407,16							

- 4.4 The current Lancashire Pool operates on the basis that each member stands their own risk having given up their right to safety net protection on joining the pool. Incidentally a safety net of 92.5% does not apply individually, only to the pool as a whole. Additionally each member retains 90% of their levy on growth above their baseline with the remaining 10% payable to LCC. As such the Lancashire Pool works very well and on a simple and transparent basis.
- 5 LANCASHIRE POSTION 75% PILOTS
- 5.1 At the Lancashire Leaders & Chief Executives meeting on 11 September you tasked LCFO's with progressing a pilot application. Specifically concern was raised at this meeting as to the potential risks of a new pilot.
- 5.2 As lead authority for the current Lancashire BR Pool Ribble Valley BC have carried out some modelling of a new 75% pilot based on <u>current 2018/19</u> expected business rate income.
- 5.3 In addition LCC have independently commissioned a piece of work by Local Government Futures to explore the financial benefits of a potential 75% pilot in Lancashire.

- 5.4 Both models estimate that the possible extra growth to be retained under a pilot pool would be in the region of £10m.
- 5.5 Two meetings have been held of LCFO's (7 September 2018 and 14 September 2018) to discuss possible options to share risk and reward. At the meeting on 14 September 2018 it was agreed a small working group of 6 LCFO's meet to work up a possible pilot application. This group consisted of:
 - Lancashire County Council Neil Kissock
 - Lancaster City Council Paul Thompson
 - Ribble Valley Borough Council Jane Pearson
 - Hyndburn Borough Council Joe McIntyre
 - Preston City Council Jackie Wilding
 - Blackburn with Darwen Council Louise Mattinson

6 POSSIBLE FINANCIAL BENEFITS

- 6.1 Annex 1 shows the detailed calculations of the financial benefits of a 75% pilot pool by each authority
- 6.2 This is based on the assumption that the Government's 25% share forgone is shared out pro-rata to current tier splits. It is also based on 2018/19 NNDR1 returns completed by each authority on the assumption that retained income will be comparable in 2019/20. The model includes all Lancashire authorities for illustration purposes.
- 6.3 A summary is shown in the table below which compares the growth (or loss) we are currently all set to receive for 2018/19 compared with how much growth (or loss) we could receive if we were a 75% pilot with everyone included.

		Summary	
	Current Growth	Pilot Growth	Extra Growth
LA	£	£	£
Burnley	2,020,664	3,030,997	1,010,332
Chorley	1,736,086	2,604,128	868,043
Fylde	1,292,008	1,938,013	646,004
Hyndburn	229,324	343,986	114,662
Pendle	832,981	1,249,472	416,491
Ribble Valley	1,263,730	1,895,595	631,865
Rossendale	776,324	1,164,486	388,162
South Ribble	2,385,956	3,578,934	1,192,978
West Lancashire	975,755	1,463,633	487,878
Wyre	1,360,267	2,040,400	680,133
Preston	-131,204	-196,806	-65,602
Lancaster	770,281	2,310,845	1,540,564
Blackpool	-358,920	-538,381	-179,460
Blackburn with Darwen	2,527,745	3,791,617	1,263,872
Lancashire CC	3,213,552	4,820,329	1,606,776
Lancashire Fire & Rescue	401,323	601,985	200,662
Total	19,295,873	30,099,233	10,803,360

- 6.4 You will see two Authorities are predicting a loss in 18/19 based on their NNDR1's (Blackpool and Preston). Under a pilot these losses would actually increase, because the government is reducing how much they are standing of these losses from 50% to 25%.
- 6.5 The current Lancashire Business Rate Pool has proved very successful for all members with retained levies last year totalling £6.011m. However as you can see from the table above we could be looking at a further £10m of growth within our Lancashire authorities.
- 6.6 The current Lancashire Pool operates on the basis that each member stands their own risk having given up their right to safety net protection on joining the pool. Incidentally a safety net of 95% will apply to the new pilot pool as a whole.
- 7 PILOT POOL RISK

