Appendix - Main Modifications

The modifications below are expressed either in the form of strikethrough for deletions and **bold** for additions of text, or by specifying the modification in words in *italics*.

| Ref | Policy/ Paragraph | Main Modification |
|-----|---|--|
| MM1 | Paragraph 3.12 | Revise the wording of the objective to read: |
| | | "To increase the supply of affordable and decent homes in the borough to help meet identified needs". |
| MM2 | Key Statement DS1: Development Strategy | Delete Key Statement DS1 and paragraphs 4.2 to 4.11 (except Key Statement DS2) and replace with the new Key Statement DS1 and supporting paragraphs shown in Annex 1. |
| ммз | Paragraph 4.11 | Amend the table to read as follows: |
| | | Location Residual number of houses required for each settlement 17 |
| | | Clitheroe 240 Longridge 633 Whalley 0 Other settlements 145 Standen 1040 Total 2058 |
| | | Modify footnote 17 to read: "As at 31 st March 2014- all applications that have been approved since will reduce this number". |
| мм4 | Key Statement EN3: Sustainable Development and Climate Change | Add the following to the end of the first paragraph: " carbon footprint. The Council will assess applications against the current Code for Sustainable Homes, Lifetime Homes and Buildings for Life and BREEAM standards, or any subsequent nationally recognized standards." |
| MM5 | Key Statement EC2: Development of Retail, Shops and Community Facilities | Add the following to the Key Statement: "Provision for new convenience retail floor space of up to 1815 sq m for Clitheroe, 140 sq m for Longridge and 250 sq m for Whalley will be allocated. Provision for new comparison retail floor space of up to 2630 sq m for Clitheroe, 640 sq m for Longridge and 240 sq m for Whalley will be allocated." |
| ММ6 | Key Statement H1: Housing | Amend the Key Statement as follows: |

| Ref | Policy/ Paragraph | Main Modification | |
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| | Provision | Land for residential developmed deliver 4,000 5,600 dwelling annual completion rate targed wellings per year over the paccordance with baseline info | et of at least -200 280 period 2008 to 2028 in |
| MM7 | Appendix 2 | Amend the paragraph as follows | ows: |
| | Paragraph 15.1 | | le $2008 - 2028 = 4000$ 5600 for a minimum of $\frac{1120}{1600}$ ettlements. |
| | | 4000 - 1120 = 2880 5600-1 provided by the 3 main settle Longridge and Whalley." | |
| | | Revise footnote 20 to read a | s follows: |
| | | "This is calculated as the avesettlements equating to 45 d Actual provision across the obe a matter for the allocation "Housing in the defined se | lwellings per settlement. ther defined settlements will ns process as set out in the |
| мм8 | Appendix 2 Paragraph 15.2 | Delete the first table set out 2 and replace it with the table | in paragraph 15.2 of Appendix le given in Annex 2. |
| ММ9 | Appendix 2 Paragraph 15.2 | Amend the second table set Appendix 2 so that it reads a | |
| | | Number of houses in supply as at 1st October 2011 31st March 2014 plus proposed strategic site | 2033 (993 + 1040) 3610 (2570+1040) |
| | | Residual number of | 1484 2058 |
| | | Number of Houses to provide 2008 - 2028 | 4000 5600 |
| MM10 | Chapter 12: Glossary | Add new first bullet to the deas follows: | efinition of 'settlement' to read |
| | | least 20 dwellings and place of worship or schare of a size and form settlement. Settlemen | |

| ion benefits or |
|---|
| ace them with a |
| ccommodation es that the sidential pitches 2028. Given this ormally allocate a th the guided by be reviewed in the GTAA also need for sites for |
| atement EN4 as |
| loss of a net |
| nd replace it with |
| d as follows: |
| rill include rdnance survey es the Council rms of ade as required for town centre he Council included such as housing. For I be used to ing to meet the will also be using to meet aployment land he anticipated that will be undaries to help fined settlements locations process r commitments to |
| |

| Ref | Policy/ Paragraph | Main Modification |
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| | | information on areas that are subject to differing designations such as flood risk areas, nature designations, heritage or landscape protection to support the application of the relevant policy framework established in the Core Strategy. Where land is needed for specific infrastructure (such as for schools, highways proposals or service infrastructure) then it will be allocated where necessary. |
| | | The Core Strategy will be subject to a monitoring process to ensure its policies are addressing the aims and objectives of the plan and also that it is kept up to date with regard to any implications of changes to the underlying evidence base or legislative or national policy framework. Monitoring will be undertaken on an annual basis however it is intended that the plan itself will be subject to a formal review process where the need for any changes to the plan will be considered through a managed review process. This may result in parts of the plan being reviewed through the statutory process as a partial review or if appropriate a whole plan review. Specifically the housing requirement of the plan has been identified for review as a matter of Council policy within 5 years of the date of adoption in order to ensure that the most appropriate strategic figure for housing is being planned for. Any changes to the Core Strategy may lead to a need to review either partially or in full other associated planning policy documents." |
| MM15 | Chapter 11: Monitoring | Delete all of Chapter 11: Monitoring and replace it with the new text shown in Annex 4. |
| MM16 | Chapter 9 | Add the following to the end of the paragraph in the box (immediately under the heading 'The Strategic Site'): "Phasing will be considered through the Development Management process in conjunction with the landowner/s including the preparation of associated detailed masterplans and legal agreements together with development and design briefs prepared as Supplementary Planning Documents as appropriate. Development on the part of the site adjacent to Pendleton Brook which lies within Flood Zone 2 and 3 will be restricted to water compatible uses (i.e. amenity open space areas)." |

| Ref | Policy/ Paragraph | Main Modification |
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| | | |
| MM17 | Chapter 9 | Amend the third paragraph after the paragraph in the box to read as follows: |
| | | " Any development should take into account of the presence of various heritage assets and their setting, within and in the vicinity of the site, including the Grade II* Standen Hall and the various grade II listed buildings adjacent to the site and also the line of the Roman Road that runs through the site, which is of archaeological and historic significance" |
| | | archaeological and historic significance |
| MM18 | Key Statement EC1 | Add the following as a new first paragraph to Key Statement EC1: |
| | | "Employment development will be directed towards the main settlements of Clitheroe, Whalley and Longridge as the preferred locations to accommodate employment growth together with land at Barrow Enterprise Site, the Lancashire Enterprise Zone at Samlesbury and locations well related to the A59 corridor." |
| | | Amend the second paragraph (following the new first paragraph above) as follows: |
| | | " will aim to allocate 9 hectares 8 hectares of land" |
| MM19 | Chapter 10 Policy DME5 Para 3 | Add the following to the third paragraph of DME5, after the last bullet point: |
| | raia 3 | Outside these areas renewable energy schemes will be considered to be appropriate in principle subject to other policies in the plan. |
| | Policy DME5 Para 2 | Amend the second paragraph of DME5 by deleting text and replacing it with new text as follows: |
| | | In terms of the use of decentralised and renewable or low carbon energy in new development the Authority will request that on new non-residential developments over 1000m2 and all residential developments of 10 or more units that at least 10% of their predicted energy requirements should come from decentralized and renewable or low carbon sources unless the applicant can demonstrate that this is not feasible or viable. This target will be uprated in line with national policy. |
| | | The Council will require decentralised and renewable |