The existing pool is placed in jeopardy

- 7.1 The likelihood of our Pilot Bid failing has to be considered high. In the previous round only 1/3rd of bids were approved which meant 2/3rds failed. Additionally it is likely that those that failed the last round will have spent considerable effort over the last year developing and improving their bids to ensure they have a better chance of success this time. Also those Councils that did not bid last time but are bidding this time presumably also started many months ago preparing their bids and therefore in a competitive process, given we are trying to piece together a bid at the eleventh hour from a standing start, the odds of success must be slender and significantly below the 1 in 3 chance from the 1st round. In these circumstances where it is much more likely our bid will be rejected rather than approved we have to face into the fact that the jeopardy around the current pool is a real possibility.
- 7.2 If we could secure from the Government a guarantee that if the Pilot Bid is unsuccessful we could revert to the existing Lancashire Pool and de-risk losing the £6m gain we currently enjoy, this would be a major step forward in alleviating one of the key downside risks from submitting a Pilot Bid. We have posed this question to the Government however they have not provided a commitment that the current pooling arrangements would continue if our application was unsuccessful. See Annex 4 which also lists other questions we have put to MHCLG.
- 7.3 The submission of a Pilot bid for a Lancashire wide 75% Business Rate Retention Pool provides the potential for an estimated gain of approximately £10m. However there are a number of significant financial risks that crystallise with such a bid and these need to be considered carefully in making any decision on whether to proceed with a Pilot bid or to maintain the current arrangements. Some of the risks are very difficult to quantify but will be substantial while others may be calculable but would require a major amount of time and skilled effort, which is not available ahead of the Government's extremely tight deadline of the 25th September 2018. If the Government's prospectus for 75% Pilot Pools had been issued sooner it is possible this quantification could have been completed.
- 7.4 The most significant risk is that the Pilot Bid fails and as a consequence we lose the current Pooling arrangement which delivers around £6m of funding to Lancashire. Currently Lancashire has a Pool of which includes LCC, Hyndburn, Fylde, Wyre, Burnley Pendle, Rossendale, Chorley, West Lancashire, South Ribble and Ribble Valley. The councils not in the Pool are Preston, Lancaster, Blackpool and Blackburn with Darwen.

7.5 This risk stems from the Government rules around Pooling which require the dissolution of any existing pool before a new Pool can be proposed and the Government's stipulation that

"Your authority will not automatically revert to your previous pool arrangements" -should your application to become a Pilot be unsuccessful. See MHCLG Business Rate Pilot 75% Rates Retention Frequently Asked Questions September 2018.

- 7.6 The Government does indicate in its literature that councils can indicate a preference as to what they would like to happen in the event of a Pilot application that fails, but the literature makes it clear the decision rests entirely with the Government and it is entirely possible that we would not be allowed to revert to the previous arrangement and that we would therefore lose substantial funding as a consequence.
- 7.7 The amount lost could be more significant than the £6m at stake in 2019/20 from the existing pool because after having been turned down in 2019/20, Lancashire would have to make a new bid in 2020/21 and might again be refused, whereas under the current rules the existing pooling arrangement is guaranteed to continue as long as it remains unchanged.
- 7.8 The exposure to this risk varies considerably amongst the participants in the current scheme. For some councils the loss of existing funds would not present a significant impact on their overall budget, as the amount they gain from the current pool is relatively small compared to their overall expenditure, but for others the current level of gain is significant in terms of their overall revenue sources, particularly where these figures have been necessarily incorporated into base budgets.

Impact if the pilot is successful

- 7.9 The other risk we face is of business rates receipts below the growth point. The current Lancashire Pool handles the risk element from such a decline by leaving the responsibility with the Council suffering the financial decline. This provides a clear signal to anyone entering the Pool that they need to be sure they believe they are on the up side of any change in Business Rates as it is their jeopardy if their fortunes take a turn for the worse. They need to recognise that they have lost the safety net protection from the Government and therefore could suffer larger losses if they enter the Pool than if they remain outside.
- 7.10 Two councils currently indicate that they could be potentially below the growth point but wish to be included in the new Pilot. Their positon will financially worsen if they do, as the Government's currently stand 50% of the "loss" below the baseline level, whereas under a pilot will only stand 25% of any "loss". Part of the incentive for the two negative growth councils joining the Pilot is that other members of the Pilot will top slice some of their gain to remove the potential loss they face if their business rates do not grow so as to be above the growth point. This transfers 25% of the risk of below growth point performance away from the Government and the two councils to the rest of the Pilot group. If either council suffered a further reduction during the year, the other Pilot councils would face a larger reduction in their own growth funds to compensate those that are experiencing a downturn in their local position. This would also apply to any other council which failed to achieve their business rates baseline.
- 7.11 The risk can be mitigated by insisting that all council stand their own losses, however our proposal is to set aside 5% of the extra growth to create a new resilience reserve to mitigate against losses in business rate income. This is proposed to make our application potentially more attractive to the Government recognising our bid for pilot status need to be competitive compared to bids from other parts of the country.

Significant extra risks

- 7.12 All Billing Authority LCFO's have been asked to provide information as to their significant risks. Annex 2 sets out in detail the risks supplied by each council. At the time of writing this report some councils have yet to provide this information.
- 7.13 A group of 20 NHS trusts has launched a legal bid for business rates relief against 49 local authorities. This is a test case and if local authorities were to lose NHS Hospital trusts would receive 80% mandatory relief. This would have a very serious impact on local government finances. The LGA, which is supporting the councils involved in the case, has warned the legal bid could threaten the financial viability of some local authorities.
- 7.14 Lancaster City Council have the two power stations at Heysham. They have provided figures which model the impact of both 3 month and 6 month outages for each of the power stations.
- 7.15 Lancaster consider a 6 month outage at the H2 reactor to be the worst case scenario

				3 months		6 months	
Power Stations	RV	Multiplier	Annual Charge	Outage	LCC 40%	Outage	LCC 40%
Heysham 1	£16,720,000	49.3	£8,242,960	2,747,653	1,099,061	5,495,307	3,297,184
Heysham 2	£38,640,000	49.3	£19,049,520	6,349,840	2,539,936	12,699,680	7,619,808

7.16 Lancashire County Council have kindly supplied a list of schools that are currently applying for Academy status. There are 21 schools in total. These are listed in Annex 3. If these applications are successful they would be entitled to 80% mandatory business rate relief and would therefore significantly impact retained business rates income.

<u>Summary</u>

- 7.17 All of the above risks demonstrate the potential for business rates to be extremely volatile and largely outside council control.
- 8 SHARING OF POTENTIAL BENEFITS
- 8.1 Several discussions have taken place amongst LCFO's with regards how the additional business rate growth could be used to promote economic growth and improve financial sustainability.
- 8.2 In submitting a bid we would need to set out what the tier splits would be for each member. Based on the existing 50% scheme proportions the 25% extra growth could be shared out as follows:

	Extra 25%	Total share
districts	20%	60%
LCC	4.5%	13.5%
Fire	0.5%	1.5%
	25%	75%
Unitaries	24.5%	73.5%

8.3 The recommended option is to replicate the existing pool arrangement where each member gives LCC 10% of their retained levies. Following this logic LCC would also receive 10% of the extra district share of the extra 25% retained growth. This would give the county council an extra 4% of the district share, resulting in the following allocations:

	Extra 25%	Total share
districts	16%	56%
LCC	8.5%	17.5%
Fire	0.5%	1.5%
	25%	75%
Unitaries	24.5%	73.5%

8.4 A 3 step approach has been suggested by the working group:

Step 1	The first 5% of any additional growth will be used to create a new resilience reserve to mitigate against any extra loss arising from being a pilot member. If funds are remaining this will be used to further compensate individual councils facing a loss.
Step 2	A further 25% of the additional growth will be set aside to create a Lancashire wide fund to be used to target strategic economic growth and improve financial sustainability and allocated based on unanimous decisions of the Lancashire Leaders Business Rates Pilot Group.
Step 3	The remaining retained growth will be apportioned according to the tier splits ie districts 56%; county council 17.5%; unitaries 73.5%; fire 1.5% to promote local economic growth and to enable the financial sustainability of pool members in particular district costs of recycling and waste collection and for the upper tier authorities both adult and children social care pressures.

8.5 Based on our initial model and following these steps the resultant allocation of the extra growth would be as follows:

LA	Current Growth £	Pilot Growth £	Extra Growth based on new tier splits £	Contribution towards Risk Resilience Reserve £	25% for Lancashire fund to be used to target strategic economic growth & improve financial sustainability £	Remaining growth to promote local economic growth & improve local financial sustainability of members £
Burnley	2,020,664	2,828,930	808,266	40,413	202,066	565,786
Chorley	1,736,086	2,430,520	694,434	34,722	173,609	486,104
Fylde	1,292,008	1,808,812	516,803	25,840	129,201	361,762
Hyndburn	229,324	321,054	91,730	4,586	22,932	64,211
Pendle	797,823	1,116,953	319,129	15,956	79,782	223,391
Ribble Valley	1,263,730	1,769,222	505,492	25,275	126,373	353,844
Rossendale	776,324	1,086,853	310,529	15,526	77,632	217,371
South Ribble	2,385,956	3,340,339	954,383	47,719	238,596	668,068
West Lancashire	975,755	1,366,057	390,302	19,515	97,576	273,211
Wyre	1,360,267	1,904,373	544,107	27,205	136,027	380,875