| Ref | Policy/ Paragraph | Main Modification |
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| | | or low carbon energy in new developments to meet national standards. |
| MM20 | Key Statement EN3 | Amend the final sentence of the first paragraph to read as follows: |
| | Para 1 | Proposals for the development of new renewable energy generation facilities, including onshore wind turbine technologies, will be encouraged. Many factors will need to be taken into account, including the need to reduce the area's carbon footprint whilst also recognizing its exceptional environmental and landscape context. |
| MM21 | After para. 8.10 | Add the following after paragraph 8.10: |
| | | 8.11 The Council is committed to ensure the necessary infrastructure is brought forward to meet the needs of the area resulting from proposed growth and development. The Council will continue to work with relevant authorities, public bodies and agencies to secure the delivery of infrastructure in a timely and effective manner. In providing a policy framework through this Core Strategy and the use of its Planning powers relevant infrastructure can be delivered. Statutory undertakers such as United Utilities and relevant authorities such as Lancashire County Council, and NHS England will need to meet their legal responsibilities for the provision of water and water treatment, health services to meet the needs of the areas and school facilities. However much of this provision will be dependant upon the timing of development, the emerging needs to be addressed at the time and capacity of existing provision. |
| | | 8.12 The Borough Council will continue to work closely with providers and partners to ensure the needs of the area are addressed. The Council will produce an allocations document that will, in conjunction with housing and employment site allocations, seek to identify specific proposals for supporting infrastructure to ensure land is reserved to meet future needs in a coordinated manner. Actual investment in infrastructure will be dependent upon the spending and investment plans of the responsible authority, including the borough council. The Core Strategy provides a strategic framework to allow those bodies to consider investment plans whilst the subsequent, detailed allocations stage will provide the opportunity for site |

| Ref | Policy/ Paragraph | Main Modification |
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| | | 8.13 Highway infrastructure will be a key part of ongoing development in the area as recognised in the County Councils East Lancashire Transport Masterplan and through specific measures identified in relation to development such as the new roundabout to the Pendle Road/A59 junction required to facilitate the Standen Strategic site, works to improve traffic flows and capacity around Clitheroe and Whalley centres and traffic and parking management measures identified in relation to Clitheroe and Whalley which form part of the legal agreements to current development commitments. Car parking facilities are monitored by the Borough Council with provision currently under review and opportunities to increase capacity being considered in both Whalley and Clitheroe through local projects to provide additional parking and manage the use of existing facilities. The Councils stated commitment to work to secure necessary infrastructure, its joint working arrangements, this policy framework and powers available to the Council will work to ensure that growth is successfully accommodated and that new facilities are available to enhance the local area as a place to live, work and visit. |
| | Policy DMG1 | Delete Policy DMG1 and replace it with a new Policy DMG1 as set out in Annex 5. |
| MM23 | Policy DMG2 | Amend the second paragraph of Policy DMG2 as follows: "Outside the defined settlement areas development must meet at least one of the following considerations:" |
| | Policy DMG2 and Chapter 12: Glossary | Amend the third bullet point following the second paragraph of Policy DMG2 as follows: The development is for Local Needs Housing which meets an identified need and is secured as such Add the following definition to the glossary: "Local Needs Housing: Local needs housing is the housing developed to meet the needs of existing and concealed households living within the parish and surrounding parishes which is evidenced by the Housing Needs Survey for the parish, the housing Waiting List and the Strategic Housing Market Assessment." |
| MM25 | Chapter 12: Glossary | Add the following to the glossary: |

| Ref | Policy/ Paragraph | Main Modification |
|--------|-----------------------------|--|
| MM26 | Chapter 12: | Major proposals include large buildings more than 1000m ² floor space and developments of more than 10 dwellings or more. Add the following to the glossary: |
| 111120 | Glossary | Conservation (for heritage policy): The process of maintaining and managing change to a heritage asset in a way that sustains and, where appropriate, enhances its significance. |
| | | Historic environment: All aspects of the environment resulting from the interaction between people and places through time, including all surviving physical remains of past human activity, whether visible, buried or submerged, and landscaped and planted or managed flora. |
| | | Registered Historic Parks and Gardens : A park or garden included on the Register of Parks and Gardens of Special Historic Interest in England as determined by English Heritage. |
| MM27 | Policy DMH3 And Glossary | Amend bullet point one of Policy DMH3 to read as follows: Development essential for the purposes of agriculture or residential development which meets and identified local need. |
| | | In assessing any proposal for an agricultural, forestry or other essential workers dwellings a functional and financial test will be applied. |
| | | Add the following to the glossary: |
| | | FUNCTIONAL and FINANCIAL TEST In considering proposals for permanent agricultural, forestry and other essential dwellings, the following criteria will be applied: |
| | | Is a clearly established existing functional need? Does the need relate to a full time worker or one who is primarily employed rather than a part time requirement? Have the unit and the agricultural activity concerned |
| | | been established for at least 3 years, been profitable for at least one of them, are currently financially sound and have a clear prospect of remaining so? • Could the functional need be fulfilled by another existing dwelling on the unit? |
| MM28 | Policy DMH4 | Amend bullet point one of policy DMH4 as set out below: |

| Ref | Policy/ Paragraph | Main Modification |
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| | | The building is not isolated in the landscape, i.e. it is within a defined settlement or forms part of an already group of buildings, and |
| MM29 | Paragraph 15.3 in Appendix 2. | After paragraph 15.3 in Appendix 2, add the text and housing trajectory chart shown in Annex 6. |
| MM30 | Key Statement H3 | Amend the sixth paragraph of Key Statement H3 to read as follows: "Providing housing for the elderly older people is a priority for the Council within the Housing Strategy. Within the negotiations for housing developments, 15% of the units will be sought for elderly provision to provide for older people on sites of 10 units or more. Within this 15% figure a minimum of 50% would be affordable and be included within the overall affordable housing threshold of 30%. The remaining 50% (i.e the remaining 50% of the 15% elderly-related older people's element) will be for market housing for elderly groups older people." |
| MM31 | Key Statement H3 | "Older people's housing should meet the Lifetime Homes standard as a minimum." Add the following after paragraph 6.7: "The Lifetime Homes standard is the standard designed to accommodate the changing needs of occupants of housing throughout their lives. There are 16 standards promoted in the Rowntree Foundation report 'Meeting Part M and Designing Lifetime Homes' such as wider doorways, wheelchair access, downstairs toilet and provision for a future stair lift." |
| MM32 | Key Statement EN5 | Amend Key Statement as follows: KEY STATEMENT EN5: HERITAGE ASSETS There will be a presumption in favour of the conservation and enhancement of the significance of heritage assets and their settings. The Historic Environment and its Heritage Assets and their settings will be conserved and enhanced in a manner appropriate to their significance for their heritage value; their important contribution to local character, distinctiveness and sense of place; and to wider social, cultural and environmental benefits. |

| Ref | Policy/ Paragraph | Main Modification |
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| | | This will be achieved through: |
| | | Recognising that the best way of ensuring the long term protection of heritage assets is to ensure a viable use that optimises opportunities for sustaining and enhancing its significance. find an optimum viable use that strikes the correct balance between economic viability and impact on the significance of the asset. Keeping Conservation Area Appraisals under review to ensure that any development proposals respect and safeguard the character, appearance and significance of the area. |
| | | Carefully cConsidering any development proposals that adversely affect a designated which may impact on a heritage asset or its their setting through seeking benefits that conserve and enhance their significance and avoids any substantial harm to the heritage asset. in line with the Development Management policies. |
| | | Requiring all development proposals to make a positive contribution to local distinctiveness/sense of place. |
| | | The consideration of Article 4 Directions to restrict permitted development rights where the exercise of such rights would harm the historic environment. |
| | Policy DME4 | Amend policy DME4 as follows: |
| | | POLICY DME4: PROTECTING HERITAGE ASSETS |
| | | 10.15 IN CONSIDERING DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS THE COUNCIL WILL MAKE A PRESUMPTION IN FAVOUR OF THE PROTECTION CONSERVATION AND ENHANCEMENT OF HERITAGE ASSETS AND THEIR SETTINGS. |
| | | 1.CONSERVATION AREAS |
| | | PROPOSALS WITHIN, OR CLOSELY RELATED TO OR AFFECTING VIEWS INTO AND OUT OF, OR AFFECTING THE SETTING OF A CONSERVATION AREAS SHOULD NOT HARM THE AREA WILL BE REQUIRED TO CONSERVE AND WHERE APPROPRIATE ENHANCE ITS CHARACTER AND APPEARANCE AND THOSE ELEMENTS WHICH CONTRIBUTE TOWARDS ITS SIGNIFICANCE. THIS SHOULD INCLUDE CONSIDERATIONS AS TO WHETHER IT RESPECTS AND SAFEGUARDS CONSERVES AND ENHANCES THE SPECIAL ARCHITECTURAL AND HISTORIC CHARACTER OF |