LA	Current Growth £	Pilot Growth £	Extra Growth based on new tier splits £	Contribution towards Risk Resilience Reserve £	25% for Lancashire fund to be used to target strategic economic growth & improve financial sustainability £	Remaining growth to promote local economic growth & improve local financial sustainability of members £
Preston	-131,204	-183,685	-52,482	0	0	0
Lancaster	770,281	2,156,789	1,386,507	69,325	346,627	970,555
Blackpool Blackburn with	-358,920	-538,381	-179,460	0	0	0
Darwen	2,527,745	3,791,617	1,263,872	63,194	315,968	884,711
Lancashire CC	3,205,642	6,233,193	3,027,551	151,378	756,888	2,119,285
Lancashire Fire	400,444	600,666	200,222	10,011	50,056	140,155
Total	19,251,926	30,033,311	10,781,386	550,666	2,753,332	7,709,329

9 RECOMMENDATIONS

- 9.1 If we are to meet the timetable to submit a Lancashire Pool Pilot bid by close of play next Tuesday (25 September 2018), the working group recommend that each council confirm the following:
 - Existing Lancashire Pool members accept the risk to the current pool by submitting a pool pilot bid.
 - Pool pilot members understand the risks set out for the pool and for their own councils.
 - Pool pilot members are in support of the 3 stage approach to allocate the extra growth as set out in section 8 of this report.

10 NEXT STEPS

- 10.1 Each LCFO to discuss this report with their Chief Executive and Leader.
- 10.2 Inform Jackie Wilding of your recommendations as soon as is practicable, preferably by Thursday 20 September.
- 10.3 LCFO's to inform all councils by Friday 21 September of the prospective Lancashire Pilot Pool members.

LANCASHIRE CFO'S BR POOLING WORKING GROUP 18 SEPTEMBER 2018

Lancashire BR 75% Pilot Pool – 2018/19 Growth compared with potential growth under a 75% Pilot

		2018/19 NNDR1																
		Based on current a	rrangements in L	ancashire											Blackburn with			
		Burnley (Chorley	Fvlde	Hyndburn	Pendle	Ribble Valley	Rossendale	South Ribble	West Lancashire	Wyre	Preston	Lancaster	Blackpool	Darwen	Lancashire CC	Lancashire Fire	Total
		pool member	pool member	pool member	pool member	pool member	pool member	pool member	pool member	pool member	pool member							
Baseline Funding Level		4,102,120	2,829,066	1,861,636	3,463,613	3,916,366	1,302,823	2,096,569	2,257,104	3,188,522	3,279,452	5,347,897	5,518,328	46,467,342	42,869,271	182,264,208	15,084,424	325,848,74
Total NNDR Income		27,348,357	24,565,769				14,622,354	11,778,849	33,966,025		24,832,513	53,160,539	61,364,058	40,276,226				420,016,55
SBRR (Part 2 line 12 NNDR1) SBRR compensation rate		3,721,037 64.50%	3,517,297 66.6%	3,383,386 67.8%	3,465,465 65.1%	3,644,676 62.4%	3,002,733 67.4%	2,931,562 64.3%	3,486,249 68.8%	3,296,010 70.1%	4,645,778 67.2%	5,007,078 68.7%	4,795,899 66.1%	8,666,142	7,200,000			60,763,31
SBRR adjusted for compensation rate		2,400,069	2,342,520	2,293,936			2,023,842	1,884,994	2,398,539			3,439,863	3,170,089	5,632,992				40,157,60
SBRR adjustments		2,400,005	2,542,520	2,233,330	2,230,010	2,274,270	2,023,042	2,004,004	2,000,000	2,510,505	3,121,505	5,455,665	3,170,003	3,032,332	4,000,000			40,137,00
Localism reliefs (Part 2 Line 43)		92,000	143,595	89,477	78,528	87,898	138,341	43,886	78,044	162,491	87,728	72,754	233,214	156,183	223,000			1,687,13
		29,840,426	27,051,884	27,366,129	18,777,286	20,022,351	16,784,537	13,707,729	36,442,608	31,328,588	28,042,204	56,673,156	64,767,361	46,065,401	44,991,644	0	0	461,861,30
LA % share		40%	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%	49%	49%	9%	1%	
LA share of NNDR income		11,936,170	10,820,754	10,946,451	7,510,914	8,008,940	6,713,815	5,483,092	14,577,043	12,531,435	11,216,882	22,669,262	25,906,944	22,572,047	22,045,906	33,372,383	4,618,613	230,930,65
Less Tariff/(Top-up)		5,813,386	6,255,602	7,792,807	3,817,977	3,259,593	4,147,262	2,610,199	9,933,983	8,367,158	6,577,163	17,452,569	18,848,053	-23,536,375	-23,351,110	-152,078,891	-10,865,214	-114,955,83
Retained Rates Income		6,122,784	4,565,152	3,153,644	3,692,937	4,749,347	2,566,553	2,872,893	4,643,060	4,164,277	4,639,719	5,216,693	7,058,891	46,108,422	45,397,016	185,451,274	15,483,827	345,886,49
Baseline Funding Level		4,102,120	2,829,066	1.861.636	3,463,613	3,916,366	1.302.823	2,096,569	2,257,104	3,188,522	3,279,452	5,347,897	5,518,328	46.467.342	42,869,271	182,264,208	15,084,424	325.848.74
Growth above baseline		2.020.664	1,736,086				1,263,730	776.324				-131.204	1,540,563	-358.920		3,187,066	399,403	20,037,74
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Distribution of growth:																		
under current pool																		
50% retained by Auth		1,010,332	868,043	646,004	114,662		631,865	388, 162	1,192,978	487,878	680,133							6,436,54
Retained levy by Auth		1,010,332	868,043	646,004	114,662	416,491	631,865	388,162	1,192,978	487,878	680,133							6,436,54
		2,020,664	1,736,086	1,292,008	229,324	832,981	1,263,730	776, 324	2,385,956	975,755	1,360,267							12,873,09
payable to LCC		-101,033	-86,804	-64,600	-11,466	-41,649	-63,186	-38,816	-119,298	-48,788	-68,013					643,655		
Total Pool Growth kept by authority Levy paid to central govt - non pool		1,919,631	1,649,281	1,227,408	217,858	791,332	1,200,543	737,508	2,266,659	926,967	1,292,253					643,655		12,873,09
member													770.282					770,28
Other LA's growth retained												-131.204	770,282	-358.920	2.527.745	3.187.066	399.403	6.394.37
Total by Authority		1,919,631	1.649.281	1.227.408	217,858	791,332	1.200.543	737.508	2,266,659	926.967	1.292.253	-131,204	1.540.564	-358,920		3,830,721	399,403	20,037,74
Total by Factority		1,515,001	2,040,202	2,227,400	217,050	751,552	1,200,545	757,500	2,200,000	520,507	1,252,255	101,204	2,540,504	000,020	2,527,745	5,050,721	555,465	20,007,74