| Ref | Policy/ Paragraph | Main Modification |
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| | | THE AREA AS SET OUT IN THE RELEVANT CONSERVATION AREA APPRAISAL. DEVELOPMENT WHICH MAKES A POSITIVE CONTRIBUTION AND CONSERVES AND ENHANCES IN THESE AREAS WILL BE STRICTLY CONTROLLED TO ENSURE THAT IT RESPECTS THE CHARACTER, APPEARANCE AND SIGNIFICANCE OF THE AREA IN TERMS OF ITS LOCATION, SCALE, SIZE, DESIGN AND MATERIALS AND EXISTING BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES, TREES AND OPEN SPACES WILL BE SUPPORTED. |
| | | IN THE CONSERVATION AREAS THERE WILL BE A PRESUMPTION IN FAVOUR OF THE PRESERVATION CONSERVATION AND ENHANCEMENT OF ELEMENTS THAT MAKE A POSITIVE CONTRIBUTION TO THE CHARACTER OR APPEARANCE OF THE CONSERVATION AREA. |
| | | 2.LISTED BUILDINGS AND OTHER BUILDINGS OF SIGNIFICANT HERITAGE INTEREST |
| | | ALTERATIONS OR EXTENSIONS TO DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS ON SITES WITHIN THE SETTING OF LISTED BUILDINGS OR BUILDINGS OF SIGNIFICANT LOCAL HERITAGE INTEREST, OR DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS ON SITES WITHIN THEIR SETTING WHICH CAUSE VISUAL HARM TO THE SETTING OF THE BUILDING, SIGNIFICANCE OF THE HERITAGE ASSET WILL NOT BE SUPPORTED BE RESISTED. |
| | | ANY PROPOSALS INVOLVING THE DEMOLITION OR LOSS OF IMPORTANT HISTORIC FABRIC FROM LISTED BUILDINGS WILL BE REFUSED UNLESS IT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED THAT EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES EXIST THIS IS UNAVOIDABLE. |
| | | 3.REGISTERED HISTORIC PARKS AND GARDENS OF SPECIAL HISTORIC INTEREST AND OTHER GARDENS OF SIGNIFICANT HERITAGE INTEREST |
| | | PROPOSALS WHICH CAUSE HARM TO OR LOSS OF SIGNIFICANCE TO REGISTERED PARKS, GARDENS OR LANDSCAPES OF SPECIAL HISTORIC INTEREST OR OTHER GARDENS OF SIGNIFICANT LOCAL HERITAGE INTEREST, INCLUDING THEIR SETTING, WILL NOT BE SUPPORTED. |
| | | PROPOSALS AFFECTING REGISTERED HISTORIC PARK AND GARDENS AND OTHER GARDENS OF SIGNIFICANT HERITAGE INTEREST, OR THEIR |

| Ref | Policy/ Paragraph | Main Modification |
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| | | SETTINGS, SHOULD RESPECT AND SAFEGUARD THEIR CHARACTER. |
| | | 4.SCHEDULED MONUMENTS AND OTHER ARCHAEOLOGICAL REMAINS |
| | | APPLICATIONS FOR DEVELOPMENT THAT WOULD IMPACT RESULT IN HARM TO THE SIGNIFICANCE OF A SCHEDULED MONUMENT OR NATIONALLY IMPORTANT ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES WILL NOT BE SUPPORTED. |
| | | DEVELOPERS WILL BE EXPECTED TO INVESTIGATE THE SIGNIFICANCE OF NON DESIGNATED ARCHAEOLOGY PRIOR TO DETERMINATION OF AN APPLICATION. WHERE THIS DEMONSTRATES THAT THE SIGNIFICANCE IS EQUIVALENT TO THAT OF DESIGNATED ASSETS, PROPOSALS WHICH CAUSE HARM TO THE SIGNIFICANCE OF NON DESIGNATED ASSETS WILL NOT BE SUPPORTED. |
| | | WHERE IT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED THAT THAT THE SUBSTANTIAL PUBLIC BENEFITS OF ANY PROPOSALS OUTWEIGH THE HARM TO OR LOSS OF THE ABOVE, THE COUNCIL WILL SEEK TO ENSURE MITIGATION OF DAMAGE THROUGH PRESERVATION OF REMAINS IN SITU AS THE PREFERRED SOLUTION. WHERE THIS IS NOT JUSTIFIED DEVELOPERS WILL BE REQUIRED TO MAKE ADEQUATE PROVISION FOR EXCAVATION AND RECORDING OF THE ASSET BEFORE OR DURING EXCAVATION. |
| | | WILL NEED TO DEMONSTRATE THAT THEY HAVE TAKEN THE PARTICULAR IMPORTANCE OF THE MONUMENT AND ITS SETTING INTO ACCOUNT AND THAT SCHEDULED MONUMENT CONSENT HAS EITHER ALREADY BEEN OBTAINED OR IS LIKELY TO BE GRANTED. NATIONAL POLICY GIVES ADDITIONAL POLICY GUIDANCE ON DEALING WITH BOTH DESIGNATED AND UNDESIGNATED HERITAGE ASSETS, AND WILL BE APPLIED BY THE COUNCIL WHEN DETERMINING PROPOSALS. |
| | | PROPOSALS THAT AFFECT SUCH SITE AS THOSE MENTIONED ABOVE SHOULD ALSO GIVE ADEQUATE CONSIDERATION OF HOW THE PUBLIC UNDERSTANDING AND APPRECIATION OF SUCH SITES COULD BE IMPROVED. |

| Ref | Policy/ Paragraph | Main Modification | | |
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| | | IN LINE WITH NPPF, RIBBLE VALLEY AIMS TO SEEK POSITIVE IMPROVEMENTS IN THE QUALITY OF THE HISTORIC ENVIRONMENT THROUGH THE FOLLOWING: | | |
| | | A) MONITORING HERITAGE ASSETS AT RISK AND; | | |
| | | I) SUPPORTING DEVELOPMENT/RE-USE PROPOSALS CONSISTENT WITH THEIR CONSERVATION; | | |
| | | II) CONSIDERING USE OF LEGAL POWERS (BUILDING PRESERVATION NOTICES, URGENT WORKS NOTICES) TO ENSURE THE PROPER PRESERVATION OF LISTED BUILDINGS AND BUILDINGS WITHIN THE CONSERVATION AREAS. | | |
| | | B) SUPPORTING REDEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS WHICH BETTER REVEAL THE SIGNIFICANCE OF HERITAGE ASSETS OR THEIR SETTINGS. | | |
| | | C) PRODUCTION OF DESIGN GUIDANCE. | | |
| | | D) KEEPING CONSERVATION AREA MANAGEMENT GUIDANCE UNDER REVIEW. | | |
| | | E) USE OF LEGAL ENFORCEMENT POWERS TO ADDRESS UNAUTHORISED WORKS WHERE IT IS EXPEDIENT TO DO SO. | | |
| | | F) ASSESS THE SIGNIFICANCE AND OPPORTUNITIES FOR ENHANCEMENT OF NON DESIGNATED HERITAGE ASSETS THROUGH THE DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT PROCESS. | | |
| | | The protection of heritage assets is recognised in national policy and makes a significant contribution to the character and inherent qualities of the borough. It is important to provide clear guidance on the treatment of these assets through the development management process. | | |
| ММ33 | Policy DMG2 | Amend the second paragraph of Policy DMG2, which is a bullet point, to read as follows: | | |
| | | "DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS IN THE DEFINED SETTLEMENTS PRINCIPAL SETTLEMENTS OF CLITHEROE, LONGRIDGE AND WHALLEY AND THE TIER 1 VILLAGES SHOULD CONSOLIDATE, EXPAND OR ROUND-OFF DEVELOPMENT SO THAT IT IS CLOSELY RELATED TO THE MAIN BUILT UP AREAS, ENSURING THIS IS APPROPRIATE TO THE SCALE OF, AND IN KEEPING | | |