		2018/19																
		Based on new 75%	pilot and assume	ptions on tier split	5													
			,,												Blackburn with			
		Burnley (Chorley	Fylde	Hyndburn	Pendle	Ribble Valley	Rossendale	South Ribble	West Lancashire	Wyre	Preston	Lancaster	Blackpool	Darwen	Lancashire CC	Lancashire Fire	Total
Baseline Funding Level		6,329,945	3,128,496	1,908,744	5,497,638	5,623,630	1,519,893	2,286,043	2,257,104	3,621,998	3,745,065	6,013,138	6,459,587	66, 158, 083	60,706,294	239,243,816	24,346,073	438,845,54
Total NNDR Income (assume same level as 18/	(19)	27,348,357	24,565,769	24,982,716	16,442,740	17,660,175	14,622,354	11,778,849	33,966,025	28,855,594	24,832,513	53,160,539	61,364,058	40,276,226	40,160,644			
SBRR (Part 2 line 12 NNDR1)		3,721,037	3,517,297	3,383,386	3,465,465	3,644,676	3,002,733	2,931,562	3,486,249	3,296,010	4,645,778	5,007,078	4,795,899	8,666,142	7,200,000			
SBRR compensation rate		64.50%	66.6%	67.8%	65.1%	62.4%	67.4%	64.3%	68.8%	70.1%	67.2%	68.7%	66.1%	65.0%	64.0%			
SBRR adjusted for compensation rate		2,400,069	2,342,520	2,293,936	2,256,018	2,274,278	2,023,842	1,884,994	2,398,539	2,310,503	3,121,963	3,439,863	3,170,089	5,632,992	4,608,000			
SBRR adjustments							0											
Localism reliefs		92,000	143,595	89,477	78.528	87,898	138,341	43.886	78,044	162.491	87,728	72,754	233,214	156,183	223,000			
		29,840,426	27,051,884	27,366,129	18,777,286	20,022,351	16,784,537	13,707,729	36,442,608	31,328,588	28,042,204	56,673,156	64,767,361	46,065,401	44,991,644	0	0	461,861,30
LA % share assumption		60%	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%	73.5%	73.5%	13.5%	1.5%	,,
LA share of NNDR income		17,904,256	16,231,130	16,419,677	11,266,371	12,013,410	10,070,722	8,224,638	21,865,565	18,797,153	16,825,322	34,003,893	38,860,417	33,858,070	33,068,858	50,058,575	6,927,920	346,395,97
		,,	., . ,	., .,	,,		.,,.	., .,	,,	., . ,	.,,			,,	.,,	,,,,	.,. ,	,
Less Tariff/(Top-up)		8,543,314	10,498,506	12,572,921	5,424,747	5,140,309	6,655,235	4,774,109	16,029,527	13,711,522	11,039,858	28,187,561	30,089,985	-31,761,633	-31,429,053	-193,965,841	-18,017,258	-122,506,19
Retained Rates Income		9,360,942	5,732,624		5,841,624	6,873,102	3,415,488	3,450,529		5,085,631	5,785,465	5,816,332	8,770,432	65,619,702	64,497,911	244,024,415	24,945,178	468,902,17
		0,000,042	2,102,024	2,2 .3,7 37	2,212,024	5,51 5,102	5, 120, 100	2, .23,325	2,223,030	2,222,031	2,122,103	0,000,002	0,0,102	,	,, 51	,,,+15	,,_/0	,,,
Baseline Funding Level		6.329.945	3.128.496	1.908.744	5.497.638	5.623.630	1.519.893	2,286.043	2.257.104	3.621.998	3.745.065	6.013.138	6.459.587	66.158.083	60,706,294	239.243.816	24.346.073	438.845.54
Growth above baseline		3,030,997	2,604,128			1,249,472	1,895,595	1,164,486		0,022,000		-196,806	2,310,845	-538,381	, , .	4,780,599	599,105	438,843,34 30,056,62
		5,000,557	2,004,120	2,555,015	5-15,500	2,2-13,472	2,000,000	2,207,400	5,57 5,55	2,-03,033	2,010,400	150,500	2,020,040	555,501	5,751,017	-,, 00,000	555,205	30,030,02
Distribution of growth:																		
District and Brown.																		
under new pilot																		
currently retained by Billing Authorities in															1			
current pool (before LCC payment)		2,020,664	1,736,086	1,292,008	229,324	832,981	1,263,730	776, 324	2,385,956	975,755	1,360,267							12,873,09
currently retained by Billing Authorities																		
not in current pool												-131,204	770,282	-358,920	2,527,745	3,187,066	399,403	6,394,37
Extra 25% share due to pilot (investment pot?)		1,010,332	868,043	646,004	114,662	416,491	631,865	388,162	1,192,978	487,878	680,133	-65,602	1,540,563	-179,460	1,263,872	1,593,533	199,702	10 700
			868.043	646.004									1.540.563	-1/9.460	a 1.263.872	1.593.533	199.702	10,789,15
Total Growth		3,030,997	2,604,128		343.986	1.249.472	1 895 595	1,164,486	3,578,934		2,040,400	-196.806	2,310,845	-538.381		4,780,599	599,105	30,056,62