| Ref | Policy/ Paragraph | Main Modification |
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| | | WITH, THE EXISTING SETTLEMENT." |
| | | Amend the third paragraph of Policy DMG2 to read as follows: |
| | | "WITHIN THE TIER 2 VILLAGES AND OUTSIDE THE DEFINED SETTLEMENT AREAS DEVELOPMENT MUST MEET AT LEAST ONE OF THE FOLLOWING CONSIDERATIONS:" |
| MM34 | Paragraph 3.11 | " heritage assets. In addition there are non designated heritage assets and there may be nationally important but unidentified archaeological assets. Heritage assets are an irreplaceable resource and will be conserved in a manner appropriate to their significance." |

Main Modification MM2

Delete Key Statement DS1 and paragraphs 4.2 to 4.11 (except Key Statement DS2) and replace with the new Key Statement DS1 and supporting paragraphs shown below:

KEY STATEMENT DS1: DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

The majority of new housing development will be

- concentrated within an identified strategic site located to the south of Clitheroe towards the A59;
 and
- · the principal settlements of
 - o Clitheroe.
 - o Longridge, and
 - o Whalley.

Strategic employment opportunities will be promoted through the development of

- · the Barrow Enterprise Site as a main location for employment, and
- the Samlesbury Enterprise Zone.

New retail and leisure development will be directed toward the centres of

- Clitheroe,
- Longridge, and
- Whalley.

In addition to the identified strategic site at Standen and the borough's principal settlements, development will be focused towards the Tier 1 Villages, which are the more sustainable of the 32 defined settlements:

- Barrow
- Billington
- Chatburn
- Gisburn
- Langho
- Mellor
- Mellor Brook
- Read & Simonstone
- Wilpshire

In the 23 remaining Tier 2 Village settlements, which are the less sustainable of the 32 defined settlements, development will need to meet proven local needs or deliver regeneration benefits. The Tier 2 Village settlements are:

- Bolton-by-Bowland
- Brockhall
- Calderstones
- Chipping
- Copster Green
- Downham
- Dunsop Bridge

- Grindleton
- Holden
- Hurst Green
- Newton
- Osbaldeston
- Pendleton
- Ribchester
- Rimington

- Sabden
- Sawley
- Slaidburn
- Tosside
- WaddingtonWest Bradford
- Wiswell
- Worston

In general, the scale of planned housing growth will be managed to reflect existing population size, the availability of, or the opportunity to provide facilities to serve the development and the extent to which development can be accommodated within the local area. Specific allocations will be made through the preparation of a separate allocations DPD.

In allocating development, the Council will have regard to the AONB, Green Belt and similar designations when establishing the scale, extent and form of development to be allocated under this strategy. The relevant constraints are set out as part of the strategic framework included in this plan.

Development that has recognised regeneration benefits, is for identified local needs or satisfies neighbourhood planning legislation, will be considered in all the borough's settlements, including small-scale development in the smaller settlements that are appropriate for consolidation and expansion or rounding-off of the built up area.

Through this strategy, development opportunities will be created for economic, social and environmental well-being and development for future generations.

Is the Preferred Option one of those presented at the previous consultation stages?

No. The preferred option is effectively a hybrid approach of Option B and Option D that were presented at the alternative options consultation stage, taking account of up to date information and consideration of views raised in response to consultation. Option B focused development towards Clitheroe, Longridge and Whalley whilst option D was based on the use of a Strategic Site. Information on these options can be seen in previous documents.

In terms of option D, which saw a large strategic site being proposed towards the south east of Clitheroe on land referred to as Standen Estates, this option was commonly cited as respondents' preferred option when assessed against the other seven potential options during the consultation. That said, this wasn't without opposition and concerns relating to the size of the site and potential infrastructure issues that could result if the site was to be developed were also raised.

The Sustainability Appraisal options report, which assessed each of the eight potential options for their environmental economic and social sustainability highlighted only three 'key weaknesses' for option D which related to the visual impact of such a large site, the potential for additional highway pressure (although it was felt that this could be mitigated through appropriate infrastructure planning and provision at the local level) and finally the uncertainty that results from 50% of the development being spread across the remainder of the borough with no clear indication of how much would go where.

In addressing these concerns, yet still ensuring that the benefits of a strategic site are achievable (in terms of infrastructure delivery), under the preferred option the strategic site has been reduced

in terms of the scale of proposed housing. It is considered that a smaller number of houses would have a positive impact on addressing potential visual impact issues (though detailed work on this would still be needed) and also reduce the impact of potential highway concerns (though again, further detailed work on this would still be required as part of the infrastructure delivery plan and also during the Development Management process). By creating a hybrid approach of option D and B, the final SA options report concern is also alleviated as it becomes much clearer as to where the remaining development will be located across the rest of the borough.

The number of units proposed for the strategic site has been reduced to 1040 dwellings over a 20-year period. Phasing of the development will need to be considered and this will be done through the Development Management process including the detailed preparation of associated master plans, together with development and design briefs, working with the landowner and considering the practical implications of, and timing for, the delivery of key infrastructure

As stated, in effect an option 'B' approach is proposed in calculating the levels of the remaining development across the borough. As with option D, the Sustainability Appraisal options analysis, found this to be a sustainable approach to development, with only one 'key weakness' being identified, which related to the need for highways investment in Longridge being required to accommodate the level of growth option B would result in. The SA options report also highlighted a requirement for cohesive working with Preston City Council, which is already taking place.

In terms of taking forward the hybrid approach, the option B element would see development distributed primarily according to population distribution of the key settlements, reflecting the calls for an equitable and fairer distribution of development raised during the consultation at the Regulation 18 (25) stage of production.

In creating the hybrid approach based on the two options the population distribution approach has been applied to the key service centres. The strategic site has also been factored into the revised calculations and, due to its close proximity to the settlement of Clitheroe, has been considered when calculating the distribution of housing number for Clitheroe, albeit still based upon a population distribution model. This approach also significantly reduces the amount of development proposed for Longridge, thus addressing the 'key weakness' raised as part of the SA options analysis.