Annex 1

Lancashire BR 75% Pilot Pool – 2018/19 Growth compared with potential growth under a 75% Pilot

		2018/19 NNDR1										÷						
		Burnley 0	Chorley	Fvlde	Hvndburn	Pendle	Ribble Valley	Rossendale	South Ribble	West Lancashire	Wyre	Preston	Lancaster	Blackpool	Blackburn with Darwen	Lancashire CC	Lancashire Fire	Total
Growth before pilot (from above)	0	2.020.664	1,736,086	1.292.008		832,981	1,263,730	776.324	2,385,956	975,755	1,360,267	-131,204	1,540,563	-358.920	2,527,745		Lancashire Fire	16,451,280
100% Growth equates to	C	5,051,661	4,340,214	3,230,021	573,311	2,082,453	3,159,325	1,940,809	5,964,891	2,439,388	3,400,666	-328,009	3,851,409	-732,491	5,158,662			40,132,310
75% Pilot Shares:																		
Government	25.0%	1,262,915	1,085,053	807,505	143,328	520,613	789,831	485,202	1,491,223	609,847	850,167	-82,002	962,852	-183,123	1,289,666			10,033,078
Districts	60.0%	3,030,997	2,604,128	1,938,013	343,986	1,249,472	1,895,595	1,164,486	3,578,934	1,463,633	2,040,400	-196,806	2,310,845					21,423,683
Unitaries	73.5%	6												-538,381	3,791,617			3,253,236
LCC	13.5%	681,974	585,929	436,053	77,397	281,131	426,509	262,009	805,260	329,317	459,090	-44,281	519,940			4,820,329		4,820,329
Fire	1.5%	75,775	65,103	48,450	8,600	31,237	47,390	29,112	89,473	36,591	51,010	-4,920	57,771	-10,987	77,380		601,985	601,985
Total		5,051,661	4,340,214	3,230,021	573,311	2,082,453	3,159,325	1,940,809	5,964,891	2,439,388	3,400,666	-328,009	3,851,409	-732,491	5,158,662	4,820,329	601,985	40,132,310
Existing system shares:																		
Government	50%	2,525,830	2,170,107	1,615,011	286,655	1,041,227	1,579,662	970,405	2,982,445	1,219,694	1,700,333	-164,005	1,925,704	-366,245	2,579,331			20,066,155
Government Levy received													770,282					770,282
Districts	40%	2,020,664	1,736,086	1,292,008	229,324	832,981	1,263,730	776,324	2,385,956	975,755	1,360,267	-131,204	770,281					13,512,173
Unitaries	49.0%	6												-358,920	2,527,745			2,168,824
LCC	9%	454,649	390,619	290, 702	51,598	187,421	284,339	174,673	536,840	219,545	306,060	-29,521	346,627			3,213,552		3,213,552
Fire	1%	50,517	43,402	32,300	5,733	20,825	31,593	19,408	59,649	24,394	34,007	-3,280	38,514	-7,325	51,587		401,323	401,323
Total		5,051,661	4,340,214	3,230,021	573,311	2,082,453	3, 159, 325	1,940,809	5,964,891	2,439,388	3,400,666	-328,009	3,851,409	-732,491	5,158,662	3,213,552	401,323	40,132,310
Difference:																		
Government share		-1,262,915	-1,085,053	-807,505	-143,328	-520,613	-789,831	-485,202	-1,491,223	-609,847	-850,167	82,002	-962,852	183,123	-1,289,666			-10,033,078
Government Levy received													-770,282					-770,282
Districts		1,010,332	868,043	646,004	114,662	416,491	631,865	388,162	1,192,978	487,878	680,133	-65,602	1,540,564					7,911,510
Unitaries						0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-179,460	1,263,872			1,084,412
LCC		227,325	195,310	145,351	25,799	93,710	142,170	87,336	268,420	109,772	153,030	-14,760	173,313	0	0	1,606,776		1,606,776
Fire		25,258	21,701	16,150	2,867	10,412	15,797	9,704	29,824	12,197	17,003	-1,640	19,257	-3,662	25,793		200,662	200,662
Total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,606,776	200,662	0
Extra benefit from 75% pilot <u>based on</u> current splits		1,010,332	868,043	646,004	114,662	416,491	631,865	388,162	1,192,978	487,878	680,133	-65,602	1,540,564	-179,460	1,263,872	1,606,776	200,662	10,803,360
current spirts		1,010,332	808,043	040,004	114,002	410,491	031,805	388,102	1,192,978	467,678	080,133	-05,002	1,540,564	-179,460	1,203,872	1,000,770	200,082	10,803,

Annex 3

School	Area				
Wennington Hall	Lancaster				
Morecambe High	Lancaster				
Chadwick Centre	Lancaster				
Longridge High	Ribble Valley				
Adlington St Paul's CE	Chorley				
St Augustine RC Primary	Burnley				
St John The Baptist	Burnley				
Shuttleworth College	Burnley				
Blessed Trinity RC	Burnley				
Thomas Whitham 6th Form	Burnley				
Barrowford	Pendle				
West Street Primary	Pendle				
Marsden Heights	Pendle				
Hendon Brook	Pendle				
Bacup St Mary's RC	Rossendale				
All Saints RC High	Rossendale				
Fearns Community College	Rossendale				
Blacko Primary School	Pendle				
Laneshaw Bridge Primary School	Pendle				
Lord Street Primary School	Pendle				
Colne Park High	Pendle				

Hi Jane,

Yes, assuming that authorities in the current Lancashire Business Rate Pool haven't successfully applied as part of any other pilot pool, and with agreement in place from all members of the proposed pool, you could request to automatically revert back to the existing Lancashire Business Rate pooling arrangements with its current membership.

Kind regards,

Sanna Jenkins Local Government Finance Reform and Pensions 2/SE | Fry Building | 2 Marsham Street | London | SW1P 4DF E: sanna.tuunanen@communities.gsi.gov.uk |T: 0303 444 4720 | MHCLG

Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government

From: Jane Pearson [mailto:Jane.Pearson@ribblevalley.gcsx.gov.uk]
Sent: 14 September 2018 15:40
To: Sanna Jenkins; David Bull
Subject: RE: Joint MHCLG/LGA session for prospective 75% Pilot

Many thanks for this Sanna

I just have one further question for your on our prospective pilot pool application.....

• On the application from the question is asked as to what pooling arrangements we would like you to put in place if our pilot application is unsuccessful. In this scenario we need to know if the Government would agree to our request to automatically revert back to the existing Lancashire Business Rate Pool with its current membership?

I appreciate you will be very busy dealing with queries but wonder if you could answer what is a crucial question for our prospective Lancashire pilot application as soon as possible, as this is a key consideration for us all

Kind regards Jane

Jane Pearson | Director of Resources Ribble Valley Borough Council, Council Offices, Church Walk, Clitheroe, Lancashire BB7 2RA T: 01200 414430 | F: 01200 414432 | E: jane.pearson@ribblevalley.gov.uk | W: www.ribblevalley.gov.uk

From: Sanna Jenkins [mailto:Sanna.Jenkins@communities.gsi.gov.uk]
Sent: 12 September 2018 13:36
To: Jane Pearson
Cc: David Bull; Business Rates Pilots
Subject: RE: Joint MHCLG/LGA session for prosepective 75% Pilot

Hi Jane,

Thanks for your email.

I have replied to your questions below in red.

To benefit all prospective applicants, we are publishing all questions that we receive in relation to pilot applications on the Q&A section of our pilot prospectus website: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/75-business-rates-retention-pilots-2019-to-2020-prospectus. All questions will be anonymised so that the website won't show who has asked the questions.

We will be shortly updating this page to also include your questions and the questions that were asked during the pilots Q&A event. I hope this may help.

Kind regards,

Sanna Jenkins Local Government Finance Reform and Pensions 2/SE | Fry Building | 2 Marsham Street | London | SW1P 4DF E: sanna.tuunanen@communities.gsi.gov.uk |T: 0303 444 4720 | MHCLG

Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government

From: David BullSent: 03 September 2018 11:20To: Sanna JenkinsSubject: FW: Joint MHCLG/LGA session for prospective 75% Pilot

Hi Sanna

Could you please look to get back to Jane on the Piloting questions below please ?

Thank you David

From: Jane Pearson [mailto:Jane.Pearson@ribblevalley.gcsx.gov.uk]
Sent: 03 September 2018 11:12
To: David Bull
Subject: Joint MHCLG/LGA session for prosepective 75% Pilot

Hi David

Unfortunately I am unable to attend the session this afternoon.

Just a few questions though If you don't mind raising them.

1. We (in our modelling) have assumed that negative rsg will also be rolled in to the calculations of tariffs and top-ups. Is this correct? Obviously separately the Government are consulting on proposals to eliminate negative rsg from business rate receipts.

As you mention, the Government is currently consulting on proposals for negative RSG in 2019/20 and our preferred option is to remove the impact of negative RSG by reverting tariffs and top ups to what they would be if there was no negative RSG. Any final decision made in relation to this would be applicable to both piloting and non-piloting authorities in 2019/20.

2. Would you expect Fire & Rescue Authorities to be in the new pilots?

As set in 2.4, we would expect a proposed pool to comprise a county council and all of the associated district councils; a group of unitary authorities; or a two-tier areas and adjoining unitaries, but it should extend across a functional economic area. Proposals will need to set out tier split arrangements of all precepting authorities, including Fire and Rescue authorities.

Should the Fire and Rescue Authority not be included in the proposal, and unless it was locally agreed otherwise, the Fire and Rescue Authority would continue to receive the same share of business rates as they would have done under the current 50% business rates retention system.

3. With regard to question k on the application form – what is the Government's thinking? The more diverse an area's business rates base the more likely the pilot application would be approved?

Question K is linked with further criteria 3.3 in the prospectus. We may refer to this criteria, if necessary, to ensure that a variety of useful pilots are created. We are interested in piloting 75% BRR with a range of different pooling, governance and tier split arrangements to be tested. We are also interested in testing 75% BRR in different geographies and in areas with different types of business rate bases, and therefore piloting in areas with complex or simple business rate bases would be of similar interest to us.

4. With regard to 'jointly managing risk and reward' what would your views be on each member receiving 'their earned growth' (following agreement of new tier splits) as opposed to putting the additional growth in an investment pot.

As per 3.2b of the prospectus, proposals should demonstrate how pooled income from growth will be used across the pilot area to either boost further growth, promote financial sustainability or a combination of these. There is no requirement for the money to be put in an investment pot, but we are interested in innovative approaches and your answer could cover how additional growth is split between different priorities and the pooled authorities.

Many thanks Jane

Jane Pearson | Director of Resources Ribble Valley Borough Council, Council Offices, Church Walk, Clitheroe, Lancashire BB7 2RA T: 01200 414430 | F: 01200 414432 | E: jane.pearson@ribblevalley.gov.uk | W: www.ribblevalley.gov.uk