The impact of this strategy in relation to the strategic pattern of distribution is detailed in Appendix 2 to the Core Strategy. In summary this development strategy means that the following distribution of housing results in:

| Category | Location | Total number of houses required for each settlement over the plan period ¹ | Commitments up to March 2014 | Residual number of houses required for each settlement ² |
|--|---|---|------------------------------------|---|
| Principal Settlement | Clitheroe | 2320 | 1040 | 240 |
| Principal Settlement | Longridge | 1160 | 327 | 633 |
| Principal Settlement | Whalley | 520 | 588 | 0 (+68) |
| Strategic site | Standen | 1040 | 0 | 1040 |
| Other Settlements | | 1600 | 1655 | 145 (-55+200 ³) |
| TOTAL | | 5600 | 3610 | 2058 |
| Distribution set out below | | | | |
| Other Settlements: Tier 1 Villages (the 9 most sustainable of the defined settlements) | Barrow | 710 | 710 | 0 |
| , | Wilpshire | 66 | 21 | 45 |
| | Read & Simonstone | 45 | 27 | 18 |
| | Billington | 76 | 58 | 18 |
| | Langho | 21 | 3 | 18 |
| | Mellor | 38 | 20 | 18 |
| | Chatburn | 27 | 9 | 18 |
| | Mellor Brook | 23 | 18 | 5 |
| | Gisburn | 16 | 11 | 5 |
| | Total | 1022 | 877 | 145 |
| Other Settlements: Tier 2 Villages (the 23 less sustainable of the defined settlements) | 23 settlements | 0 Local Needs Housing/ Regeneration Benefits only | 346 | 0 |
| Housing development not within the 32 defined settlements or the Principal Settlements | 8 non- defined settlements & outside of these | 0 Local Needs Housing/ Regeneration Benefits only | 432 | 0 |

Whilst Barrow is recognised as a Tier 1 Village settlement and therefore one of the more sustainable defined settlements, the distribution takes account of the large commitment to housing that exists as a result of planning permissions at Barrow and consequently further housing development is not being promoted at this settlement.

¹ Figures based upon requirement for 5,600 houses over plan period (280/yr average). Clitheroe figure also includes the 1040 at Standen in this table but is subtracted to calculate the residual.

² As at 31st March 2014– all applications that have been approved since will reduce this number.

³ Figure of 200 units re-apportioned across the 9 Tier 1 settlements from the Longridge adjustment

In relation to employment land, under the preferred strategy, it will continue to be possible to accommodate the minimum required level of land for economic development (8ha over the remainder of the plan period). It is considered that provision can be included within land at Standen to the south of Clitheroe to generate a mixed development opportunity as well as the opportunity to bring other sites forward to protect choice of locations. The existing site at Barrow Enterprise Park would continue in its role as the borough's principle strategic location for employment. The designation of the Enterprise Zone at Samlesbury, which includes land within both Ribble Valley and South Ribble offers the potential to support and strengthen the economy. Through specialist investment it provides an opportunity to develop further the economy of the Ribble Valley through service and supply chain growth and is recognised as a strategic site. Under the neighbourhood planning legislation, it would also be possible to bring forward land for economic development where there are demonstrable regeneration benefits and in locations where local communities would like to see development take place.

Main Modification MM8

Delete the first table set out in paragraph 15.2 of Appendix 2 and replace it with the table given below:

Residual number of houses required for each main settlement based on the main Settlement population:

| Settlement | No of houses to be provided ⁴ | No of houses already completed/permissions given ⁵ for each settlement area (based on the Parish) | 3 Unadjusted residual (less no already completed/ permission given) | 4 Longridge Adjustment ⁶ | 5 Proposed Strategic site ⁷ | 7 Residual number of houses required for each settlement ⁸ |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| Clitheroe | 2,320 | 1040 | 1280 | | 1040 | 240 |
| Longridge | 1,160 | 327 | 833 | 633 | | 633 |
| Whalley | 520 | 588 | 0 (-68) | | | 0 |
| Non-defined settlements/areas (8 settlements) ⁹ | 0 | 432 | 0 (-432) | | | |
| Other 'Defined Settlements' (32 settlements) | 1,600 | 1223 | 377 | | | |
| | 1,600 | 1655 | -55 | 145 | | 145 |
| Standen | | | | | | 1040 |
| Total | 5,600 | 3610 | 2058 | | 1040 | 2058 |

⁴ For the 3 main settlements, total number of dwellings is 4000. Number of houses is calculated from settlement population as a % of total main settlement population – Clitheroe 58%, Longridge 29% and Whalley 13%.

⁵ Does not include sites that are awaiting completion of section 106 agreements at 31st March 2014.

⁶ This allowance reflects development allowed at appeal of 200 units in Preston Borough at Whittingham Lane- 200 units are therefore reapportioned to the most sustainable settlements within the defined settlements.

⁷ Proposed strategic site – 1040 dwellings proposed at Standen. 1040 taken from Clitheroe requirement.

 $^{^{\}rm 8}$ As at 31 $^{\rm st}$ March 2014 – applications have been approved since.

⁹ Whilst there are 40 villages in the Ribble Valley, only 32 of these are categorised as 'defined settlements'- these are the settlements where development is to be allocated. Whilst some development has taken place outside of these settlements (in the remaining 8 villages), the Core Strategy development Strategy, once adopted, should prevent further development taking place in these locations.

Main Modification MM13

Delete the Key Diagram in Chapter 16 and replace it with that shown below:



Main Modification MM15

Delete all of Chapter 11: Monitoring and replace it with the new text shown below:

11 MONITORING

Monitoring will play a key role in measuring whether the Core Strategy is being delivered and whether its policies are effective. The Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act (as amended by the provision of the Localism Act 2011) requires that authorities publish Monitoring Reports, at least yearly¹⁰, to report progress on the implementation of the Local Development Scheme and the extent to which the policies in the Core Strategy (and other local development documents) are being delivered. These reports will be a key method of reporting on the progress of the Core Strategy. They will include the reporting of indicators which is an important tool in measuring whether delivery of the Core Strategy is on course and whether any actions are needed to address issues raised through the monitoring process such as under or over delivery of certain policies. They will also enable a picture of trends to be established over time, which may highlight emerging issues, which will inform the review of the plan.

The Council will also keep under review the wider contextual issues national, regional and local levels, which impact upon the Borough and the Core Strategy. This is essential as the Core Strategy looks towards a 20 year timescale overall. It is anticipated that the macro-economic climate will change over this timescale and that this could impact on the plan. The regular review of the evidence base, (including key documents such as the Strategic Housing Market Assessment); the monitoring of wider contextual information and the monitoring of Core Strategy polices are key in assessing whether the plan will need to be reviewed. There is already a commitment to reviewing the housing requirement within 5 years from the adoption of the Core Strategy.

¹⁰ The requirement to produce "Authorities Monitoring Report" came into effect on 15th January 2012.

| Policy | Target | Monitoring Indicator(s) | Frequency | Source |
|---------------------------------|--|--|-----------|--|
| Chapter 4: Develop | ment Strategy | | | |
| Key Statement DS1 | | To be monitored through other Core Strategy policies | Annual | A variety of sources relating to other policies |
| Key Statement DS2 | | To be monitored through other Core Strategy policies. | Annual | A variety of sources relating to other policies |
| Chapter 5: Environm | ent | | | |
| Key Statement EN1: Greenbelt | Monitor only | Number of applications involving sites wholly or partly within the Greenbelt | Annual | Collected in house within on going planning application process. Taken as an indicator of development pressure. |
| | Less than 1% of Green belt area by end of plan period | Area of land (Ha or m2) in greenbelt granted permission | Annual | Collected in house within on going planning application process. |
| | Zero | Number of inappropriate developments granted in the Green Belt. | Annual | Collected in house within on going planning application process. |
| Key Statement EN2: Landscape | Monitor only | No of applications involving sites wholly or partly within the AONB | Annual | Collected in house through on going planning permission monitoring. Taken as an indicator of development pressure. |
| | Monitor only | Area of land (Ha or m2) within AONB granted permission | Annual | Collected in house through on going planning permission monitoring. |
| | Monitor only | No of applications for development within the "Open Countryside" ie on sites outside established allocations or settlement boundaries. | Annual | Collected in house through on going planning permission monitoring. Taken as an indicator of development pressure. |
| | Zero area of Open Countryside lost | Area of land (Ha or m2) within Open Countryside granted permission. | Annual | Collected in house through on going planning permission monitoring. |

| Policy | Target | Monitoring Indicator(s) | Frequency | Source |
|--|---|---|-----------|--|
| | to inappropriate development in plan period | | | |
| | 100% 1ha of statutory local nature reserve per 1000 population | The proportion of the population that has full access to the requirements of the Accessible Natural Green Space Standard. Amount of statutory LNR per 1000 population | Annual | Collated from in-house surveys by relevant Council department. |
| Key Statement EN3: Sustainable Development and Climate Change | Less than 5% of all relevant permissions | No of all relevant applications granted that do not conform to the specified Codes and standards in the policy. | Annual | Collected in house through on going planning permission monitoring. |
| | Zero | No of applications granted against Environment Agency and United utility advice (relating to flooding and drainage) where no mitigating solution has been identified. | Annual | Information published on the Environment Agency website Flood risk objections- annual figures. In-house monitoring of planning applications. |
| | See policy DME5 | Monitored through policy DME5 | Annual | Collected in-house through on- going planning permission monitoring. |
| | 100% of all relevant applications | No of applications referred to the Minerals Authority as being within Mineral Safeguarding Areas (MSAs). | Annual | Monitoring of planning applications. |
| Key Statement EN4 - Biodiversity and Geodiversity. | A net borough wide enhancement based on net biodiversity offsetting units | Net gain to local biodiversity measured through biodiversity offsetting agreements | Annual | Measured against Lancashire Biodiversty Action Plan targets |
| | Monitor only | No of applications involving a potential effect on recognised sites | Annual | Monitoring of planning applications. |

| Policy | Target | Monitoring Indicator(s) | Frequency | Source |
|---|---|--|-----------|---|
| | | of environmental or ecological | | Taken as a measure of |
| | | importance (ie those categories of | | development pressure. |
| | | site listed in para 2 of the policy). | | |
| | Zero | No of sites granted permission against Natural England Advice. | Annual | Application monitoring and Natural England feedback. |
| | No net loss of hedgerows | AMR Core Output indicator E2 Change in Areas of Biodiversity Importance. This involves changes | Annual | Changes in condition of SSSIs as reported through Natural England sources. |
| | No net loss of biological heritage sites (AMR page 33) | in priority habitats and species as reported from Natural England sources. | | In-house monitoring of hedgerow loss. In-house monitoring of the extent of BHS and development impacts. |
| | | | | Monitoring reports from Lancashire Wildlife Trust and County Ecologist. |
| Key Statement: EN5: Heritage Assets | See policy DME4 | No of applications involving designated heritage assets | | In-house application monitoring. |
| | Zero | No of permissions granted against English Heritage advice | | Collected through applications procedure with potential additional English heritage data. |
| | Monitor only | No of permissions involving sites within Conservation Areas | | In-house application monitoring. Taken as a measure of development pressure |
| Chapter 6: Housing | | | | |
| Key Statement H1: Housing Provision | 280 units per year | The amount of housing completed in the Borough. | Annually | Collected in house and published in the Housing Land Availability Schedule Monitoring |
| Key Statement H2: Housing Balance | Positive net increase in older persons accommodation | Housing mix including tenure and type | Annually | Strategic Housing Market Assessment (SHMA) in relation to completions |

| Policy | Target | Monitoring Indicator(s) | Frequency | Source |
|---|--|---|-----------|--|
| | and family housing (2 and 3 bed) | | | |
| Key Statement H3: Affordable Housing | 75 units per year | The number of new build affordable units completed in the borough as well as number of Landlord Tenant Grants provided, number of Purchase and Repair schemes, Tenancy Protection schemes and no of empty properties brought back into use. | Annual | Collated in house through going planning permission monitoring and through monitoring by the housing team of affordable initiatives and statutory return HSSA HSSA/P1(e) |
| | 100% | Number of new dwellings approved/ constructed which meet the Lifetime Homes standard | Annual | Collected in house through on going planning permission monitoring. |
| Key Statement H4: Gypsy and Traveller Accommodation | 2 new pitches in plan period (see policy DMH2) | Number of permissions for Gypsy and Traveller pitches | Annual | Collected in house through on going planning permission monitoring. |
| Chapter 7: Econom | у | | | |
| Key Statement EC1: Business and Employment Development | Average of 1 ha per annum | Amount of new employment land developed per annum | Annual | On going applications monitoring for take-up. |
| | Monitor only | Number of farm diversification schemes permitted | Annual | Through application monitoring and in house regeneration section data. |
| | No net loss over plan period | Loss of employment land | Annual | Through application monitoring and in house regeneration section data. |
| | Greater than 51% | Percentage of land permitted for development on previously developed land (PDL) | Annual | Through application monitoring and in house regeneration section data. |
| _ | Net reduction over plan period | Empty commercial properties | Annual | Through application monitoring and in house regeneration section data. |

| Policy | Target | Monitoring Indicator(s) | Frequency | Source |
|--|--|---|-----------|--|
| Key Statement EC2: Development of Retail, Shops and Community facilities | Net reduction | Retail vacancy rates in the Key service centres of Clitheroe, Longridge and Whalley | Annual | Service Centre Health check document and planning permission monitoring. |
| | In line with targets within policy over plan period | Permissions involving the creation of new retail floorspace | | Service Centre Health check document and planning permission monitoring. |
| | No net loss over plan period | Permissions involving the loss of community facilities | Annual | Planning permission monitoring. |
| Key Statement EC3: Visitor Economy | See policy DMB3 | See monitoring of policy DMB3 | Annual | Liaison with RVBC tourism officer |
| Chapter 8: Delivery | Mechanisms and | nfrastructure | | |
| Key Statement DMI 1: Planning Obligations | Monitor only | Number of developments with legal agreements for infrastructure contributions | Annual | Planning permission monitoring. |
| Key Statement DMI 2: Transport Considerations | See policies DMG 3 and DMB 5 | See monitoring of policies DMG3 and DMB5 | Annual | Planning permission monitoring. |
| Chapter 9: Strategic | site | | | |
| The Strategic Site | 100 dwellings completed per annum from 2017 | Monitoring on progress on the implementation of planning permissions. | Annual | Collected in house through on going planning permission monitoring. |
| Chapter 10: Develop | ment Managemer | nt Policies | | |
| DMG1: General Considerations | | Monitor through other plan policies. | Annual | See sources of other relevant policies |

| Policy | Target | Monitoring Indicator(s) | Frequency | Source |
|--|---|---|-----------|--------------------------------|
| DMG2: Strategic Considerations | Various targets as set out in DS1 | % of new development in accord with development strategy ie directing development to existing sustainable settlements. | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| | Various targets as set out in DS1 | No of permissions for development outside those settlements defined in the development strategy that do not meet at least one of the criteria mentioned in the policy | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| DMG3: Transport and Mobility | At least 90% | No of permissions granted within 400m of a public transport route. | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| Woomity | Zero | No of major permissions granted that do not involve a travel plan | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| | Zero | Permissions which affect the opportunity to transport freight by rail or affect the potential rail station sites at Gisburn and Chatburn. | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| DME1: Protecting Trees and Woodlands | Net gain in woodland area | No of permissions involving the planting of new trees/woodlands and total net area. | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| | Zero net loss over the Borough | No of permissions involving a net loss of woodland or hedgerows | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| | Monitor only | New TPOs made | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| | Zero | Loss of any protected trees | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| | Zero | Loss of ancient woodland and veteran and ancient trees | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |

| Policy | Target | Monitoring Indicator(s) | Frequency | Source |
|--|---|---|-----------|--|
| DME2: Landscape and Townscape | Zero permissions involving | Permissions involving potential change to landscape elements within policy | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| Protection | significant harm | within policy | | |
| DME3: Site and Species Protection and Conservation | Net enhancement of biodiversity See ENV4 | No of permissions which adversely affect the various sites and species mentioned in the policy | Annual | Planning permission monitoring re ENV4 |
| | | Measurement of enhancement in ENV4. | Annual | Planning permission monitoring re ENV4 |
| DME4: Protecting Heritage Assets | Review local list once established | Publication of a local list of heritage assets. | Annual | Establish new list and monitor against it. |
| | No loss of listed buildings | Buildings at risk register | Annual | English Heritage data |
| | No loss | No of listed buildings and buildings in Conservation area lost through development proposals. | Annual | In house appraisals |
| | No change against English Heritage advice | No of permissions involving Parks and Gardens and Scheduled Ancient Monuments | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| | Maintain up to date Conservation Area appraisals | Conservation Area Appraisals | | |
| DME5: Renewable Energy | At least 90% | No of permissions granted fulfilling RE energy requirements within policy and by type of RE | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| | 20 MW capacity | No of permissions involving on-site | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |

| Policy | Target | Monitoring Indicator(s) | Frequency | Source |
|---|--|--|-----------|---|
| | per year | RE generation and type of RE. | | |
| DME6: Water Management | Zero | No of applications permitted against criteria set out in policy | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| | Zero | No of new permissions for development granted contrary to Env Agency advice. | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| DMH1: Affordable Housing Criteria | 100% | Percentage of affordable housing that meets the criteria set out in the policy. | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| DMH2: Gypsy and Traveller Accommodation | 2 new pitches in plan period | No of new pitches created | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| DMH3: Dwellings in the Open Countryside and AONB | 100% | No of permissions granted in accord with the policy criteria. | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| DMH4: Conversion of Barns and Other Buildings to Dwellings | 100% | No of permissions accord with the policy criteria. | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| DMH5: Residential and Curtilage Extensions | 100% | No of permissions involving residential extensions or cartilage extensions that comply with the policy criteria. | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| DMB1: Supporting Business Growth and the Local Economy | 8 ha of net new employment land to be allocated and developed by 2028 | Gain in new employment land by floor area and type | Annual | Planning permission monitoring and RVBC Regeneration section monitoring |
| | No net loss | Loss of existing employment land by | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |

| Policy | Target | Monitoring Indicator(s) | Frequency | Source |
|--|---|--|-----------|--|
| | | floor area and type. | | and RVBC Regeneration section monitoring |
| | Monitor | Number of firms relocating outside the Borough due to planning constraints set out in policy | Annual | Planning permission monitoring and RVBC Regeneration section monitoring |
| DMB2: The Conversion of Barns and Other Rural Buildings to Employment Uses | Net gain | No of permissions involving conversion and net new floorspace created. | Annual | Planning permission monitoring and RVBC Regeneration section monitoring |
| DMB3: Recreation and Tourism Development | Net gain over plan period | No of planning permissions involving new or improved facilities | Annual | RVBC tourism and regeneration sources in addition to Planning permission monitoring. |
| · | Monitor | No of permissions involving loss and Change of use of tourism and recreation facilities | Annual | RVBC tourism and regeneration sources in addition to Planning permission monitoring |
| DMB4: Open Space Provision | Net gain over plan period | No of permissions involving loss of Public Open Space (POS) and any alternative provision made | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| | Monitor | No of permissions and area of gain in POS | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| DMB5: Footpaths and Bridleways | No loss of PROW as measured against policy criteria | Loss of any PROW or alternative provision | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |
| | Monitor | Diversion of any PROW by No of incidents and total length of diversions | Annual | Planning permission monitoring. Taken as a measure of development pressure. |
| DMR1: | Targets in policy | Permissions involving gains in retail | Annual | Planning permission monitoring |

| Policy | Target | Monitoring Indicator(s) | Frequency | Source |
|---|--|---|-----------|---|
| Retail Development in Clitheroe | EC2 re new retail provision by 2028 | area and type | | and RVBC Regeneration section monitoring |
| | Monitor | Loss of any retail outlets and in the main shopping frontages by area. and type | Annual | Planning permission monitoring and RVBC Regeneration section monitoring |
| DMR2 Shopping in Longridge and Whalley | Targets in policy EC2 re new retail provision by 2028 | Permissions involving gains in retail area and type | Annual | Planning permission monitoring and RVBC Regeneration section monitoring |
| | Monitor | Loss of any retail outlets by area and type | Annual | Planning permission monitoring and RVBC Regeneration section monitoring |
| DMR3 Retail Outside the Main Settlements | All permissions for change to fulfill policy criteria | Loss of any retail outlets in the villages | Annual | Planning permission monitoring and RVBC Regeneration section monitoring |
| | Monitor | Gain in shopping area in villages and wider rurality | Annual | Planning permission monitoring and RVBC Regeneration section monitoring |

Main Modification MM22

Delete Policy DMG1 and replace it with a new Policy DMG1 as set out below.

POLICY DMG1: GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

IN DETERMINING PLANNING APPLICATIONS, ALL DEVELOPMENT MUST:

DESIGN

- 1. BE OF A HIGH STANDARD OF BUILDING DESIGN WHICH CONSIDERS THE 8 BUILDING IN CONTEXT PRINCIPLES (FROM THE CABE/ENGLISH HERITAGE BUILDING ON CONTEXT TOOLKIT.
- 2. BE SYMPATHETIC TO EXISTING AND PROPOSED LAND USES IN TERMS OF ITS SIZE, INTENSITY AND NATURE AS WELL AS SCALE, MASSING, STYLE, FEATURES AND BUILDING MATERIALS.
- 3. CONSIDER THE DENSITY, LAYOUT AND RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN BUILDINGS, WHICH IS OF MAJOR IMPORTANCE. PARTICULAR EMPHASIS WILL BE PLACED ON VISUAL APPEARANCE AND THE RELATIONSHIP TO SURROUNDINGS, INCLUDING IMPACT ON LANDSCAPE CHARACTER, AS WELL AS THE EFFECTS OF DEVELOPMENT ON EXISTING AMENITIES.
- 4. USE SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUES WHERE POSSIBLE AND PROVIDE EVIDENCE THAT ENERGY EFFICIENCY, AS DESCRIBED WITHIN POLICY DME5, HAS BEEN INCORPORATED INTO SCHEMES WHERE POSSIBLE.
- 5. THE CODE FOR SUSTAINABLE HOMES AND LIFETIME HOMES, OR ANY SUBSEQUENT NATIONALLY RECOGNISED EQUIVALENT STANDARDS, SHOULD BE INCORPORATED INTO SCHEMES.

ACCESS

- CONSIDER THE POTENTIAL TRAFFIC AND CAR PARKING IMPLICATIONS.
- 2. ENSURE SAFE ACCESS CAN BE PROVIDED WHICH IS SUITABLE TO ACCOMMODATE THE SCALE AND TYPE OF TRAFFIC LIKELY TO BE GENERATED.
- 3. CONSIDER THE PROTECTION AND ENHANCEMENT OF PUBLIC RIGHTS OF WAY AND ACCESS.

AMENITY

- 1. NOT ADVERSELY AFFECT THE AMENITIES OF THE SURROUNDING AREA.
- 2. PROVIDE ADEQUATE DAY LIGHTING AND PRIVACY DISTANCES.
- 3. HAVE REGARD TO PUBLIC SAFETY AND SECURED BY DESIGN PRINCIPLES.

4. CONSIDER AIR QUALITY AND MITIGATE ADVERSE IMPACTS WHERE POSSIBLE.

ENVIRONMENT

- 1. CONSIDER THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPLICATIONS SUCH AS SSSIS, COUNTY HERITAGE SITES, LOCAL NATURE RESERVES, BIODIVERSITY ACTION PLAN (BAP) HABITATS AND SPECIES, SPECIAL AREAS OF CONSERVATION AND SPECIAL PROTECTED AREAS, PROTECTED SPECIES, GREEN CORRIDORS AND OTHER SITES OF NATURE CONSERVATION.
- 2. WITH REGARDS TO POSSIBLE EFFECTS UPON THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT, THE COUNCIL PROPOSE THAT THE PRINCIPLES OF THE MITIGATION HIERARCHY BE FOLLOWED. THIS GIVES SEQUENTIAL PREFERENCE TO THE FOLLOWING: 1) ENHANCE THE ENVIRONMENT 2) AVOID THE IMPACT 3) MINIMISE THE IMPACT 4) RESTORE THE DAMAGE 5) COMPENSATE FOR THE DAMAGE 6) OFFSET THE DAMAGE.
- 3. ALL DEVELOPMENT MUST PROTECT AND ENHANCE HERITAGE ASSETS AND THEIR SETTINGS.
- 4. ALL NEW DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS WILL BE REQUIRED TO TAKE INTO ACCOUNT THE RISKS ARISING FROM FORMER COAL MINING AND, WHERE NECESSARY, INCORPORATE SUITABLE MITIGATION MEASURES TO ADDRESS THEM.
- 5. ACHIEVE EFFICIENT LAND USE AND THE REUSE AND REMEDIATION OF PREVIOUSLY DEVELOPED SITES WHERE POSSIBLE. PREVIOUSLY DEVELOPED SITES SHOULD ALWAYS BE USED INSTEAD OF GREENFIELD SITES WHERE POSSIBLE.

INFRASTRUCTURE

- 1. NOT RESULT IN THE NET LOSS OF IMPORTANT OPEN SPACE, INCLUDING PUBLIC AND PRIVATE PLAYING FIELDS WITHOUT A ROBUST ASSESSMENT THAT THE SITES ARE SURPLUS TO NEED. IN ASSESSING THIS, REGARD MUST BE HAD TO THE LEVEL OF PROVISION AND STANDARD OF PUBLIC OPEN SPACE IN THE AREA, THE IMPORTANCE OF PLAYING FIELDS AND THE NEED TO PROTECT SCHOOL PLAYING FIELDS TO MEET FUTURE NEEDS. REGARD WILL ALSO BE HAD TO THE LANDSCAPE OR TOWNSCAPE OF AN AREA AND THE IMPORTANCE THE OPEN SPACE HAS ON THIS.
- 2. HAVE REGARD TO THE AVAILABILITY TO KEY INFRASTRUCTURE WITH CAPACITY. WHERE KEY INFRASTRUCTURE WITH CAPACITY IS NOT AVAILABLE IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO PHASE DEVELOPMENT TO ALLOW INFRASTRUCTURE ENHANCEMENTS TO TAKE PLACE.
- 3. CONSIDER THE POTENTIAL IMPACT ON SOCIAL INFRASTRUCTURE PROVISION.

OTHER

1. NOT PREJUDICE FUTURE DEVELOPMENT WHICH WOULD PROVIDE SIGNIFICANT ENVIRONMENTAL AND AMENITY IMPROVEMENTS.

This policy helps deliver the vision for the area and gives an overarching series of considerations that the Council will have regard to in achieving quality development.

Main Modification MM29

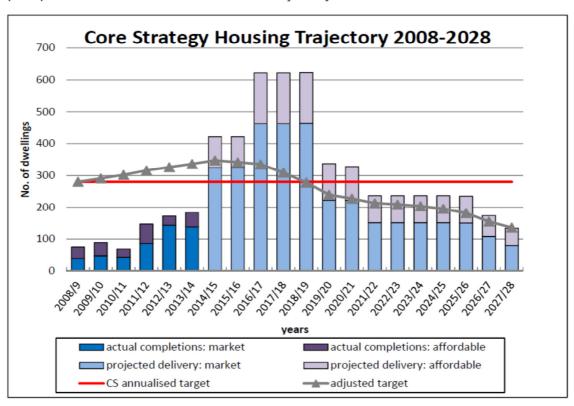
After paragraph 15.3 in Appendix 2, add the text and housing trajectory chart shown below:

Housing Supply and Trajectory

The information below show the housing supply position in the Borough at 31st March 2014 as follows:

| | | No. of dwellings | | | |
|--|------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| Core Strategy housing requirement 20 | 5600 | | | | |
| Of which: | market | 3920 | | | |
| | affordable (30%) | 1680 | | | |
| N | | 705 | | | |
| Net completions 2008-2014 | | 735 | | | |
| Of which: | market | 493 | | | |
| | affordable | 242 | | | |
| 5 year supply at 31.3.14 (sites with pla | 2711 | | | | |
| Of which: | market | 2039 | | | |
| | affordable | 672 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Residual housing requirement | 2154 | | | | |
| Of which: | market | 1387 | | | |
| | affordable | 766 | | | |

Based on the above, the estimated future delivery of housing over the Core Strategy plan period 2008-2028 is shown on the trajectory below:



Housing Trajectory Notes

- 1. The trajectory illustrates the anticipated delivery of market and affordable housing over the plan period 2008-2028 as required by paragraph 47 of the NPPF to achieve an overall requirement of 5600 dwellings in the plan period as required at policy H1.
- 2. The plan requires that 30% of these are affordable (policy H3). This results in 3920 market dwellings and 1680 affordable dwellings over the plan period. Annually the overall requirement equates to 280 dwellings per year which (shown as a red line on the chart) comprising 196 market dwellings and 84 affordable dwellings.
- 3. Actual completions for the six years 2008/9 to 2013/14 amount to 735 dwellings. The information is derived from the Council's own Housing Land Surveys.
- 4. For the five year period 2014/2015 to 2018/19 anticipated delivery is made up of sites with planning permission which are considered deliverable in the 5 year period. At 31st March 2014 this is 2711 dwellings. These are distributed over the five year period. The increase in years 3 to 5 of this 5 year period indicates that development of two large sites (the strategic site at Standen and land at Barrow) is expected to start in 2016/17. The estimated rate of delivery is 100 dwellings per site per year.
- 5. The residual requirement for the period beyond 2018/19 is 2154 dwellings. In this period beyond 2018/19 the sites at Standen and Barrow will still contribute significantly to housing delivery. It is estimated that the site at Standen will contribute 740 dwellings in this period and be complete by be complete by 2026/7 and the site at Barrow will contribute 204 dwellings and be complete by 2020/21.
- 6. Any shortfall in provision in this period against the strategic requirement will be made up through the site allocations process and other sites which may come forward with planning permission. The update of the Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (SHLAA) in 2013 demonstrated that there is more than adequate land with potential for housing that is deliverable/developable for housing to meet the strategic housing requirement. Decisions about which sites will be brought forward will be taken through the preparation of the Sites Allocations DPD.
- 7. The adjusted target (shown as a grey line with triangles) represents at a particular point what the annualised target would be for the remaining years of the plan period taking account of the overall requirement of 5600 and actual/projected completions to date.
- 8. The housing trajectory will be reviewed and updated on a regular basis in the light of updated information on actual delivery and future supply. The most up to date information will be used to inform the Site Allocations DPD.